

## **Appendix 22**

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### **Meadowbank and Whale Tail Spill Contingency Plan Version 24**

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MEADOWBANK COMPLEX

**Spill Contingency Plan**

**Meadowbank Mine Site  
All-Weather Access Road (AWAR)  
Whale Tail Mine Site  
Whale Tail Haul Road (WTHR)  
Baker Lake Facilities**

In Accordance with Water License 2AM-WTP1830 & 2AM-MEA1530

Prepared by:  
Agnico Eagle Mines Limited – Meadowbank Complex

Version 24  
March 2026

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This document presents the Spill Contingency Plan for Agnico Eagle Mines Limited (Agnico Eagle) Meadowbank Mine Site, All-Weather Access Road (AWAR), Whale Tail Mine Site, Whale Tail Haul Road (WTHR), and Baker Lake Marshalling Facilities, which is a requirement of the Meadowbank Complex Type A Water License No. 2AM-MEA1530 and 2AM-WTP1830.

The Spill Contingency Plan (SCP) designates lines of authority, responsibility, establishes proper reporting and details plans of action in the event of a spill. This plan applies to the construction, operational, and closure phases of the Mine and is applicable to all Agnico Eagle employees and any contractors associated with the mine located at latitude 65°01'52"N and longitude 96°04'22"W approximately 70 km north of Baker Lake in Nunavut including the Baker Lake Marshalling Facilities located at latitude 64°18'36"N and longitude 95°58'04"W, Whale Tail Mine (Piquganiq) located at latitude 65°24'14" and 96°40'50", the All-Weather Access Road (AWAR), and the Whale Tail Haul Road between Meadowbank and Whale Tail sites.

## **IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE**

As required by Water License 2AM-WTP1830 Part B, Item 11 & 2AM-MEA1530 Part B Item 11, the implementation schedule for this Plan is effective immediately (March 2026) subject to any modification proposed by the NIRB and NWB as a result of the review and approval process.

## **DISTRIBUTION LIST**

Agnico Eagle – Environmental and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent

Agnico Eagle – Environmental General Supervisor

Agnico Eagle – Environmental Supervisor

Agnico Eagle – Environmental Technician

Agnico Eagle – General Mine Manager

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Agnico Eagle – Health and Safety Superintendent

Agnico Eagle – Geology Superintendent

Agnico Eagle – Mill Superintendent

Agnico Eagle – Maintenance Superintendent

Agnico Eagle – Mine Superintendent

Agnico Eagle – Energy & Infrastructure Superintendent

Agnico Eagle – Road, Field and Operations Superintendent

## DOCUMENT CONTROL

| Version | Date (YMD) | Section                                                                                                            | Revision                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1       | 08/08/08   |                                                                                                                    | Comprehensive plan for Meadowbank Mine Site, Exploration Camp and Baker Lake Facilities                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 2       | 11/12/04   |                                                                                                                    | Update of Contacts, Spill management materials, include AWAR map and Spill KIT Location Map                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 3       | 12/07/25   |                                                                                                                    | Update of the hazardous materials stored on site                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 4       | 2013/11    |                                                                                                                    | Comprehensive revision and update with info for Baker Lake Jet-A Tank                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 5       | 2014/11    | Appendices I & J                                                                                                   | Include the prohibition of adding neutralizing chemicals to drainages or near or within water bodies                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 6       | 2015/09    | 3<br><br>Table 4<br><br>5.1.3<br><br>5.6<br><br>Appendix L<br><br>Appendix M                                       | Change definition of a major spill and minor spill<br><br>Contact Information<br><br>Add point that procedure MBK-ENV-0016 will be followed for reporting spills<br><br>Addition of section on event monitoring. Seepage monitoring included in section.<br><br>Dyno Nobel Emergency Response Plan added in Appendix J<br><br>MBK-ENV-0016 Spill Response Procedure Added |
| WT      | 2016/05    | Complete document                                                                                                  | Added Whale Tail open pit and haul road to the Spill Plan. Spills at the Whale Tail open pit will be subject to this Plan.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 7_NIRB  | 2018/12    | Complete document                                                                                                  | Spill Contingency Plan as Supporting Document submitted to the Nunavut Impact Review Board for review and approval as part of Whale Tail Pit – Expansion Project                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 7       | 2019/02    | Complete document                                                                                                  | Added Whale Tail pit and haul road to the Spill Plan.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 7_NWB   | 2019/05    | Complete document                                                                                                  | Spill Contingency Plan as Supporting Document submitted for the Expansion Project in support of the Nunavut Water Board (NWB) Type A Water License Amendment Process.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 8       | 2019/09    | Section 10                                                                                                         | Update Section MDMER                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 9       | 2019/12    | Appendix N<br>Appendix O<br>Appendix P<br>Section 2<br>Section 2.1<br>Figure 1 to 4<br>Section 5.1.3<br>Section 10 | Add Appendix N: MDMER Emergency Plan Cross Reference Table<br>Add Appendix O: STSR Emergency Plan Cross Reference Table<br>Add Appendix P: SDS Diesel and Jet-A<br>Add info related to tank Km 132<br>Add info during refueling<br>Update Figure<br>Add info related to spill report<br>Update all section + add Photo 1 to 3 + add Figure 10                             |

| Version | Date (YMD) | Section                                                                                                                                                                                    | Revision                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10      | 2020/02    | Appendix Q<br>All                                                                                                                                                                          | Add Appendix Q: Environmental Emergency Regulation Cross Reference Table<br>Update to include E2 regulation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 11      | 2020/07    | Complete document                                                                                                                                                                          | Update 60 days following the approval of the amended Water License 2AM-WTP1830                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 12      | 2020/08    | Complete document                                                                                                                                                                          | Adding supplemental information for the E2 regulation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 13      | 2021/03    | Complete document                                                                                                                                                                          | Separating information by facility in accordance with E2 regulation.<br>Adding risk assessments for E2 substances – Appendix R.<br>Revised Appendix K                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 14      | 2021/08    | Table 2<br>Table 3<br>Complete document                                                                                                                                                    | Updated internal contacts<br>Updated contractor contacts (Woodward)<br>Updated information for Baker Lake OHF Tank 8 addition.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 15      | 2021/11    | Section 2<br>Figure 4<br>Table 6<br>Appendix C1                                                                                                                                            | Updated to include emulsion plant at the Whale Tail site<br>Updated to include emulsion plant at the Whale Tail site<br>Update to maximum quantities expected on site<br>Included spill response to include information on ammonium nitrate (solid) spills to water.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 16      | 2022/04    | Introduction<br>Section 2<br>Section 2.1<br>Fig. 1, 2, 3, & 4<br>Section 3.2<br>Table 1<br>Table 2, 4 & 5<br>Section 5.5<br>Section 5.6<br>Table 6<br>Section 6.1<br>Photo 1<br>Appendix K | Updated to include reference to the E2 Regulations<br>More detail provided on tank capacities and secondary containments<br>Detail added on prevention and inspection requirements<br>Updated figures<br>ICMI information added<br>Infectious substances added<br>Contacts updated<br>Information added for Baker Lake OHF E2 Spill Scenarios<br>Information added for Meadowbank Tank Farm E2 Spill Scenarios<br>Materials stored at site list and quantities updated. Propane added.<br>Information on tank farm secondary containment capacity added<br>New photo of FDP East Dike Discharge Sampling Station added<br>2021 Mock Spill Minutes included |
| 17      | June 2022  | 2<br>Table 6<br>6.2                                                                                                                                                                        | Update to reflect Type A Water License 2AM-MEA1530 Modification for addition of a 3.3 ML fuel tank on-site                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

| Version | Date (YMD)    | Section            | Revision                                                                                                                |
|---------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 18      | October 2022  | 1                  | Updated to include "closure" as per 66A/8-71-3 Road Lease requirements                                                  |
|         |               | 2                  | Aviation fuel tanks added back to the secondary containment at Baker Lake                                               |
|         |               | Tables 2 & 5       | Contact information updated                                                                                             |
|         |               | Table 6            | Jet-A quantities updated. Diesel quantities at Meadowbank consolidated.                                                 |
|         |               | 10                 | Reference to MDMER concordance table (Appendix M) included.                                                             |
|         |               | Appendix K         | 2022 Mock Spill Minutes included                                                                                        |
| 19      | March 2023    | Figures 1, 2, 4    | Updated figures                                                                                                         |
|         |               | 3.2                | E2 and ICMC contact information added                                                                                   |
|         |               | Figures 6 & 7      | Updated position titles in flow charts                                                                                  |
|         |               | Table 2            | Internal contacts updated                                                                                               |
|         |               | Table 3            | ICMC contact information added                                                                                          |
|         |               | Table 4            | E2 Emergency and CIRNAC contact information updated                                                                     |
|         |               | 5.6.2              | Alternate worst-case scenario added for Meadowbank                                                                      |
|         |               | 6.1 & 6.2          | Valve information added for Baker Lake and Meadowbank diesel tanks                                                      |
|         |               | Section 9          | Training information updated                                                                                            |
|         |               | Appendix K         | 2022 Annual E2 Simulation Exercise for Meadowbank added to appendix                                                     |
|         |               | Appendix L         | Updated for current Jet-A tank configuration and maximum transfer rates                                                 |
|         |               | Appendix Q         | Risk assessment exercise updated                                                                                        |
| 20      | August 2023   | Section 10.1.3     | Updated Final Discharge Points – Whale Tail                                                                             |
|         |               | Photo 5            | New photo of FDP ST-MDMER-8 Discharge Sampling Station added                                                            |
|         |               | Photo 6            | New photo of FDP ST-MDMER-11 Discharge Sampling Station added                                                           |
| 21      | February 2024 | Figure 1-2-4-10-11 | Updated Figures                                                                                                         |
|         |               | Table 2            | Internal contacts updated                                                                                               |
|         |               | Appendix K         | Update for the 2023 Mock Spill in Baker Lake and Annual E2 Simulation in Meadowbank                                     |
| 22      | March 2025    | Section 2          | Added information on reconnection of two Jet-A tanks at Baker Lake                                                      |
|         |               | Figure 3           | Updated figure with new satellite imagery                                                                               |
|         |               | Section 3.1        | Section updated and table added summarizing the commodities subject to the E2 regulations as per ECCC's recommendations |
|         |               | Table 1            |                                                                                                                         |
|         |               | Tables 3-6         | All contacts lists reviewed and updated                                                                                 |
|         |               | Section 8          | Response equipment lists reviewed and updated                                                                           |
|         |               | Section 9          | Section updated to include details on 2024 Mock Spill and E2 Simulation Exercises                                       |
|         |               | Appendix B         | Updated NT-NU Spill Report Form to latest version                                                                       |
|         |               | Appendix K         | Update for the 2024 Mock Spill in Baker Lake and Full-Scale E2 Simulation in Meadowbank                                 |
|         |               | Appendix L         | Latest version of the Product Transfer Area Assessment for Baker Lake OHF added                                         |

| Version | Date (YMD)     | Section         | Revision                                                                                            |
|---------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 23      | September 2025 | Figure 9        | Updated E2 reporting flowchart                                                                      |
|         |                | Section 10.2.2  | Updated Vault Attenuation Pond discharge date                                                       |
|         |                | Section 10.2.2  | New – added photo of the Vault FDP (Photo 1)                                                        |
| 24      | March 2026     | Page ii         | Updated Implementation Schedule date                                                                |
|         |                | Section 2.1     | Updated wording and added electronic inspection form                                                |
|         |                | Figures 1 and 5 | Added location of hazardous materials to maps                                                       |
|         |                | Table 3         | Added names to contact list                                                                         |
|         |                | Section 5       | Added leaks or drips of hazardous substances to list                                                |
|         |                | Table 7         | Updated Table 7 and its description above                                                           |
|         |                | Section 8.1     | Updated equipment lists                                                                             |
|         |                | Section 9       | Updated for 2025 mock spill exercise and trainings, as well as added text describing follow-up done |
|         |                | Appendix A      | Replaced old inspection template with the new electronic template form                              |
|         |                | Appendix K      | Update for the 2025 Mock Spill in Meadowbank and Full-Scale E2 Simulation in Baker Lake             |

\*Changes in the latest version of this document have been indicated as a grey line in left margin

Prepared By: Environmental Department

Approved By:



Eric Haley  
Environmental and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

|           |                                                                              |    |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| SECTION 1 | INTRODUCTION.....                                                            | 1  |
| 1.1.      | Purpose and Scope of the Spill Contingency Plan.....                         | 1  |
| SECTION 2 | PROJECT DESCRIPTION.....                                                     | 3  |
| 2.1.      | Prevention and Inspections .....                                             | 3  |
| SECTION 3 | DEFINITIONS .....                                                            | 10 |
| 3.1.      | E2 Regulations .....                                                         | 10 |
| 3.2.      | What is a Spill? .....                                                       | 11 |
| 3.3.      | Materials and Reportable (to Regulatory Authorities) Spills on Site .....    | 11 |
| SECTION 4 | RESPONSE ORGANIZATION.....                                                   | 14 |
| 4.1.      | First Responder .....                                                        | 20 |
| 4.2.      | Supervisor.....                                                              | 20 |
| 4.3.      | Incident Commander .....                                                     | 20 |
| 4.4.      | Emergency Response Team .....                                                | 21 |
| 4.5.      | Emergency Response Team Coordinator .....                                    | 21 |
| 4.6.      | Environmental and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent or Designate ..... | 21 |
| 4.7.      | General Mine Manager on Duty or Designate .....                              | 22 |
| 4.8.      | Health and Safety Superintendent or Designate .....                          | 22 |
| 4.9.      | On-Site Health Care Providers .....                                          | 22 |
| 4.10.     | Spill Response Team Contact Information .....                                | 23 |
| SECTION 5 | ACTION PLAN .....                                                            | 26 |
| 5.1.      | Initial Action .....                                                         | 26 |
| 5.1.1.    | Respond Quickly .....                                                        | 26 |
| 5.1.2.    | Ensure Safety.....                                                           | 27 |
| 5.1.3.    | Report Spill.....                                                            | 27 |
| 5.2.      | Spills on Land .....                                                         | 28 |
| 5.3.      | Spills on Water.....                                                         | 28 |
| 5.4.      | Spills on Snow and Ice .....                                                 | 30 |
| 5.5.      | E2 Spill Scenarios – Baker Lake OHF.....                                     | 31 |
| 5.5.1.    | Worst-Case Scenario .....                                                    | 31 |
| 5.5.2.    | Alternate Worst-Case Scenario .....                                          | 31 |
| 5.5.3.    | Alternate Scenarios .....                                                    | 32 |
| 5.6.      | E2 Spill Scenarios – Meadowbank Tank Farm .....                              | 32 |
| 5.6.1.    | Worst-Case Scenario .....                                                    | 32 |
| 5.6.2.    | Alternate Worst-Case Scenario .....                                          | 32 |

|                                                     |                                                                                        |    |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 5.6.3.                                              | Alternate Scenario .....                                                               | 32 |
| 5.7.                                                | Disposal of Spilled Material .....                                                     | 33 |
| 5.8.                                                | Seepage Management .....                                                               | 33 |
| 5.9.                                                | Event Monitoring .....                                                                 | 33 |
| SECTION 6 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS STORED ON SITE .....  |                                                                                        | 35 |
| 6.1.                                                | Baker Lake Tank Description and surrounding environment .....                          | 37 |
| 6.1.1.                                              | Topography .....                                                                       | 37 |
| 6.1.2.                                              | Geology .....                                                                          | 37 |
| 6.1.3.                                              | Flora and Fauna .....                                                                  | 37 |
| 6.1.4.                                              | Subsurface Conditions .....                                                            | 38 |
| 6.1.5.                                              | Water Quality .....                                                                    | 38 |
| 6.1.6.                                              | Bathymetric Data .....                                                                 | 38 |
| 6.1.7.                                              | Tides and Currents that Prevail at the Facility .....                                  | 38 |
| 6.1.8.                                              | Meteorological Conditions Prevailing at the Facility .....                             | 38 |
| 6.1.9.                                              | Surrounding Area Environmental Sensitivities .....                                     | 38 |
| 6.2.                                                | Meadowbank Diesel Tank description and surrounding environment .....                   | 39 |
| 6.2.1.                                              | Topography .....                                                                       | 39 |
| 6.2.2.                                              | Geology .....                                                                          | 39 |
| 6.2.3.                                              | Flora and Fauna .....                                                                  | 40 |
| 6.2.4.                                              | Subsurface Conditions .....                                                            | 40 |
| 6.2.5.                                              | Water Quality .....                                                                    | 40 |
| 6.2.6.                                              | Meteorological Conditions Prevailing at the Facility .....                             | 40 |
| 6.2.7.                                              | Surrounding Area Environmental Sensitivities .....                                     | 40 |
| 6.3.                                                | Whale Tail Haul Road KM 132 Surrounding Environment .....                              | 41 |
| 6.4.                                                | Health and Environmental risk resulting from an emergency release of diesel fuel ..... | 41 |
| SECTION 7 POTENTIAL SPILL ANALYSIS .....            |                                                                                        | 42 |
| SECTION 8 RESPONSE EQUIPMENT .....                  |                                                                                        | 43 |
| 8.1.                                                | General Equipment .....                                                                | 43 |
| SECTION 9 TRAINING & EMERGENCY SPILL/EXERCISE ..... |                                                                                        | 48 |
| SECTION 10 MDMER INFORMATION .....                  |                                                                                        | 50 |
| 10.1.                                               | Seepage Locations .....                                                                | 50 |
| 10.2.                                               | Final Discharge Points (FDP) - Meadowbank .....                                        | 52 |
| 10.2.1.                                             | ST-MMER-1 .....                                                                        | 52 |
| 10.2.2.                                             | ST-MMER-2 .....                                                                        | 53 |
| 10.2.3.                                             | ST-MMER-3 .....                                                                        | 53 |
| 10.3.                                               | Final Discharge Points (FDP) – Whale Tail .....                                        | 54 |
| 10.3.1.                                             | ST-MDMER-4 .....                                                                       | 54 |

10.3.2. ST-MDMER-5..... 54

10.3.3. ST-MDMER-6..... 55

10.3.4. ST-MDMER-7..... 55

10.3.5. ST-MDMER-8..... 56

10.3.6. ST-MDMER-9..... 57

10.3.7. ST-MDMER-10..... 57

10.3.8. ST-MDMER-11..... 57

## LIST OF TABLES

|                                                                                               |    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| Table 1 – List of E2 Substances at Meadowbank, Baker Lake OHF, and Whale Tail .....           | 10 |
| Table 2 – Spill quantities that must be reported to the NT-NU 24-Hour Spill Report Line ..... | 12 |
| Table 3 – Agnico Eagle Contacts .....                                                         | 23 |
| Table 4 – Contractors / Local Contacts .....                                                  | 24 |
| Table 5 – External Contacts .....                                                             | 24 |
| Table 6 – Mutual Aid Contact .....                                                            | 25 |
| Table 7 – Materials stored at site during operations .....                                    | 35 |

## LIST OF FIGURES

|                                                                                                      |    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| Figure 1: Layout Meadowbank Site .....                                                               | 5  |
| Figure 2: Layout Vault Site .....                                                                    | 6  |
| Figure 3: Baker Lake Diesel and Jet-A Fuel Tank Farm .....                                           | 7  |
| Figure 4: Baker Lake Diesel and Jet-A Fuel Tank Farm location versus Baker Lake Community .....      | 8  |
| Figure 5: Layout Whale Tail Site .....                                                               | 9  |
| Figure 6: Emergency Procedure .....                                                                  | 15 |
| Figure 7: Spill/incident reporting procedure .....                                                   | 17 |
| Figure 8: Spill/incident on Water Reporting Procedure .....                                          | 18 |
| Figure 9: Quick Reference Diagram for Reportable E2 releases (Schedule 1 substance) .....            | 19 |
| Figure 10: Map of AWAR Including Locations of Environmental Emergency Sea cans .....                 | 46 |
| Figure 11: Map of Whale Tail Haul Road Including Locations of Environmental Emergency Sea cans ..... | 47 |
| Figure 12 FDP Location Whale Tail .....                                                              | 59 |

## LIST OF PHOTOS

|                                                                |    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| Photo 1. FDP Vault Attenuation Pond Discharge Meadowbank ..... | 53 |
| Photo 2. FDP East Dike Discharge Meadowbank .....              | 54 |
| Photo 3. ST-MDMER-5 FDP .....                                  | 55 |
| Photo 4. ST-MDMER-6 FDP before dismantling .....               | 55 |
| Photo 5. ST-MDMER-7 FDP before dismantling .....               | 56 |
| Photo 6. ST-MDMER-8 FDP .....                                  | 56 |
| Photo 7. ST-MDMER-11 FDP .....                                 | 58 |

## LIST OF APPENDICES

|             |                                                                                    |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Appendix A: | Environmental Department weekly inspection template                                |
| Appendix B: | NT-NU Spill Report Form                                                            |
| Appendix C: | General Response Procedures for Spilled Chemical Substances Explosives             |
|             | C.1 Ammonium Nitrate                                                               |
|             | C.2 Ammonium Nitrate Fuel Oil (ANFO)                                               |
| Appendix D: | General Response Procedures for Spilled Chemical Substances                        |
|             | D.1 Compressed Gases                                                               |
| Appendix E: | General Response Procedures for Spilled Chemical Substances                        |
|             | E.1 Flammable and Combustible Liquids                                              |
| Appendix F: | General Response Procedures for Spilled Chemical Substances                        |
|             | F.1 Oxidizing Substances - Liquids                                                 |
|             | F.2 Oxidizing Substances - Solids                                                  |
| Appendix G: | General Response Procedures for Spilled Chemical Substances                        |
|             | G.1 Poisonous and Toxic Substances (Sodium Cyanide)                                |
| Appendix H: | General Response Procedures for Spilled Chemical Substances: Corrosive Substances  |
|             | H.1 Acids, Liquids                                                                 |
|             | H.2 Acids, Solids                                                                  |
|             | H.3 Bases/Alkali, Liquids                                                          |
|             | H.4 Bases/Alkali, Solids                                                           |
| Appendix I: | Dyno Nobel Emergency Response Plan                                                 |
| Appendix J: | MBK-ENV-PRO-Spill Reporting Procedure                                              |
| Appendix K: | 2025 Mock Spill in Baker Lake and Full-Scale E2 Simulation in Baker Lake           |
| Appendix L: | Product Transfer Area Assessment – Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility                |
| Appendix M: | MDMER Emergency Plan Cross Reference Table                                         |
| Appendix N: | STSR Emergency Plan Cross Reference Table                                          |
| Appendix O: | SDS Diesel and Jet-A                                                               |
| Appendix P: | Environmental Emergency Regulation Cross Reference Table                           |
| Appendix Q: | Risk Assessment - Environmental Emergency Regulation Designated Substance - Diesel |

## LIST OF ACRONYMS

|              |                                                        |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Agnico Eagle | Agnico Eagle Mines Limited                             |
| ANFO         | Ammonium Nitrate Fuel Oil                              |
| API          | American Petroleum Institute                           |
| AWAR         | All-Weather Access Road                                |
| CCG          | Canadian Coast Guard                                   |
| CCME         | Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment       |
| CEPA         | Canadian Environmental Protection Agency               |
| CIRNAC       | Crown-Indigenous Relations and Northern Affairs Canada |
| DFO          | Fisheries and Oceans Canada                            |
| E2           | Environmental Emergency Regulations                    |
| ECCC         | Environment and Climate Change Canada                  |
| EM           | Event Monitoring                                       |
| EMS          | Environmental Management System                        |
| ERP          | Emergency Response Plan                                |
| ERT          | Emergency Response Team                                |
| ERTC         | Emergency Response Team Coordinator                    |
| FDP          | Final Discharge Point                                  |
| GN           | Government of Nunavut                                  |
| GPS          | Global Positioning System                              |
| HCN          | Hydrogen Cyanide                                       |
| HMI          | Human Machine Interface                                |
| HMMP         | Hazardous Materials Management Plan                    |
| ICMC         | International Cyanide Management Code                  |
| ICMI         | International Cyanide Management Institute             |
| KivIA        | Kivalliq Inuit Association                             |
| LEL          | Lower Explosion Limit                                  |
| MDMER        | Metal and Diamond Mining Effluent Regulations          |
| MIRB         | Meadowbank Independent Review Board                    |
| MERS         | Mine Effluent Reporting System                         |
| MSROC        | Marine Spill Response Operation Course                 |
| NIOSH        | National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health  |
| NT-NU        | Northwest Territories - Nunavut                        |
| NWB          | Nunavut Water Board                                    |
| OHF          | Oil Handling Facility                                  |
| OHSA         | Occupational Health and Safety Administration          |
| OHSP         | Occupational Health & Safety Plan                      |
| PCB          | Polychlorinated Biphenyls                              |
| PPE          | Personal Protective Equipment                          |
| PTA          | Product Transfer Area                                  |
| RCMP         | Royal Canadian Mounted Police                          |
| SCP          | Spill Contingency Plan                                 |
| SDS          | Safety Data Sheets                                     |
| SOPEP        | Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan                 |
| SWIM         | Single Window Information Management System            |
| TBD          | To Be Determined                                       |
| TDG          | Transportation of Dangerous Goods                      |
| TSF          | Tailings Storage Facility                              |
| TSS          | Total Suspended Solids                                 |
| WHMIS        | Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System       |
| WRSF         | Waste Rock Storage Facility                            |
| WTHR         | Whale Tail Haul Road                                   |
| WTP          | Water Treatment Plan                                   |

## SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION

---

### 1.1. Purpose and Scope of the Spill Contingency Plan

The overall purpose of creating a spill contingency plan is to minimize the impacts of spills by the establishment of predetermined lines of response and plans of action through construction, operation, and closure. This plan is to be reviewed annually, and when applicable updated barring any major changes to the operation and closure.

This Plan meets the requirements of the Environmental Emergency (E2) Regulations, as well as the requirements of section 30 of the Metal and Diamond Mining Effluent Regulation (MDMER) Emergency Response Plan pursuant to the Fisheries Act for both the Meadowbank and Whale Tail sites.

Additional information on tank construction, diesel ship to shore transfer, prevention, inspection, and emergency situations can be found in the following plans:

- Emergency Response Plan;
- Oil Pollution Emergency Plan / Oil Pollution Prevention Plan;
- Meadowbank and Whale Tail Bulk Fuel Storage Facilities: Environmental Performance Monitoring Plan; and
- Baker Lake Bulk Fuel Storage Facility: Environmental Performance Monitoring Plan.

This plan has been designed to facilitate effective communication and the efficient clean-up of potentially hazardous materials spills. These materials include:

- Hydrocarbon liquids such as diesel fuel, aviation fuel (Jet-A), gasoline, hydraulic oil;
- Soluble solids such as ammonium nitrate prills;
- Soluble liquids, such as glycols, acids, paints;
- Corrosive liquids such as sulphuric acid and corrosive solids such as sodium cyanide;
- Effluent as defined by the MDMER;
- Seepage from waste related structures that could affect receptors; and
- Any deleterious substances such as suspended solids, arsenic, copper, lead, nickel, zinc, etc.

More specifically the objectives of this Spill Contingency Plan (SCP) are to:

- Identify roles, responsibilities, and reporting procedures;
- Provide readily accessible emergency information to the cleanup crews, management, and government agencies;
- Comply with federal and territorial regulations and guidelines pertaining to the preparation of contingency plans and notification requirements;
- Promote the safe and effective recovery of spilled materials; and
- Minimize the environmental impacts of spills to water or land.

This plan has been prepared in accordance with the following reference documents:

- Crown-Indigenous Relations and Northern Affairs Canada (CIRNAC) 2007. *Guidelines for Spill Contingency Planning*;
- Government of Canada, Department of Fisheries and Ocean (DFO) 2016, *Fisheries Act*;
- Government of Canada, Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC) 1999, *Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) and the Environmental Emergency Regulations 2019 SOR/2019-51*;
- Government of Canada, Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC) 2008, *Storage Tank Systems for Petroleum Products and Allied Petroleum Products Regulations s.30 to 32, SOR/2008-197*;
- Government of Canada, Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC) 2017, *Migratory Birds Convention Act 1994*;
- Government of Canada, Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC) 2018, *Metal and Diamond Mining Effluent Regulations*;
- Government of Canada, Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC) 2019, *Technical Guidelines for the Environmental Emergency Regulations*;
- Government of Nunavut (GN), *Contingency Planning and Spill Reporting in Nunavut. A Guide to the New Regulations*;
- Government of Nunavut (GN) 2002, *Guideline General Management of Hazardous Wastes in Nunavut*; and
- Northwest Territories Resources Wildlife and Economic Development, Environmental Protection Service. 1988. *Spill Contingency Planning and Reporting Regulations*.

## SECTION 2 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

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The Meadowbank Complex, operated by Agnico Eagle Mines Limited, is located on Inuit-owned surface lands and Crown Land in the Kivalliq region. The Meadowbank mine is located approximately 70 km north of the Hamlet of Baker Lake, Nunavut. The Whale Tail site (Piquanig) is located approximately 150 kilometers (km) north of the hamlet of Baker Lake and approximately 50 km northwest of Meadowbank Mine. The deposit is mined as two open pits (i.e., Whale Tail Pit and IVR Pit) and underground operations, and Whale Tail mine ore is hauled to the approved infrastructure at Meadowbank mine for milling.

The Meadowbank Complex components include marshalling facilities in Baker Lake, the 110-kilometer All-Weather Access Road (AWAR) from Baker Lake, the Meadowbank mine site, the Whale Tail Mine and the Whale Tail Haul Road between Meadowbank and Whale Tail sites. The Meadowbank mine site consists of the process plant, landfarm, sewage treatment plant, water intake, accommodation buildings, power plant, 5.6 ML diesel fuel tank farm and one 3.3 ML tank, two (2) 50,000 L double wall tank for aviation fuel, warehouse, truck shop and depleted open pits (Figure 1). The Baker Lake Marshalling Area consists of a laydown transfer area to temporarily store materials prior to delivery to the Meadowbank mine site. The Baker Lake fuel farm consists of a container system comprising eight (8), ten (10) million-liter (working capacity) tanks for diesel fuel within secondary containment and a container system of twenty (20) 100,000 L (working capacity) double walled tanks, within secondary containment, for aviation fuel (Figure 3). The Whale Tail Mine (Figure 5) consists of a sewage treatment plant, water intake, accommodation buildings, power plant, 1,500,000 L (working capacity) diesel fuel storage area within a secondary containment, warehouse, maintenance shop, emulsion plant, open pits and underground mine. The Whale Tail Haul Road (WTHR) has one diesel tank with a working capacity of 1,915 L installed at Km 132 on Crown Land.

The fuel is delivered annually in bulk by sealift to the Baker Lake fuel farm. From there, fuel is hauled to the Meadowbank and Whale Tail sites by contractor tanker trucks on the AWAR and on the Whale Tail Haul Road, respectively. Diesel fuel coming from the Baker Lake Tank Farm is stored at the Meadowbank site in a 5.6 million liter tank or a 3.3 million liter tank, and the aviation fuel into two (2) – 50,000L double walled tanks in proximity of the airstrip. Fuel at the Whale Tail site is stored in a 1.5 million liter tank. From there, the diesel is redistributed around site by an onsite fuel truck to site fuel tanks. Fuel storage locations have been designed to meet the Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment (CCME) guidelines for Aboveground Storage Tank Systems Containing Petroleum and Allied Petroleum Products. Diesel is mainly used for electricity production and mining/hauling activities. Other processes, such as fueling smaller mobile equipment, also require diesel usage.

Emergency spill response equipment (i.e., spill kits) are installed at each fuel storage location. Spill kits contain the appropriate type, size and quantity of equipment for the volume and type of product present at the storage location. Transport trucks, heavy equipment and light vehicles are all equipped with spill kits.

### 2.1. Prevention and Inspections

The first step in spill contingency planning is to take actions to prevent spills from occurring. Transport, transfer, and storage of materials is performed by trained personnel using secondary containment, with well-maintained equipment and containers. Refueling stations at the Baker Lake, Meadowbank, and Whale Tail sites are equipped with a lined area to contain any minor leaks or spills while refueling. A Product Transfer Area Assessment was conducted for the Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility and can be found in Appendix L. No Product Transfer Area Assessment is required for the diesel tank at KM 132 as the tank does not have an aggregate capacity of more than 2,500 L. Transfer of fuel from tanks to tanker trucks is performed with the aid of fuel pumps. During refueling activities, a portable containment is placed under the dry quick connect coupling to capture small spills that may result during disengagement of the loading

arm. Good housekeeping practices are adopted especially in areas such as storage facilities, loading and unloading zones. Ensuring that secondary containments are frequently inspected and pumped of standing water and spill kits are inspected and re-stocked as necessary. Prior to site arrival, each employee is required to complete a series of mandatory E-learning modules. During this training, spill prevention is discussed. Site orientations are conducted with all new employees upon their arrival at site and spill response protocol is included as part of the E-learning process. Each employee is required at minimum to undergo WHMIS training to have a basic understanding of hazards in the workplace. The on-site training department keeps a record of each employee's training documents. Daily worksite inspections are conducted to identify measures to minimize the risk of spills. Each employee is equipped with a workcard that must be completed daily. This tool is used to assess work-site safety and focuses on inspection of site conditions, including the presence of hazardous materials and spills, prior to starting any work. All personnel are trained to be aware of the potential hazards associated with the fuel/chemicals with which they are assigned to work. In addition to work site inspections conducted by area, the Environment Department conducts weekly formal inspections across the entire site to audit facilities handling or storing hazardous materials (Appendix A). These inspections are recorded in an electronic form, non-conformities are noted and sent to departmental stakeholders to ensure that mitigation measures are addressed. Documentation of this correspondence is kept for reference purposes. Annually, a geotechnical inspection of the Meadowbank, Whale Tail, and Baker Lake Tank Farms is conducted by an external firm, and any areas of concern are brought to Agnico Eagle management directly. The results of these inspections are submitted to the Nunavut Water Board (NWB) annually alongside the implementation plan.

Agnico Eagle will refer to the most up to date Hazardous Materials Management Plan to indicate additional mitigation measures and storage practices for substances stored on site.

Agnico Eagle supports the following general principles for spill prevention:

- Provide up-to-date and accessible Material Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for all hazardous materials;
- Regular inspections of fuel/chemical storage areas for leaks (including flex connectors and plumbing) and platform shifting;
- Regular inspections of hazardous materials storage areas;
- Train workers in the use of safe work procedures for hazardous materials, and procedures to clean up spills;
- Require workers to take all reasonable measures to prevent spills;
- Keep drums/containers sealed or closed when not in use;
- Place drums/containers within a suitable form of secondary containment that could mitigate the consequences in the event of a spill;
- Keep "overpack" or "salvage" drums nearby to contain leaking drums;
- Keep storage areas secure from unauthorized access;
- Segregate incompatible materials;
- Ensure chemical storage areas are adequately protected from weather and physical damage by adhering to SDS and WHMIS storage guidelines; and
- Provide adequate spill response materials at storage areas (details of spill response equipment are outlined in Section 8).

### Figure 1: Layout Meadowbank Site



Figure 2: Layout Vault Site



Figure 3: Baker Lake Diesel and Jet-A Fuel Tank Farm



**Figure 4: Baker Lake Diesel and Jet-A Fuel Tank Farm location versus Baker Lake Community**

**Red dot represents the Baker Lake freshwater intake**

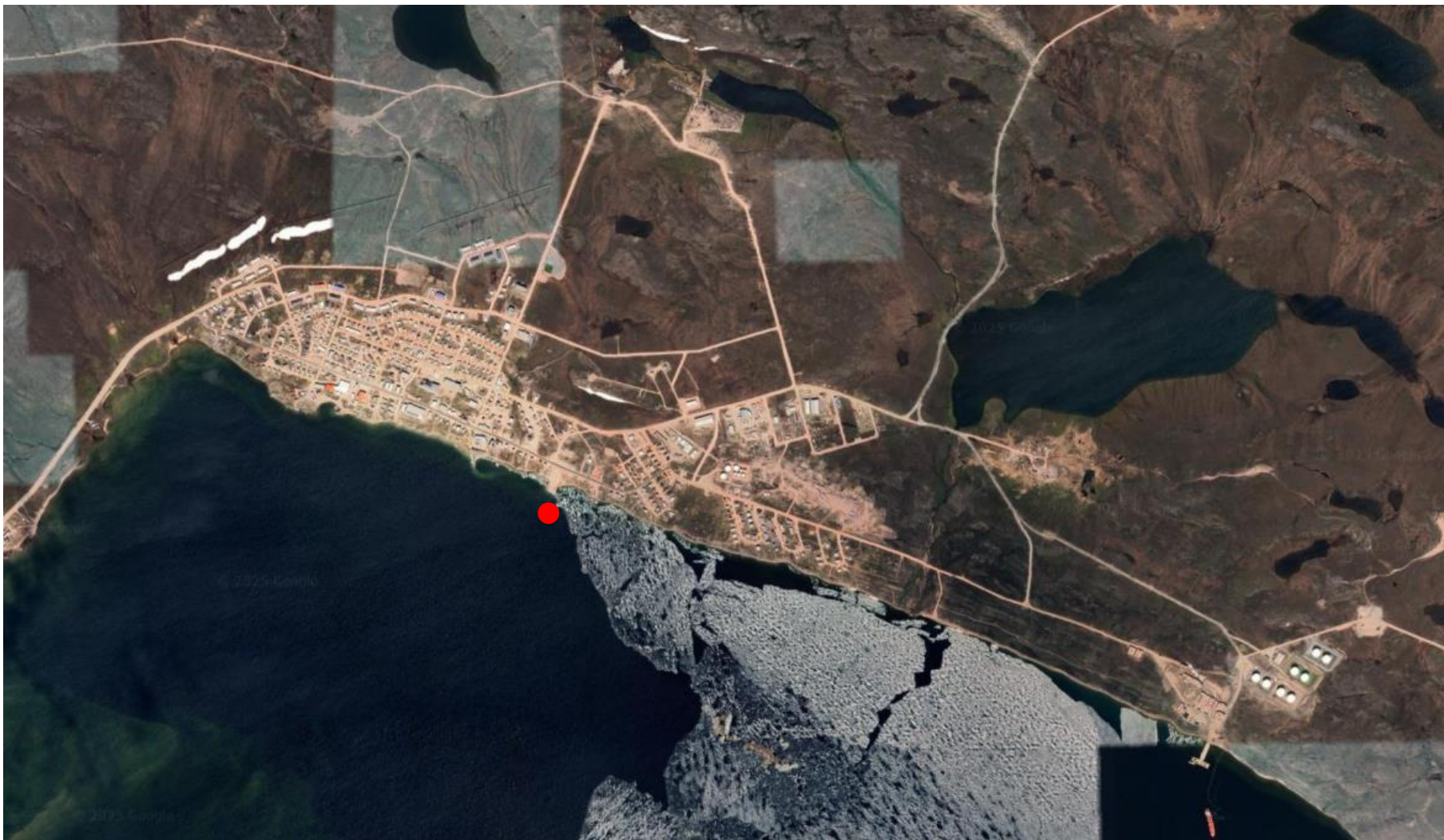
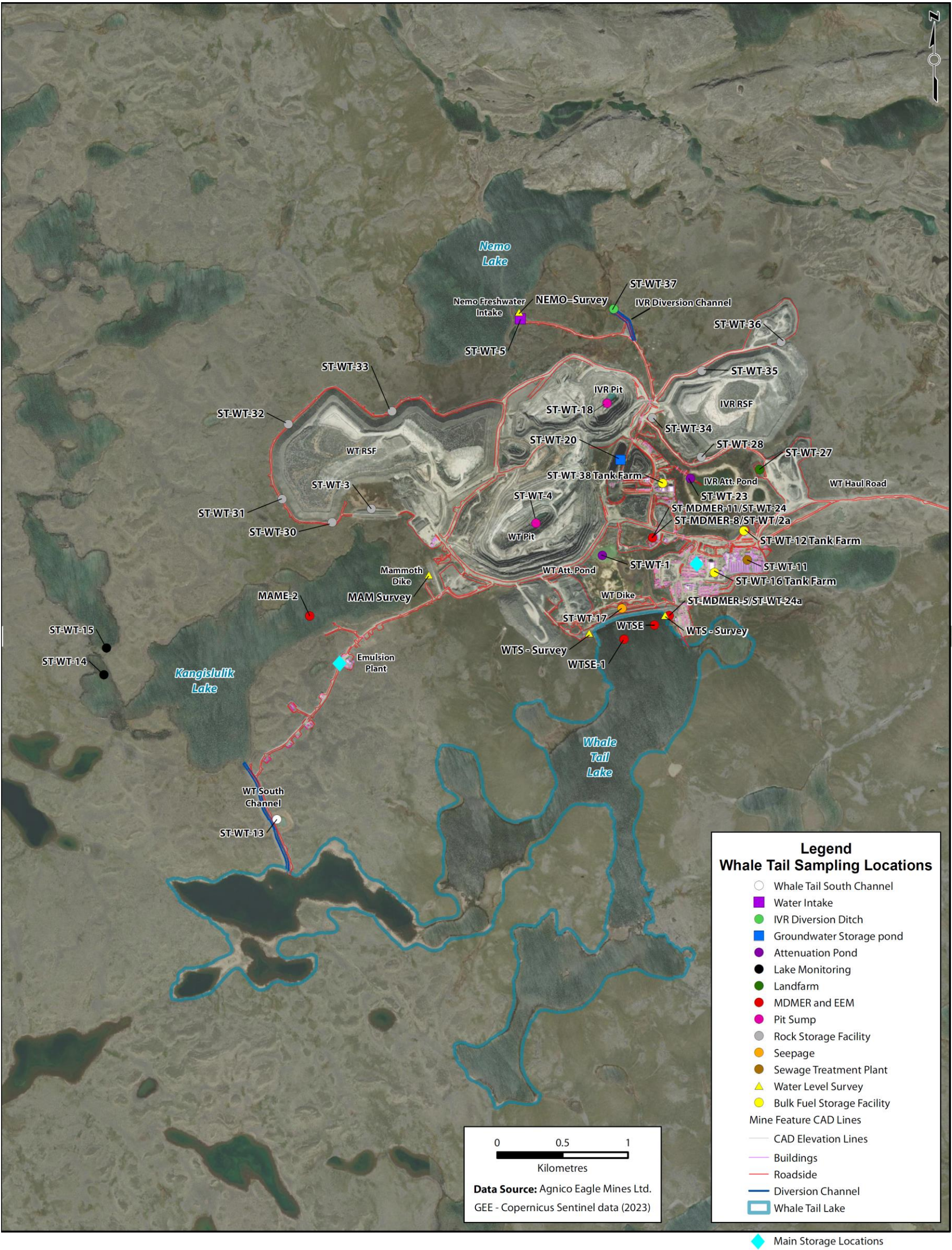


Figure 5. Layout Whale Tail Site



## SECTION 3 DEFINITIONS

### 3.1. E2 Regulations

The Government of Canada has identified emergency planning as an important tool to increase the safety and security of Canadians in the event of an environmental emergency. Sections 199, 200 and 200.1 of Part 8 of the Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) contain provisions that allow for the establishment of a list of toxic or other hazardous substances, and the requirement for the preparation of environmental emergency plans (E2 plans) and other reports for these substances. The primary objective for requiring environmental emergency planning is to ensure that appropriate management practices are adopted and implemented to reduce the potential risks associated with the manufacture, storage and use of these substances in Canada.

Schedule 1 of the E2 Regulations contains lists of substances (Part 1) and solutions (Part 2) that, should they be accidentally released, have the potential to be harmful to the environment, its biological diversity, and / or human life or health. Minimum quantities and concentrations have been established for these substances, at or above which the Minister may require notice of identification of the substance and place, as well as preparation and implementation of E2 Plans under the E2 Regulations.

Table 1 below lists the E2 substances that are currently reported as Schedule 2 (Notice Regarding Substances Located at a Facility) at Meadowbank, Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility (OHF), and Whale Tail. This notice is required to provide basic information regarding a facility that has regulated substances onsite. It includes: the name and location of the facility, the number of people onsite, contact information, the concentration and maximum expected quantity of any E2 substances onsite, and, if applicable, the capacity of the largest container system in which the substance resides. The term maximum expected quantity is an estimate of the maximum quantity of a substance, both contained and uncontained, that will be onsite during the calendar year in all storage places and processes, including pipes. The word “expected” implies an estimate or forecast; therefore, the amount needs to be reported within 90 days from the time a threshold is expected to be reached or exceeded, not at the point when actual quantities are known.

This list of substances in each facility’s Schedule 2 on the E2 Online Reporting System is accessed through ECCC’s Single Window Information Management (SWIM) system. For contained substances, the E2 Regulations require facilities that meet or exceed established container capacity and substance quantity thresholds for E2 substances to develop an Environmental Emergency Plan (E2 Plan). More information on E2 Scenarios can be found in Sections 5.5 and 5.6.

**Table 1 – List of E2 Substances at Meadowbank, Baker Lake OHF, and Whale Tail**

| Facility       | Substance        | CAS#       | Hazard Category               | Threshold (tonnes) | Is concentration equal or above the threshold? | Is an E2 Plan Required?                        |
|----------------|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Meadowbank     | Ammonium Nitrate | 6484-52-2  | Oxidizer that may explode (O) | 20                 | Yes                                            | No – container capacity is below the threshold |
|                | Fuels, diesel    | 68334-30-5 | Pool fire hazard (F)          | 2,500              | Yes                                            | Yes                                            |
|                | Propane          | 74-98-6    | Explosion hazard (E)          | 4.5                | Yes                                            | No – container capacity is below the threshold |
| Baker Lake OHF | Fuels, diesel    | 68334-30-5 | Pool fire hazard (F)          | 2,500              | Yes                                            | Yes                                            |
| Whale Tail     | Ammonium Nitrate | 6484-52-2  | Oxidizer that may explode (O) | 20                 | Yes                                            | No – capacity is below threshold               |

The responsible person is required to confirm the information contained in their facility's Schedule 2 notice at least once every five years, even if there is no need to edit any information. It will also need to be edited and resubmitted within 60 days of:

- Any changes to the facility information;
- Any changes to the maximum expected quantity of a substance; or
- An increase of 10% or more in the capacity of the largest container system.

### 3.2. What is a Spill?

For the purposes of this plan, a major spill is defined as an accidental release of product into the environment that has the potential for adverse impacts to the receiving environment, Agnico Eagle property, or human health. This can include potential impacts to water, surface and groundwater, land, equipment, buildings, local communities, human health, and the atmosphere.

A minor spill is defined as any spill that does not involve a toxic, reactive, or explosive material in a situation that does not pose a significant risk to the environment, human health or Agnico Eagle property. Minor spills are generally contained within Agnico Eagle facilities.

As per the Environmental Emergency Regulations (E2) an environmental emergency (spill of E2 regulated substance) is defined as;

*Means an uncontrolled, unplanned or accidental release of an E2 substance into the environment (or the reasonable likelihood of such a release) that:*

- a) Has or may have an immediate or long-term harmful effect on the environment;*
- b) Constitutes or may constitute a danger to the environment on which human life depends; or*
- c) Constitutes or may constitute a danger in Canada to human life or health.*

### 3.3. Materials and Reportable (to Regulatory Authorities) Spills on Site

As a precaution, if there is any doubt as to whether the quantity spilled meets the minimum thresholds for reporting to regulatory authorities listed in Table 2, the spill incident will be reported. Furthermore, Agnico Eagle maintains a detailed log of all spills reportable to authorities and those non-reportable for all materials listed in Section 1.1. As part of Agnico Eagle's overall environmental management system and in the spirit of a continuous improvement of environmental performance, procedures will be implemented to ensure all spills irrespective of location are reported to the Meadowbank Environment Department.

To ensure compliance with Section 36(3) and 38(5) of the Fisheries Act, Section 5(1) of the Migratory Birds Convention Act, the CEPA Environmental Emergency Regulations, Nunavut Spill Regulation, and the Metal and Diamond Mining Effluent Regulations all spills of fuel or hazardous/deleterious materials, regardless of quantity, into a water body (including frozen), shall be reported immediately to the NT-NU 24-HOUR SPILL REPORT LINE (at 867.920.8130 or online at [spills@gov.nt.ca](mailto:spills@gov.nt.ca)). All spills on land that reach the reportable quantity listed in Table 2 need to be reported to the NT-NU 24-HOUR SPILL REPORT LINE within 24 hours of the spill occurrence.

As per the E2 regulations, any regulated substances listed in Schedule 1 of the regulation that is deemed an environmental emergency, as defined above in Section 3.1, is to be reported to ECCC. An E2 emergency must be reported verbally using the NT-NU 24-HOUR SPILL REPORT LINE (at 867.920.8130 and online at [spills@gov.nt.ca](mailto:spills@gov.nt.ca)). A written report of the environmental emergency must be reported in the form of a

Schedule 8 and submitted electronically on the Single Window Information Management (SWIM) System. The written report must describe the nature of the event, the name and quantity of the substance involved, the state of the container system (if applicable), the impact of the release, and measures taken to prevent a recurrence. Refer to Figure 9 for when to report an Environmental Emergency as per the E2 regulations.

As a signatory to the International Cyanide Management Code (ICMC), Agnico Eagle is committed to notifying the International Cyanide Code Institute (ICMI) of any cyanide incidents within 24 hours of an occurrence. This should be done through notification of Agnico Eagle's Sustainability and Closure team, however the contact information can also be found in Table 4. Significant cyanide incidents are considered to include any of the following confirmed events:

- a) Human exposure that requires an action by an emergency response team, such as decontamination or treatment;
- b) An unpermitted release which enters natural surface waters, on or off-site;
- c) An unpermitted release that occurs off-site or migrates off-site;
- d) An onsite release requiring action by an emergency response team;
- e) A transport incident requiring emergency response for cyanide release;
- f) An event of multiple wildlife fatalities where cyanide is known or credibly believed to be the cause of death; and
- g) Theft of cyanide.

**Table 2 – Spill quantities that must be reported to the NT-NU 24-Hour Spill Report Line**

| Transportation Class | Type of Substance                                                                   | Compulsory Reporting Amount*                                      |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1                    | Explosives                                                                          | Any amount                                                        |
| 2.1                  | Compressed gas (flammable)                                                          | Any amount of gas from containers with a capacity exceeding 100 L |
| 2.2                  | Compressed gas (non-corrosive, non-flammable)                                       | Any amount from containers with a capacity exceeding 100 L        |
| 2.3                  | Compressed gas                                                                      | Any amount                                                        |
| 2.4                  | Compressed gas (corrosive)                                                          | Any amount                                                        |
| 3.1, 3.2, 3.3        | Flammable liquid                                                                    | 100 L                                                             |
| 4.1                  | Flammable solid                                                                     | 25 kg                                                             |
| 4.2                  | Spontaneously combustible solid                                                     | 25 kg                                                             |
| 4.3                  | Water reactant solids                                                               | 25 kg                                                             |
| 5.1                  | Oxidizing substances                                                                | 50 L or 50 kg                                                     |
| 5.2                  | Organic peroxides                                                                   | 1 L or 1 kg                                                       |
| 6.1                  | Poisonous substances                                                                | 5 L or 5 kg                                                       |
| 6.2                  | Infectious substances (including sewage and wastewater unless otherwise authorized) | Any amount                                                        |
| 7                    | Radioactive substances                                                              | Any amount                                                        |

| Transportation Class | Type of Substance                                          | Compulsory Reporting Amount* |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 8                    | Corrosive substances                                       | 5 L or 5 kg                  |
| 9.1 (in part)        | Miscellaneous substances                                   | 50 L or 50 kg                |
| 9.2                  | Environmentally hazardous                                  | 1 L or 1 kg                  |
| 9.3                  | Dangerous wastes                                           | 5L or 5 kg                   |
| 9.1 (in part)        | PCB mixtures of 5 ppm or more                              | 0.5 L or 0.5 kg              |
| None                 | Other contaminants                                         | 100 L or 100 kg              |
| None                 | Deleterious substances, MDMER effluent parameters, Seepage | **Any amount                 |

*Note: L = litre; kg = kilogram; PCB = polychlorinated biphenyls; ppm = parts per million*

*\*Compulsory reporting amount in compliance with the Nunavut Environmental Protection Act – Consolidation of Spill Contingency Planning and Reporting Regulations, R-068-93*

*\*\*If MDMER authorized limit parameters are exceeded.*

## SECTION 4 RESPONSE ORGANIZATION

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This section addresses the response organization and the responsibilities of each individual during response to an incident.

Figure 7 and 8 illustrates Agnico Eagle's Spill Reporting Procedure Steps in the event of a spill and Sections 4.1 - 4.9 list the major responsibilities of site staff that will be participating in the emergency response management.

The first person (first responder) to notice, or come in contact with, any spill situation either initiates a Code 1 (i.e. if a tanker truck overturns on the AWAR/WTHR) or reports to his/her immediate supervisor (i.e. all other spills on land or water). The supervisor is responsible for reporting the incident to the designated Incident Commander for a major spill or to the environmental department for a minor spill. If a Code 1 is initiated (as per procedure below), the Incident Commander will respond in conjunction with the Emergency Response Team (ERT). Major responsibilities such as initial coordination, spill clean-up and mobilizing the ERT are part of the Incident Commander's duties.

At any time, if an emergency happens, the initial call will be a code one call on any operations channel to ensure a proper response. The procedure goes as such:

A *Code One* can be called by any person on site to report an accident, serious incident or fire which requires the response of the ERT (Emergency Response Team).

All *Code One* should be called on any operations channel or on any phone by calling 6911.

The procedure steps:

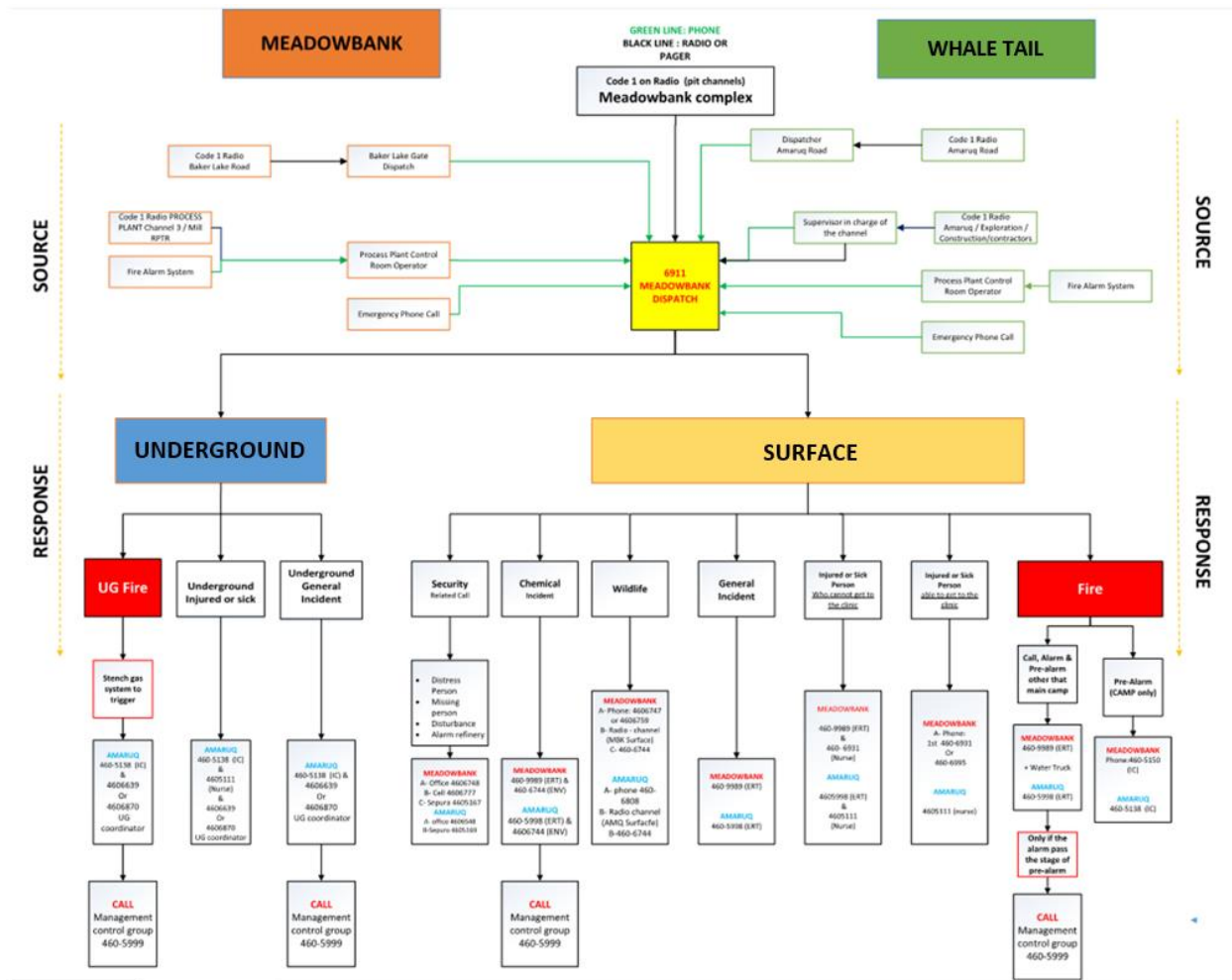
1. Call **Code One** over the two-way radio **three (3) times** on any operations channel or on any phone by calling 6911.

**When a code 1 is called over the radio, please respect the "Radio Silence" and if you are driving on the mine site road, please pull over and safely park your vehicle until an All Clear is given.**

2. Give your name, exact location and the nature of the Emergency.
3. Upon notification of the **Code One**, the "dispatch" is the only person who will communicate with the person who initiated the Code One.
4. The "dispatch" will contact the proper personnel to notify them of the **Code One** Emergency.
5. If safe to do so the person who called the code one should stay at the location in case any additional information is required or to relay any development which may occur prior to ERT or proper personnel arriving to take over the Emergency.

Once the **Code One** is called, the Incident commander, captain or dispatch determines whether all work in the affected ZONE will be stopped, and equipment will be secured so as not to interfere with the response by the ERT. Radio Silence on working channel must be observed until advised otherwise by the Incident Commander or ERT Team Captain.

### Figure 6. Emergency Procedure



The Incident Commander will contact the Environmental and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent and/or General Mine Manager or alternate, who in turn will inform the Senior Vice President Sustainability. After all information has been collected, the Environmental and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent or alternate will submit a spill report or call if an E2 Emergency and follow up spill report to the NWT/NU Spill Line, Nunavut Water Board, Kivalliq Inuit Association, Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC) and Crown-Indigenous Relations and Northern Affairs Canada (CIRNAC). Incidents that require media communications will be the responsibility of Agnico Eagle General Mine Manager or alternate.

In the event of a major spill during a ship-to-ship transfer or due to unforeseen circumstances, the shipping company will be solely responsible for responding to the spill. The containment and cleanup of inadvertent spills resulting from the tankers in transporting the fuel is the responsibility of the shipping company. In the unlikely event where a major fuel spill becomes unmanageable, the shipping company could call on external resources such as the Canadian Coast Guard for assistance. In these situations, Agnico Eagle would provide whatever assistance it can to the shipping company. Agnico Eagle would put its resources to the best possible use during such an event and assist as much as possible with the resources at hand. The Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan (SOPEP) is the responsibility of the shipping company; it covers the ship-to- ship transfer of fuel near Helicopter Island and/or Baker Lake. Please refer to the Oil Pollution

Emergency Plan / Oil Pollution Prevention Plan for more details.

In the event of a spill during the ship to shore transfer, the Oil Pollution Emergency Plan / Oil Pollution Prevention Plan will be applicable. Please refer to the plan for a complete review of the procedure to be implemented.

Figure 7: Spill/incident reporting procedure

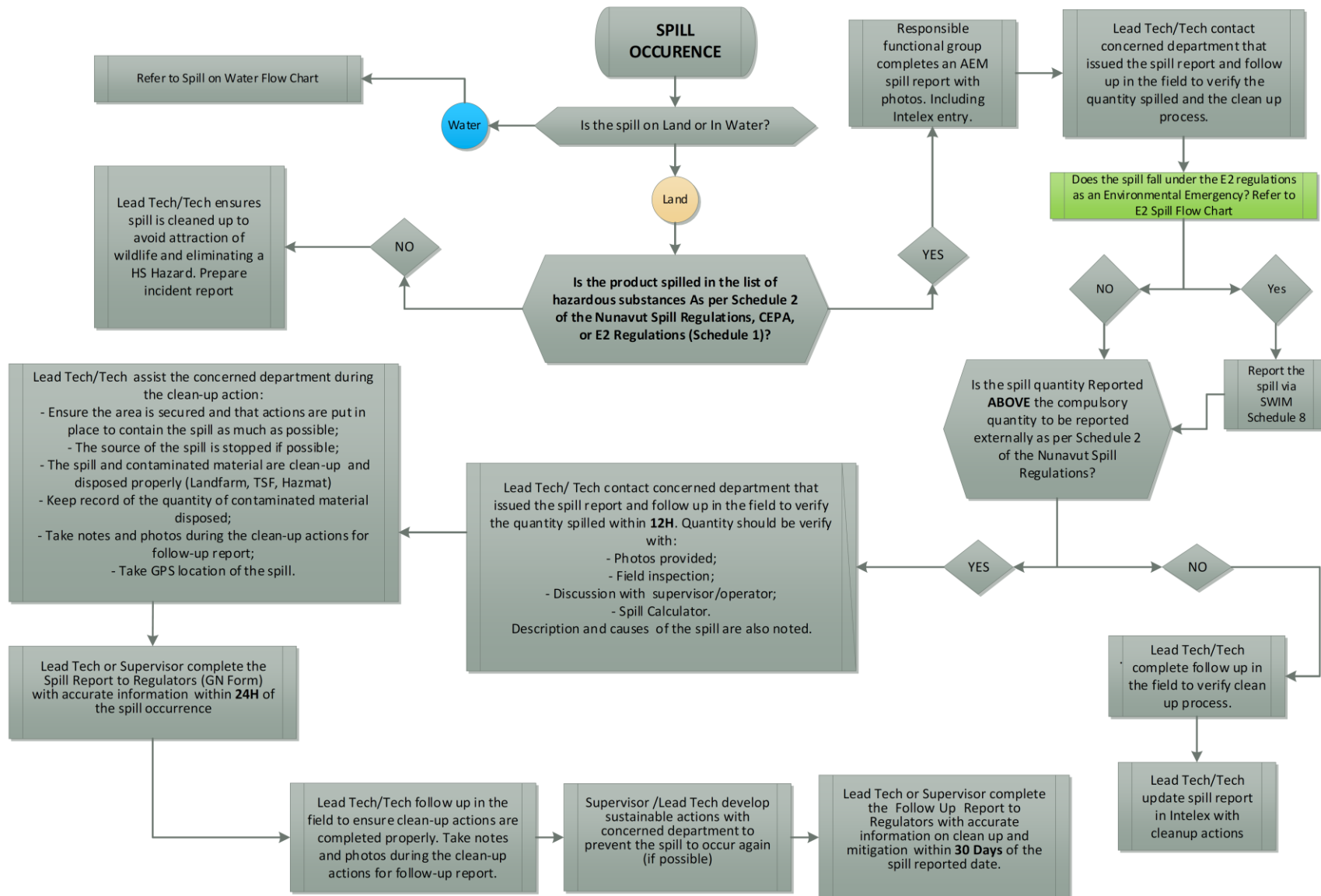
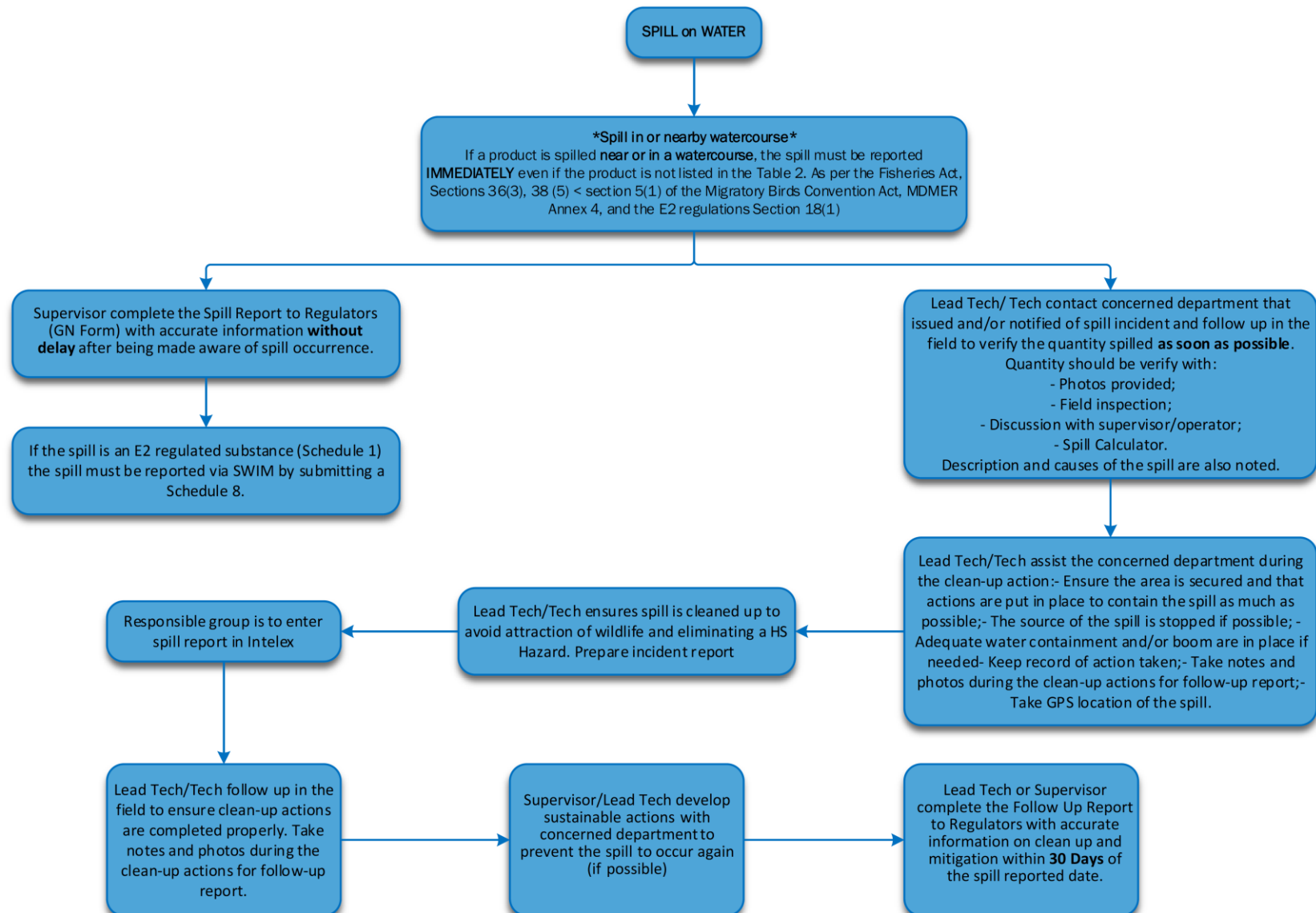
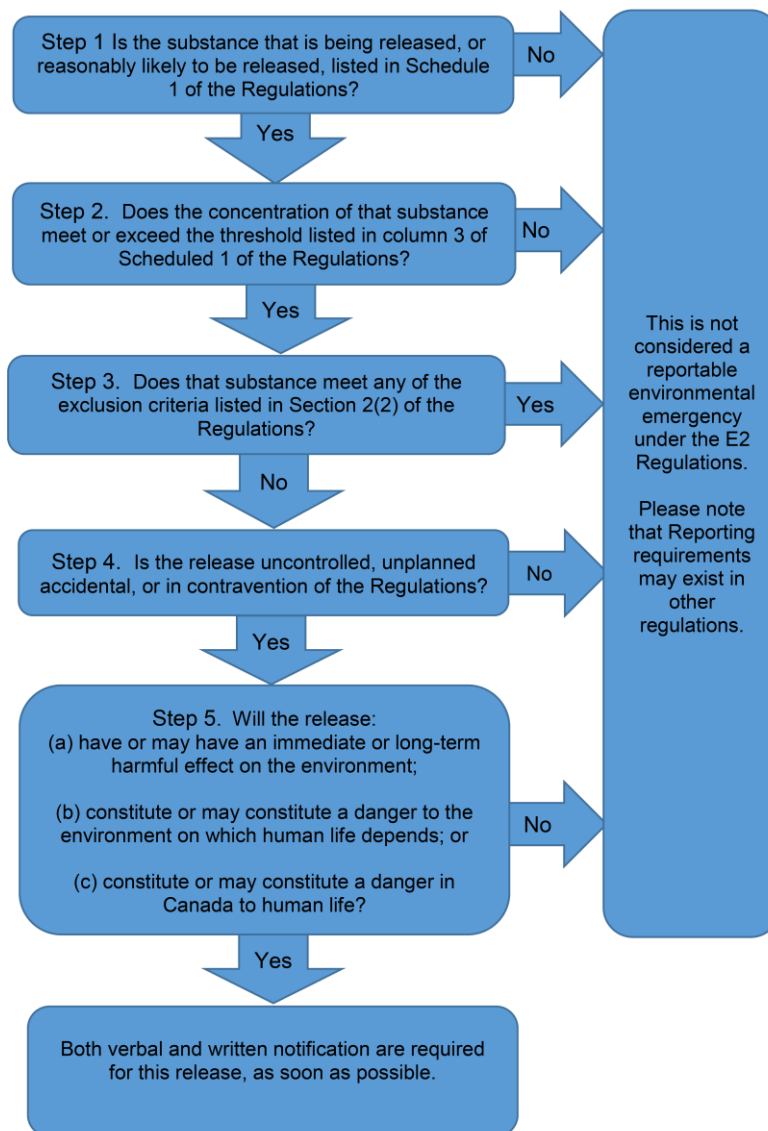


Figure 8: Spill/incident on Water Reporting Procedure



**Figure 9: Quick Reference Diagram for Reportable E2 releases (Schedule 1 substance)**



#### **4.1. First Responder**

The person who has caused a spill or the first to observe the spill is the first responder. The responsibilities of the first responder are as follows:

- In case of major incident (example: tanker truck overturn) and/or spill in or nearby watercourse, initiate a Code 1. Remain on radio to provide guidance to the ERT;
- In case of spill to land or water, contact the supervisor to report the incident;
- Immediately identify and contain the spill, IF SAFE TO DO SO; commence preparing spill response equipment; and
- Participate in spill response as a member of the clean-up crew.

#### **4.2. Supervisor**

The responsibilities of the Supervisor are as follows:

- Initial assessment of the severity of the incident;
- Contacts the Incident Commander or Environmental Department;
- Gathers facts about the spill; and
- Participates in spill response as a member of the clean-up crew.

#### **4.3. Incident Commander**

Responsibilities of the Incident Commander are as follows:

- Assume complete authority over cleanup personnel and the spill scene, as well as assume responsibility for all mitigation efforts;
- Evaluate the initial situation and assess the magnitude of the problem;
- Activates the initial response plan;
- Alert and assemble key personnel in the response team, as deemed appropriate, to handle the situation;
- In consultation with the Environment and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent or designate, develop the overall plan of action for containment and cleanup of the specific incident, as well as direct and implement the plan;
- Ensure assigned responsibilities are carried out and the activities of team members are coordinated;
- Assess the requirements for people, equipment, materials, and tools to contain the spill in light of what resources are immediately available; urgency will depend on the nature of the spill; and
- In consultation with the Environment and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent or designate mobilize any additional resources that may be required and arrange for the transportation of necessary personnel and/or materials to the site.

#### **4.4. Emergency Response Team**

Agnico Eagle has an Emergency Response Team (ERT) that is trained and responsible for controlling major spills, including those that could occur should a tanker truck overturn along the AWAR or on the Whale Tail Haul Road, and assisting with medical and other emergencies that may occur at the Meadowbank Mine, wherever the location. ERT team members attend regular training sessions.

#### **4.5. Emergency Response Team Coordinator**

The responsibilities of the Emergency Response Team Coordinator (ERTC) are as follows:

- Mobilize all ERT personnel, equipment, personal protective equipment, and supplies as required to the site of the spill;
- Assist Incident Commander in obtaining any additional resources not available on site;
- Ensure that appropriate PPE is worn properly;
- Assist in developing and implementing emergency response training programs and exercises; and
- Ensure that all spill response personnel receive adequate training to fulfill their responsibilities as part of the ERT.

#### **4.6. Environmental and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent or Designate**

The Environmental and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent or designate is responsible for implementing and maintaining the SCP. In addition, the Environment and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent's or designates responsibilities in the case of a spill are to:

- Liaise with the Incident Commander;
- Provide technical advice on the anticipated environmental impacts of the spill;
- Advise on the effectiveness of various containment, recoveries, and disposal options, and suggest the most appropriate approach;
- Prepare and submit any formal reports (see Appendix B for NT/NU Spill Report Form) to regulators and Agnico Eagle management detailing the occurrence of a spill;
- For an environmental emergency, a written report of the environmental emergency must be reported in the form of a Schedule 8 and submitted electronically on ECCC's SWIM System. The Environmental and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent is responsible for verbal notification via the Spill Hotline;
- Contact the Vice President of Environment and Critical Infrastructures immediately for a major spill;
- Act as the spokesperson with regulatory and government agencies;
- If authorized by the General Mine Manager, act as a spokesperson with the public and media, as required;
- Implement a sampling protocol for the collection and analysis of samples to identify and monitor possible contaminant levels resulting from the spill;
- Ensure on-site resources for spill response and cleanup are available;

- Monitor the effectiveness of the cleanup operation and recommend further work, if necessary;
- Reviews incident occurrences and recommends preventative measures; and
- Assists in implementing training and simulation requirements for spill response personnel.

#### **4.7. General Mine Manager on Duty or Designate**

The General Mine Manager/designate is required to inform team members of the detailed nature of the operations to be performed in the event of a major spill during the operations phase. The responsibilities of the General Mine Manager/designate are as follows:

- Liaise with Agnico Eagle personnel resources and keep them informed of cleanup activities;
- Incidents that require media communications will be the responsibility of Agnico Eagle General Mine Manager or alternate; and
- Assist the Incident Commander and ERT as needed, particularly in obtaining any additional resources not available onsite for spill response and cleanup.

#### **4.8. Health and Safety Superintendent or Designate**

The following are the responsibilities of the Health and Safety Superintendent or designate in conjunction with the Training Department:

- Maintain emergency and health and safety records;
- Assist in conducting emergency spill response exercises;
- Track all emergency and health and safety training that on-site staff have received, and when retraining will be required;
- Notify the Incident Commander (related to ERT) when retraining is required;
- Ensure that employees are retrained in appropriate emergency response skills, Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) training, Hazard Communication (HAZCOM), Occupational Health and Safety Administration (OHSA) training, first aid, and respirator fit-testing prior to expiry of existing training certification; and
- Consult with appropriate organizations regarding retraining requirements and schedules.

#### **4.9. On-Site Health Care Providers**

On-site medics are responsible for the following:

- Providing on-site first aid and other medical support; and
- Providing additional training for ERT members.

In addition to the health care providers on site, the Baker Lake Hamlet health professionals will be called first on the scene, if required.

#### 4.10. Spill Response Team Contact Information

Internal contact information is contained in Table 3 for all Agnico Eagle personnel involved in spill recovery and subsequent reporting. Table 4 provides contact information for Agnico Eagle contractors present at the mine site and transportation contractors. Important external contacts such as regulatory agencies and health organizations are listed in Table 5. Agnico Eagle also has a mutual agreement with other mining companies in the north to assist our site in case of a major emergency, the contact information is detailed in Table 6.

**Table 3 – Agnico Eagle Contacts**

| Title                                                      | Name                                            | Telephone No.                                                      |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EVP, Sustainability, People & Culture                      | Carol Plummer                                   | 416.644.2056 ext. 4012056                                          |
| Vice President of Environment and Critical Infrastructures | Michel Julien                                   | 416.947.1212 ext. 4013738<br>Cell: 514.244.5876                    |
| Vice President, Health, Safety, Social Affairs & People    | Jason Allaire                                   | 819.759.3555 ext. 4608004<br>Cell: 819.355.2608                    |
| Corporate Director, Environment and Operational Risks      | Jessica Huza                                    | Cell 438.830.6797                                                  |
| Meadowbank General Mine Manager                            | Eric Steinmetzer                                | 819.759.3555 ext. 4600104<br>Cell: 819.763.0187<br>Radio: 460-5269 |
| Health & Safety Superintendent                             | Patrick Goldfinch                               | 819.759.3555 ext.4606720<br>Radio: 460-5172                        |
| Emergency Measures Supervisor                              | Philippe Beaudoin                               | 819.759.3555 ext.4606809<br>Radio: 460-5128                        |
| Emergency Measures Counselor                               | Fanny Laporte / Richard Jackson / Ben La Rocque | 819.759.3555 ext.4606809 /<br>4606619                              |
| Environment and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent    | Eric Haley                                      | 819.759.3555 ext. 4606491<br>Cell: 819.651.1010                    |
| General Supervisor Environment                             | Robin Allard                                    | 819.759.3555 ext.4605218<br>Cell: 819.860.1414                     |
| Environmental Supervisors                                  | Tom Thomson / Samuel Tapp / Rowan Woodall       | 819.759.3555 ext. 4606744<br>Radio: 460-5120                       |
| Environmental Department                                   | Environmental Technicians                       | 819.759.3555<br>ext.4606747/4606759<br>Radio: 460-5120             |
| On-site Medics                                             | On-site Nurses                                  | 819.759.3555<br>ext.4606734/4606751                                |
| Site Security                                              | On-site Security                                | 867.793.4610 ext. 4606748<br>Radio: 460-5167 / 460-5169            |

**Table 4 – Contractors / Local Contacts**

| Title                                       | Contact in Emergency for:                                                   | Telephone No.                                               |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nolinor Aviation Services                   | Flight services for additional crew, or additional supplies                 | Regular Number<br>450.476.0018<br>888.505.7025              |
| Canadian North                              | Flight services for additional crew, or additional supplies                 | Regular Number<br>1.800.267.1247                            |
| Calm Air                                    | Flight services for additional crew, or additional supplies                 | 1.800.839.2256<br>Emergency<br>204.677.5013<br>204.677.5019 |
| Dyno Nobel Explosives Ltd.                  | Heavy Equipment, workforce, Emergency Blasting                              | 819.825.5441                                                |
| Woodward Group of Companies – Craig Farrell | Fuel Hauler                                                                 | Craig Farrell<br>709.541.0789<br>Company<br>709.535-6944:   |
| Baker Lake Contracting & Supplies           | Workforce, equipment, trades personnel i.e. pipefitter, plumber, electrical | 867.793.2831                                                |
| Peter's Expediting Ltd.                     | Equipment, workforce, ground transportation services                        | 867.793.2703<br>Cell 867.793.1615                           |
| Arctic Fuel Services                        | Fuel hauling, trucking, workforce.                                          | 867.793.2311 Office<br>867.793.2301 Supervisor              |

**Table 5 – External Contacts**

| Organization/Authority                                        | Telephone Number                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| NT-NU 24-Hour Spill Report Line / E2 Emergency Reporting Line | 867.920.8130<br>spills@gov.nt.ca                 |
| Workers Safety and Compensation Commission                    | 877.661.0792 (Emergency)<br>or 800.661.0792      |
| Kivalliq Inuit Association                                    | 867.645.2800<br>867.645.2810 (reporting line)    |
| Nunavut Water Board                                           | 867.360.6338                                     |
| CIRNAC Inspector                                              | Kyle Amsel<br>867.222.6795<br>or 867.645.2089    |
| Fisheries and Ocean Canada (DFO) – Nunavut Regional Office    | 867.979.8000                                     |
| Government of Nunavut – Department of Environment             | 867.975.7700                                     |
| Kivalliq Health Services – Baker Lake                         | 867.793.2816 or<br>867.793.2817<br><i>Dial 0</i> |
| Baker Lake Hamlet Office                                      | 867.793.2874                                     |

| Organization/Authority                                                   | Telephone Number                         |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| Baker Lake Fire Emergency                                                | 867.793.2900                             |
| RCMP Regular Hour<br>RCMP 24 Hour Emergency Number                       | 867.793.0123<br>867.793.1111             |
| Canadian Coast Guard (in the event of a spill to the marine environment) | 800.265.0237                             |
| Superintendent Environmental Response                                    | 519.383.1954<br>519.381.6186 (cell)      |
| Transport Canada – Tech services                                         | 780.495.6325                             |
| Philip Levesque<br>Krista Olafsson                                       | Cell: 204.801.6951<br>Cell: 431.334.2851 |

**Table 6 – Mutual Aid Contact**

| Mutual Aid                                      | Telephone Number                                                                                           |
|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Rio Tinto Diavik Diamond Mine                   | 867.669.6500 ext. 5903<br>Phone number is monitored by Security Control 24 Hours a day                     |
| Agnico Eagle Mines Limited (Nunavut Operations) | Meliadine<br>(819) 759-3555 ext. 4603991<br><br>Hope Bay<br>867.988.6882 ext. 104<br>867.988.6822 ext. 150 |
| De Beers Canada Gahcho Kué Mine                 | 416.645.1695 ext. 6699<br>Phone number is monitored by Security Control 24 Hours a day                     |

## SECTION 5 ACTION PLAN

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Below is a list of spill events that have the potential to occur at the Meadowbank Complex. Risk assessments have been completed on each of the spill events listed below that involve diesel (E2 regulated substance).

Spill events that may occur:

- Tanks, drums, or containers may develop leaks or rupture (for example, corrosion or weld failure);
- Failure of equipment such as valves, piping or containment structures;
- Fuel Tank failure;
- Vessel overfilling and release, or over pressurizing and venting through relief valve or rupture disk;
- Overfilling;
- Release occurring during the loading/unloading from transportation vessels;
- Improper storage;
- Spills during transfer of fuel, chemicals or waste products;
- Spills resulting from accidents during transportation;
- Process Vessel/pump releases due to equipment failure (i.e. cracks, seal failure, etc.);
- Transfer hose releases;
- Release of inhalation toxicants of short duration;
- Vehicle collision with a tank resulting in rupture;
- Fire (at facility, equipment itself, ignition of leaking substance);
- An explosion;
- Extreme weather; (for example, permafrost degradation, extreme cold, extreme warm temperature);
- Natural disasters (earthquake, fire on tundra);
- Vandalizing;
- Seepage that may migrate off site to receiving water or land;
- Leaks or drips of hazardous substances or fuels due to malfunction of equipment and vehicles; and
- Discharge to receiving environment of a deleterious substance exceeding the MDMER and/or NWB Water License and/or any other regulation.

### 5.1. Initial Action

For all spill emergencies, it is required that priority actions be undertaken. These are:

- Respond Quickly;
- Ensure Safety; and
- Report the Spill.

#### 5.1.1. Respond Quickly

- Identify the spilled material;
- Be alert – ensure safety of yourself and others by notifying them of the incident;
- Shut off ignition sources such as vehicles and unplug electrical equipment – NO SMOKING;

- Attend to the injured;
- Assess the severity of the spill; and
- Contact the Incident Commander, identify the location, and request assistance as required. If required, the Incident Commander will mobilize the Emergency Response Team.

The primary form of ensuring safety is by using preventative measures. All personnel who deal with chemicals must have training in first aid and safe materials handling, including the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS). In addition, regular training updates and site-specific exercises/drills are integral to preventing incidents.

#### **5.1.2.Ensure Safety**

- Consult the SDS and Product Guides for further information on the substance;
- Keep people away from spill site;
- Wear appropriate PPE such as impervious clothing, goggles, and gloves when containing the spill;
- Approach spill from upwind IF IT IS SAFE TO DO SO;
- Assess whether the spill, leak, or system failure can be readily stopped or brought under control;
- Stop product flow or leak if possible and IF IT IS SAFE TO DO SO;
- Do not contain compounds (e.g. gasoline, aviation fuel) if vapors might ignite – allow them to evaporate; and
- Depending on the type of compound spilled and IF IT IS SAFE TO DO SO, contain product using booms, berms, absorbent pads, earthen dike, trenches or improvise with materials at hand.

#### **5.1.3.Report Spill**

- Spill reporting will follow procedure MBK-ENV-PRO-Spill Reporting. This procedure can be found in Appendix J.
- Obtain all necessary information to complete the spill report form (reportable or not) and provide it to Environment Staff within 12 hours. Spills that meet regulatory reporting criteria must be reported to the NT-NU 24 Hour Spill Line/CIRNAC/ECCC/Kivalliq Inuit Association (KivIA), and the NWB by Agnico Eagle Environment Staff within 24 hours. Any spills near and/or in water (including frozen) must be reported immediately to NT-NU 24 Hour Spill Line/CIRNAC/ECCC/KivIA, and the NWB by Agnico Eagle Environment Staff even if not meeting regulatory criteria described in Table 2.
- For spills that meet regulatory reporting criteria, a detailed spill report will be submitted to the CIRNAC Water License Inspector, ECCC's Enforcement Officer and the KivIA Land's Inspector by Agnico Eagle Environment Staff no later than thirty (30) days after the initial reporting of the spill. This report will contain the amount and type of spilled product, the GPS location of the spill and the measures taken to contain, clean up, and restore the spill site. The report will be submitted as per the requirements of the Water License and/or Fisheries Act Section 38 (7) and/or MDMER Section 31.
- For spills relating to E2 substances (E2 regulation Schedule 1), professional judgement must be used to determine if the spill is considered an environmental emergency as per Section 18 (1) of the Environmental Emergency Regulation (Figure 9). If the spill is considered to be an environmental emergency, the spill must be reported electronically using SWIM by submitting a Schedule 8 and verbally through the E2 Emergency Reporting Line (Table 5).

Procedures will vary depending on the season and materials spilled. The SDS for spilled materials and/or

Transport Canada's "Emergency Response Guidebook" must be consulted to ensure that safety procedures are followed. Response procedures specific to spills on land, water, snow, and ice are presented in the following sections as general guidelines.

## 5.2. Spills on Land

Response to spills on land will include control techniques involving the use of two types of barriers: dikes and trenches. Barriers should be placed down-gradient (down-slope) from the source of the spill, and as close as possible to the source of the spill. Barriers will slow the progression of the material spilled and will also serve as containment to allow for recovery.

Depending on the volume spilled, the site of the spill as well as available material, a dike may be built with soil, booms, lumber, snow, etc. A plastic liner, if necessary, can be placed at the toe of and over the dikes to protect the underlying soil or other material and to facilitate recovery of the material. Dikes will be constructed in such a way as to accumulate a thick layer of free product in a single area (V-shaped or U-shaped).

Trenches are useful in the presence of permeable soil and when the spilled material is migrating below the ground surface. A plastic liner should be placed on the down-gradient edge of the trench to protect the underlying soil. Liners should not be placed at the bottom of the trench to allow water to continue flowing underneath the layer floating oil.

The use of absorbent materials to recover a large volume of spilled liquids such as petroleum-based material should be avoided. Large volumes of free product should be recovered, as much as possible, by using vacuums and pumps, and containerized. Mixtures of water and fuel may be processed through an oil-water separator. However, absorbent materials work well for smaller volumes of spilled hydrocarbon-based materials such as fuel. Absorbent sheets should be used to soak up residual fuel on water, on the ground (soil and rock), and on vegetation. Peat moss may also be sprinkled on vegetation to absorb films of petroleum products.

## 5.3. Spills on Water

Response to spills on water will include procedures that include containment, diversion, and recovery techniques. The following elements must be taken into consideration when conducting response operations:

- To ensure compliance with Section 36(3) and 38(5) of the *Fisheries Act* and Section 5(1) of the Migratory Birds Convention Act all spills of fuel or hazardous materials, regardless of quantity, into a water body (including frozen), shall be reported immediately to the NT-NU 24-HOUR SPILL REPORT LINE (at 867.920.8130) and if the spill is an E2 regulated substance (Schedule 1) the spill must be reported via SWIM, as well as verbally to ECCC when feasible;
- Type of water body or water course (lake, stream, river);
- Water depth and surface area;
- Wind speed and direction;
- Type of shoreline; and
- Seasonal considerations (open-water, freeze-up, break-up, frozen).

The most common type of spill that could be anticipated is a petroleum hydrocarbon (diesel) spill during fuel transfers/transport. Containment of an oil slick in water will require the deployment of mobile floating booms to intercept, control, contain, and concentrate (i.e., increase thickness) the floating oil. One end of the boom will be anchored to shore while the other will be towed by a boat and used to circle the oil slick and return it

close to shore for recovery using a skimmer. Reducing the surface area of the slick will increase its thickness and thereby improve recovery. Mechanical recovery equipment (i.e., skimmers and oil/water separators) will be mobilized to site if required.

Measures will be taken to protect sensitive and accessible shoreline. The oil slick will be monitored to determine the direction of migration. In the absence of strong winds, the oil will likely flow towards the discharge of the lake. Measures will be taken to block and concentrate the oil slick at the lake discharge using booms where it will subsequently be recovered using a portable skimmer, vacuum, or absorbent materials.

In small slowly flowing rivers, streams, channels, inlets, or ditches, inverted weirs (i.e., siphon dams) will be used to stop and concentrate moving oil for collection while allowing water to continue to flow unimpeded. In the case of floating oil in a stream heading for a culvert (i.e., at a road crossing), a culvert block will be used to stop and concentrate moving oil for collection while allowing water to continue to flow unimpeded. In both cases, oil will then be recovered using a portable skimmer or sorbent materials.

In the case of spills in larger rivers with fast moving currents, diversion booming will be used to direct the oil slick ashore for recovery. Single or multiple booms (i.e., cascading) may be used for diversion. Typically, the booms are anchored across the river at an angle. The angle will depend on the current velocity. Choosing a section of a river that is both wider and shallower will make boom deployment easier. Diversion booming may also be used to direct an oil slick away from a sensitive area to be protected.

| Appropriate Actions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Resources                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Don appropriate PPE and stop the spill, if it's safe to do.</li> <li>2. Make sure that the environment is safe for the facility personnel, the facility and Baker Lake community.</li> <li>3. Make sure that risk of fire or explosion is minimized.</li> <li>4. Call Code One on radio.</li> <li>5. Make the community of Baker Lake aware of the Spill to ensure measures can be taken to ensure safety of the community (contact mayor, hamlet counsel, fire department, Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP)).</li> <li>6. Request for supplemental spill response material as detailed and ERT support.</li> <li>7. Minimize the oil pollution incident by containing the spilled fuel to stop spreading within the marine environment, if it's safe to do.</li> <li>8. Notify Canadian Coast Guard (CCG), Transport Canada, local and regulatory authorities, and request for assistance if needed.</li> <li>9. Containment boom is manned to prevent the escape of fuel outside the boom.</li> </ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Agnico employees aware of the procedure for spill.</li> <li>b. Emergency Response Team trained for spill response.</li> <li>c. Shore-based boat to position booms and spread absorbent material.</li> <li>d. Spill response equipment and supplies maintained in Agnico's sea can located at Agnico Eagle's Marshalling area.</li> <li>e. Additional booms to place outside the containment boom.</li> <li>f. Additional boats can be transported from the Meadowbank site and local boats can be rented from local contracting companies.</li> <li>g. Heavy equipment such as excavators, back hoes, vacuum trucks, and dump trucks for waste materials.</li> <li>h. In the case of larger spills an Incident Command System will be set up at the Meadowbank site as laid out in the Meadowbank Emergency Response Plan.</li> </ol> |

| Appropriate Actions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Resources |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>10. If necessary, place a diversion boom outside the containment boom to stop the diesel from getting onto the beach.</li> <li>11. Spread absorbent material on the spill to capture it.</li> <li>12. For larger amounts of spilled materials on water, use absorbent booms to collect the spilled fuel.</li> <li>13. Monitor any fuel that could not be recovered and collect water samples near the spill site and in the access passage for analysis. Repeat as necessary.</li> <li>14. If diesel reaches the beach, excavate the contaminated beach material and take it to the Landfarm area at the Meadowbank site.</li> </ol> |           |

#### 5.4. Spills on Snow and Ice

In general, snow and ice will slow the movement of hydrocarbons. The presence of snow may also hide the oil slick and make it more difficult to follow its progression. Snow is generally a good natural sorbent, as hydrocarbons will have a tendency to be soaked up by snow through capillary action. However, the use of snow as a sorbent material will be limited as much as possible. Snow and frozen ground will also prevent hydrocarbons from migrating down into soil or at least slow the migration process. Ice will prevent seepage of fuel into the water.

Most response procedures for spills on land discussed previously may be used for spills on snow and ice. The use of berms or trenches (dug in ice) will slow the progression of the fuel and will also serve as containment to allow recovery of the fuel.

Free product will be recovered by using a vacuum, a pump, or absorbent materials. Contaminated snow and ice will be scraped up manually or using heavy equipment depending on volumes. The contaminated snow and ice will be placed in containers or within plastic lined berms on land.

## **5.5. E2 Spill Scenarios – Baker Lake OHF**

### **5.5.1. Worst-Case Scenario**

The worst-case scenario, (release of the maximum quantity that could be contained in the largest container system), for Baker Lake is the complete release of up to 10,000,000 L of diesel fuel from one of the diesel tanks. The secondary containment for these diesel tanks is designed to contain 110% of the entire contents of the tank. Spilled fuel is expected to be contained inside the secondary containment and if fuel escapes the containment, fuel may reach Baker Lake and it is expected that the longest impact outside the boundaries of the facility will be around 85 Km. Harm to the environment would include contamination of water, potential to kill fish and fish habitat, as well as contamination of the communities' drinking water. There would be harm to the environment or human life/health.

In the event that the communities of Baker Lake should need to be evacuated on short notice, the Emergency Response Team will immediately assist in the evacuation of the community. The General Mine Manager will immediately contact the Mayor of the Hamlet to inform regarding the situation. In addition, if safe to do so, a radio notification should be immediately broadcast on the Baker Lake Radio station.

Spill response supplies at the OHF (including all responses equipment and resources from Meadowbank, emergency trailer, emergency seacans along the AWAR) will need to be used to control and clean up. Tankers delivering fuel also have on board equipment that can be shared with Agnico Eagle in case of an extreme spill. However, Agnico Eagle could require external assistance with the clean-up of an extreme spill.

The materials onsite can be deployed within one hour to contain a spill unless deployment within one hour will be unsafe. Generally, for spills greater than 1 m<sup>3</sup>, the Emergency Response Plan (ERP) will be activated and the Emergency Response Team (ERT) located at Meadowbank mine site will come to Baker Lake to help. The ERT can be on site within 125 minutes (or less) and ready to help with the clean-up activity. Helicopter support will be made available to quickly mobilize the initial response team. Material from the Meadowbank Mine site, if required, will be brought to the Baker Lake OHF within 125 minutes to finalize the containment (if not complete) and aid in the recovery from the oil pollution incident.

### **5.5.2. Alternate Worst-Case Scenario**

The alternate worst-case scenario (scenario that is most realistic to happen with the longest impact distance outside the boundary of the facility) is a major failure between the ship and the flange of the OHF, the floating pipeline, resulting in a spill greater than 1,000 L but smaller than 10,000 L of diesel or Jet-A fuel. The furthest impact distance outside the boundary of the facility can be up to 3.4 Km.

In the case of an alternate-worst case scenario, Agnico Eagle will follow the below actions listed to complete the best containment and clean up possible. Spill response supplies at the OHF (including all responses equipment and resources from Meadowbank, emergency trailer, emergency seacans along the AWAR) will need to be used to control and cleaned up. Tankers delivering fuel also have on board equipment that can be shared with Agnico in case of extreme spill. For spills during fuel transfer from ship to shore, refer to the Oil Pollution Emergency Plan / Oil Pollution Prevention Plan.

The materials onsite can be deployed within one hour to contain a spill unless deployment within one hour will be unsafe. Generally, for spills greater than 1 m<sup>3</sup>, the Emergency Response Plan (ERP) will be activated and the Emergency Response Team (ERT) located at Meadowbank mine site will come in Baker Lake to help. The ERT can be on site within 125 minutes (or less) and ready to help with the clean-up activity.

Helicopter support will be made available to quickly mobilize the initial response team. Material from the Meadowbank Mine site, if required, will be brought to the Baker Lake OHF within 125 minutes to finalize the containment (if not complete) and aid in the recovery from the oil pollution incident.

### **5.5.3. Alternate Scenarios**

Is it expected, as per the Product Transfer Area Assessment – Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility in Appendix L, that a spill due to a broken piping can release up to 1,000 L to the adjacent gravel area. In this case, no fuel is expected to reach any receiving environment and stay within the boundary of the facility. Material on site will be sufficient to contain the spill. There would be no significant harm to the environment or human life/health.

At the Baker Lake OHF, the spill that is most likely to occur is a spill during the fueling of the delivery truck. Quantity will be negligible and can be contained and recovered with the spill material on site.

Appendix Q includes a Risk Assessment that has been completed on the Baker Lake OHF to determine other possible scenarios that could occur.

## **5.6. E2 Spill Scenarios – Meadowbank Tank Farm**

### **5.6.1.Worst-Case Scenario**

For the Meadowbank tank farm, the worst-case scenario is the complete release of the largest tank at the facility, a 5.6 M liter diesel fuel tank. Spilled fuel is expected to be contained inside the secondary containment, designed to contain 110% of the entire contents of the tank, and if fuel escapes the containment, it will remain inside the facility boundaries due to topography in this area. Harm to the environment would be minimal with soil contamination localized to the area. Remediation required would be to remove contaminated soil.

### **5.6.2. Alternate Worst-Case Scenario**

The alternate-worst case scenario for Meadowbank is a fuel tanker overturning on the All-Weather Access Road releasing diesel fuel in quantities of up to 40,000 L to the surrounding tundra. Thus, impacting an area of up to 1 Km outside of the facility boundary. This scenario would result in soil contamination and potential harmful effects on wildlife and groundwater. Remediation work would be required to remove contaminated soil and on-going monitoring would need to be conducted to determine long-term effects.

### **5.6.3.Alternate Scenario**

At Meadowbank, the spill that is most likely to occur is a spill during the fueling of the delivery truck. Quantity will be negligible and can be contained and recovered with the spill material on site. Harm to the environment would be minimal with soil contamination localized to the area.

Appendix Q includes a Risk Assessment that has been completed on the Meadowbank Tank Farm to determine other possible scenarios that could occur.

## **5.7. Disposal of Spilled Material**

All contaminated spill pads and booms are placed within Quatrex bags for shipment to an approved disposal facility. All petroleum hydrocarbon contaminated soil is placed into the Meadowbank or Whale Tail landfarm for treatment; this includes contaminated soil from Baker Lake. Spills over 100 L of nonpetroleum hydrocarbon material (e.g. solvents, glycol) will be placed in drums and stored in the on-site hazardous material area for shipment south to approve facilities during barge season or placed into the Tailings Storage Facility (TSF). Spills of non-petroleum hydrocarbon material fewer than 100 L will be placed in the Tailings Storage Facility (TSF).

Spills smaller than 100 L of petroleum hydrocarbon contaminated snow will be placed in a designated area of the landfarm and treated as contact water after snowmelt. Spills over 100 L of petroleum hydrocarbon contaminated snow will be excavated and stored in labeled drums or at the TSF. After snowmelt, the contaminated water could be pumped through the site's oil-water separator (carbon filter) to remove petroleum hydrocarbon residue. At Meadowbank, the water will be discharged to the Stormwater Management Pond. At Whale Tail, the treated water will be sampled per Part F, Item 8 of the Water License 2AM-WTP1830, and discharged to the tundra if water quality meets Water License criteria. If criteria are not met, water will be treated as hazardous material and shipped south or placed into the Tailings Storage Facility (TSF). After snowmelt, visible product will be cleaned up with absorbent pads or booms.

For more information refer to the Meadowbank Landfarm Design and Management Plan and the Whale Tail Landfarm Design and Management Plan.

## **5.8. Seepage Management**

Seepage from the tailings storage facility (TSF) and waste rock storage facilities (WRSF) are treated as actionable and reportable spills. In the event that seepage is observed, an action plan is implemented to address the problem. The action plan includes: cause identification, mitigation measures used to stop or control the seepage, clean-up actions, disposal of contaminated material if applicable and monitoring requirements.

## **5.9. Event Monitoring**

The Event Monitoring (EM) program addresses the site-specific monitoring that is required following any accidental release. A "release" may be caused by a spill or an emergency (see Emergency Response Plan).

The EM program is designed to verify whether contamination of the surface soil, nearby receiving environment, or active zone has occurred as a result of an accidental release of a hazardous material or contaminated water through monitoring of surface runoff and nearby receiving environment following remediation of any release. It is anticipated that, owing to the presence of permafrost beneath most of the mine footprint, there will be minimum impact to groundwater. A complete list of hazardous materials in use during operations at all sites is provided in the Hazardous Materials Management Plan.

The EM plan is developed on a site-specific basis subsequent to a spill or accidental release and considers the type of product spilled, the potential receptors, and the potential for any remaining contamination after clean-up. The plan is done in coordination with the Environment and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent.

In the event of an accidental release, the water quality of the downstream receptor and possibly upstream of the receiving point, if any, is to be sampled (during the ice-free season) and analyzed. Should the spill have happened over snow cover, water, and possibly soil, sampling is to take place at the earliest feasible time after thaw to verify if there has been any impact to the receiving water or soil quality. The specific

parameters monitored as part of the EM program will depend on the nature of the spill and will be determined for the specific hazardous material released.

EM sampling is to occur following the clean-up of a release and the frequency of sampling will depend on the type of material spilled (wet or dry spill), the environment into which the chemical was released (surface water body or soil; frozen or thawed), and the quantity of spill material. The EM program for a particular spill will cease upon obtaining satisfactory analytical results (within 20% of background level, to accommodate for analytical accuracy) from the potentially affected areas or as required by regulators.

In the event of seepage from the TSF and/or waste rock storage facility (WRSF), water will be pumped back to the North Cell TSF (or South Cell if necessary). Seepage from the Whale Tail WRSF will be pumped to the Attenuation Ponds. Visual inspections will be conducted regularly to confirm that the seepage is appropriately contained and will not enter the receiving environment.

## SECTION 6 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS STORED ON SITE

A variety of petroleum products and other hazardous materials will be used as part of mining operations. Large quantities of petroleum products will be stored at various sites at the Meadowbank Mine and at Whale Tail Mine. Explosives will also be stored on site. Other hazardous materials will be used but in smaller quantities. Nonetheless, all these products are considered as potential environmental and safety hazards.

Safety Data Sheets (SDS) of all materials transported, stored and used on-site will be made available at strategic locations near to where hazardous materials or toxic substances are stored or utilized. Appendices C to H provide General Response Procedures for Spilled Chemical Substances.

P50 Diesel is a bright oily substance that has low viscosity. It spreads rapidly on the water, has a low solubility in salt water (60 mg/L), and a high evaporation rate as described in the text box below. Appendix O provides the SDS for Diesel and Jet-A. All SDS for chemicals on site can be found on Paratox hazardous management software.

### Predicted Evaporation Rate of Spilled Diesel

$$\text{Weight percent Evaporation} = (5.8 + 0.045T) \ln(t)$$

Where T = water temperature  
t = time in minutes

After a time span of 60 minutes at a surface temperature of 5°C, up to 25 % weight of the spilled diesel would have evaporated.

After 240 minutes, or 4 hours, the weight percent of the diesel that would have evaporated would be 33%.

*Source: Environment Canada, Emergencies Science and Technology Division*

Table 7 identifies the predominant hazardous materials transported, stored and generated at the sites. Those destined for use in the process plant will only be stored at Meadowbank. Agnico Eagle will refer to the most up to date Hazardous Materials Management Plan to indicate additional mitigation measures and storage practices for substances stored on site.

**Table 7 – Materials stored at site during operations**

| Material                         | Maximum Anticipated on-site         | Maximum Amount transported per unit | Storage Location*                           |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Acetylene                        | 400 cylinders                       | 300 cylinders per sea can           | Inventory Laydown                           |
| Activated Carbon                 | 350 t                               | 10 t per sea can                    | Inventory Laydown and Process Plant Laydown |
| Ammonium Nitrate                 | 12,000 t                            | 20 t per sea can as 1 t bags        | Meadowbank Emulsion Plant                   |
| Ammonium Nitrate                 | 3,040 t                             | 20 t per sea can as 1 t bags        | Whale Tail Emulsion Plant                   |
| Ammonium Nitrate Fuel Oil (ANFO) | Manufactured on demand – 500,000 kg | 20,000 kg per truck                 | Whale Tail Emulsion Plant and Esker 6       |
| Motor Oil                        | Estimated at 800,000 L              | 20,800 L per sea can                | Inventory Laydown                           |

| Material                           | Maximum Anticipated on-site | Maximum Amount transported per unit | Storage Location*                           |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Trojan Boosters (Blasting Systems) | 34,000 kg                   | 15 t per sea can                    | Whale Tail Emulsion Plant                   |
| Borax, Anhydrous                   | 9,200 kg                    | 3,375 kg per sea can                | Inventory Laydown and Process Plant Laydown |
| Calcium Chloride                   | 910,000 kg                  | 10,000 kg per sea can               | Inventory Laydown                           |
| Copper Sulphate                    | 27.5 t                      | 20 t per sea can                    | Inventory Laydown and Process Plant Laydown |
| Diesel Fuel                        | 9.4 ML                      | 40,000 L per tanker                 | Meadowbank Tank Farm + small tanks on site  |
| Diesel Fuel                        | 2.3 ML                      | 40,000 L per tanker                 | Whale Tail Tank Farm + small tanks on site  |
| Diesel Fuel                        | 80 ML                       | 12,500 m <sup>3</sup> per vessel    | Baker Lake Tank Farm                        |
| Diesel Fuel                        | 1,915 L                     | 11,000 L Tanker                     | Whale Tail Haul Road Km 132                 |
| Dyno Split (Detagel)               | 135,000 kg                  | 15 Mt per sea can                   | Whale Tail Emulsion Plant                   |
| Nonel EZTL                         | 1,400 kg                    | 15 Mt per sea can                   | Whale Tail Emulsion Plant                   |
| Nonel MS                           | 1,800 kg                    | 15 Mt per sea can                   | Whale Tail Emulsion Plant                   |
| Ethylene Glycol                    | 60,000 L                    | 10,000 L per sea can                | Inventory Laydown                           |
| Jet A Fuel                         | 160,000 L                   | 11,000 L Tanker                     | Meadowbank Tank, tarmac                     |
| Jet A Fuel                         | 2,050,000 L                 | Vessel Tanker                       | Baker Lake Tank Farm                        |
| Jet A Fuel                         | 50,000 L                    | 11,000 L Tanker                     | Whale Tail – Helicopter Pad                 |
| Lead Acid Batteries                | 500 L                       | 500 L per sea can                   | Whale Tail and Meadowbank Main Warehouse    |
| Magnafloc 10 (Flocculant)          | 300 Mt                      | 15 Mt per sea can                   | Inventory Laydown                           |
| Nitric Acid                        | 130,000 L                   | 8,000 L per sea can                 | Inventory Laydown                           |
| Propane                            | 16 t                        | 3,028 L tank                        | Inventory Laydown + small tanks on site     |
| Sodium Cyanide                     | 3,700 t                     | 19 t per sea can                    | Inventory Laydown and Process Plant Laydown |
| Sodium Nitrate                     | 3 t                         | 5 t per sea can                     | Inventory Laydown                           |
| Sulfur                             | 1,100 t                     | 20 t per sea can                    | Inventory Laydown and Process Plant Laydown |
| Unleaded Gasoline                  | 10,000 L                    | 40,000 L tanker                     | Meadowbank Tank Farm                        |
| Unleaded Gasoline                  | 10,000 L                    | 40,000 L tanker                     | Whale Tail Tank Farm                        |
| Varsol                             | 4,000 L                     | 2,000 L per sea can                 | Inventory Laydown                           |

\*Main Locations of hazardous materials have been indicated on Figures 1 and 5 above.

## 6.1. Baker Lake Tank Description and surrounding environment

Agnico Eagle's Oil Handling Facility (OHF) is located in the area of Baker Lake at latitude 64°18'36" N and longitude 95°58'04" W. The Baker Lake OHF consists of a container system comprised of eight (8), ten (10) million-liter tanks for diesel fuel, within secondary containment (Figure 3). The steel fuel tanks have been field-erected and built to API-650 standards with each bermed area holding two tanks that are connected via a piping system. The piping system contains automatic/remote valves for each tank that is controlled from the HMI (Human Machine Interface), as well as manual valves. Each secondary containment has been designed to meet the requirements of the National Fire Code of Canada, which must have a volumetric capacity of not less than the sum of:

- A) The capacity of the largest storage tank located in the contained space, and;
- B) 10% of the greater of:
  - i. The capacity specified in Clause (A), or;
  - ii. The aggregate capacity of all other storage Tanks located in the contained space.

The above clauses require at minimum a containment capacity of 110% of the largest storage tank in the contained space, however, each secondary containment has been designed to hold 20 million liters of fuel. The volume occupied by the Tank foundation is considered in the total secondary containment capacity and berms of the secondary containment are constructed of granular material and are made impervious with a geomembrane.

### 6.1.1. Topography

The bulk fuel storage area is located east of the Hamlet of Baker Lake, approximately 350 m north of Baker Lake (Figure 4). The OHF sits on a low terrace parallel with the shoreline of the lake. There is a gradual slope (5 to 10% grade) toward Baker Lake with an approximate elevation change of 35 m from the OHF to the Baker Lake shoreline. The Baker Lake shoreline is gently sloping, well-drained and is lined with marine gravels, sands, and boulders.

### 6.1.2. Geology

The regional surficial geology is characterized by sandy till, bedrock outcrops, felsenmeer (ice-shattered bedrock), and shallow lakes. The most common soil type in this region is glacial till. Marine beach deposits are found along the north shore of Baker Lake.

The soil near the bulk fuel storage facility is comprised of silts, sands, gravels, cobbles, and boulders, and frost-susceptible glacial till overlying weathered bedrock. The soil thickness is typically less than 1.4 m with permafrost or bedrock encountered at less than 2 m. Approximately 60% of the surface area surrounding the bulk fuel storage facility is comprised of bedrock outcrop.

### 6.1.3. Flora and Fauna

There are no trees and few shrubs in the area surrounding the bulk fuel storage facility. The site is covered by low-lying vegetation; predominated by grassy hummocks, dwarf willow, sedge, green moss and lichen.

Arctic ground squirrels, ptarmigan, and songbirds are inhabitants in the area surrounding the bulk fuel storage facility. Lake cisco, lake trout, arctic char, lake whitefish, round whitefish, slimy sculpin, and stickleback are predominant species found in Baker Lake.

#### **6.1.4.Subsurface Conditions**

Test pits excavated in 2005 near the Bulk Fuel Storage Facility and between the tanks and the shoreline indicate a saturated top layer (0.2 m) of organic material (primarily green moss). A layer of grey to black medium sand is present up to 0.7 m thickness throughout the area, below which a saturated, grey brown, sand and silt layer is found.

Bedrock is exposed at shallow depths throughout the site in locations where topsoil or till soils are present. Bedrock is encountered at a maximum depth of 1.4 m. As predicted by the soil conditions, seepage flows in test pits indicate high site drainage (Baker Lake Bulk Fuel Storage Facility Environmental Performance Monitoring Plan).

#### **6.1.5.Water Quality**

Baker Lake water quality closely resembles distilled water as many conventional water chemistry parameters are at or below detection limits. The water column is generally well mixed and the water chemistry homogenous. During the open water season there is limited vertical stratification in temperature and dissolved oxygen, with observed higher salinity in the bottom strata.

#### **6.1.6.Bathymetric Data**

As required by Water License 2AM-MEA1530 Schedule B, Item 6, a bathymetric survey(s) is conducted prior to each year of shipping at the Baker Lake Marshaling Facility. The result of this annual bathymetry is provided in the annual report.

#### **6.1.7.Tides and Currents that Prevail at the Facility**

There is a general southward current in Hudson Bay at Chesterfield Inlet of about 19 km/day (CCG 2008). Tides are 4.6 meters with strong cross-currents at Chesterfield Inlet; usually flowing southwest at about 1.85 km/hr.

#### **6.1.8.Meteorological Conditions Prevailing at the Facility**

Monthly meteorological data has been collected from 1971 to 2025 from the Baker Lake "A" climate station, which is a Meteorological Service of Canada climate station. Snow and rain are combined to give monthly average precipitation. The prevailing winds for the area are generally from the north to north-west and average 20.46 km/hr.

#### **6.1.9.Surrounding Area Environmental Sensitivities**

The community of Baker Lake is a hamlet in the Kivalliq Region, in Nunavut on mainland Canada. Located 320 km inland from the west coast of the Hudson Bay, it is near the nation's geographical centre and is notable for being the Canadian Arctic's sole inland community. The hamlet is located at the mouth of the Thelon River on the shore of Baker Lake.

The freshwater provided to the community is taken in Baker Lake. The freshwater intake is located approximately 3.4 km from the Meadowbank OHF. See Figure 4 above for the exact location. The most likely cause of a spill is during fuel transfer. Preventive action will be taken to avoid any contamination in close proximity of the water intake and cause health and safety problems for the community:

- 1) As part of the spill procedure, Agnico Eagle will make the community of Baker Lake aware of any spill to ensure measures can be taken to ensure safety of the community by contacting Mayor /

Hamlet counsel and Fire department;

- 2) As part of the spill procedure, boom and absorbents pads will be deployed to confine and limit the progression of the spill into the water;
- 3) If spill cannot be captured prior to spreading towards the freshwater intake, maritime barrier or containment booms will be deployed around the freshwater pump and regular inspection will be done to see if there are visible sheen;
- 4) As a precaution and depending on the spill size, Agnico Eagle will work with the Baker Lake Hamlet Counsel to provide a notice to the community of Baker Lake to stop the consumption of the freshwater during the time spill is recovered and until a test on water is conducted. During this time Agnico will provide potable water to the community from the Meadowbank Mine Site to Baker Lake via the All-Weather Access Road until the freshwater is safe to drink<sup>1</sup>. As soon as the spill will be recovered and it's determined that the freshwater intake and distribution system is not contaminated the consumption of freshwater will resume.

Should a spill occur to land or on snow and ice, the response criteria outlined in Sections 5.2 and 5.4 will be followed in order to reduce the release of contaminants into the environment.

## **6.2. Meadowbank Diesel Tank description and surrounding environment**

The Meadowbank Bulk Fuel Storage Facility is located at Meadowbank, east of the main camp facilities adjacent to the mine operations haul road. There is one (1) above ground storage tank with approximately 5.6 million liters capacity and one (1) above ground storage tank with approximately 3.3 million liters capacity within the same lined secondary containment able of containing more than 110% of the volume of the largest storage tank. The piping system contains automatic/remote valves for each tank that is controlled from a HMI (Human Machine Interface), as well as manual valves. The facility is located at latitude 65°01'52" N and longitude 96°04'22" W.

### **6.2.1. Topography**

The surrounding area of the Meadowbank site consists of low, rolling hills with many small lakes; Third Portage Lake is located to the south and Second Portage Lake to the north. The bulk fuel storage tank at Meadowbank is bounded to the north by the mine site, a haul road to the east, and the waste management area to the south. The surface water drainage at the bulk fuel storage facility is towards the stormwater management pond to the north.

### **6.2.2. Geology**

The fuel storage sites have a thin, discontinuous cover of topsoil with minimal organic material. Soil thickness is typically between 1 and 5 m below which bedrock is encountered. In the area near, bedrock is encountered within 2m of existing ground surface or is exposed with weathered fractures extending 1 to 2 m into the rock.

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<sup>1</sup> The Meadowbank project keeps a supply of 120 twenty litre bottles of drinking water in supply at all times in case of emergency. As well the water treatment plant is capable of producing >200m<sup>3</sup> of water a day and the current usage for the mine site is ~110m<sup>3</sup>. Thus, if required the Meadowbank mine can produce drinking water for the community for an emergency cease in the consumption of potable water due to a spill at the Baker Lake Marshalling Facility

### **6.2.3. Flora and Fauna**

There are no trees and few shrubs in the area surrounding the Meadowbank site. The site is covered by low-lying vegetation; predominated by grassy hummocks, dwarf willow, sedge, green moss, and lichen.

Arctic ground squirrels, ptarmigan, and songbirds are inhabitants in the area surrounding the fuel storage areas. Lake trout, arctic char, lake whitefish, round whitefish, slimy sculpin, and stickleback are predominant fish species found in local lakes.

### **6.2.4. Subsurface Conditions**

Soil is characterized by lateral deposits of glacial till. Bedrock is exposed at shallow depths throughout the sites. There is high site drainage due to limited soil depth, high presence of fractured bedrock and glacial till.

### **6.2.5. Water Quality**

Water quality closely resembles distilled water as many conventional water chemistry parameters are at or below detection limits. The water column is generally well mixed and the water chemistry homogenous. During the open water season there is limited vertical stratification in temperature and dissolved oxygen.

### **6.2.6. Meteorological Conditions Prevailing at the Facility**

Refer to Section 6.1.8 above.

### **6.2.7. Surrounding Area Environmental Sensitivities**

There is no local community near the mine site. The surface water drainage at the bulk fuel storage facility is towards the stormwater management pond to the north and the risk of affecting surrounding area is low.

The freshwater provided to the mine is taken from Third Portage Lake. The freshwater intake is located approximately 2 km NW from the Meadowbank OHF. See Figure 1 above for the exact location. Spills to the environment are prevented through ensuring that the secondary containment is in good condition and adhering to proper fuel transfer procedures. In case of an emergency spill towards Third Portage Lake, preventive action will be taken to avoid any contamination in close proximity of the water intake and cause health and safety problems:

- 1) As part of the spill procedure, Agnico Eagle will make the community of Baker Lake aware of any emergency spill to ensure measures can be taken to ensure safety of the community by contacting Mayor / Hamlet counsel and Fire department;
- 2) As part of the spill procedure, boom and absorbents pads will be deployed to confined and limit the progression of the spill into the water; and
- 3) If spill cannot be captured prior to spreading towards the freshwater intake, maritime barrier or containment booms will be deployed around the freshwater pump and regular inspection will be done to see if there are visible sheen.

### **6.3. Whale Tail Haul Road KM 132 Surrounding Environment**

The double wall diesel tank at KM 132 is located in the tundra on a gravel pad near the WTHR. There are no water bodies in the vicinity of the tank that can be affected by a potential spill. There are no trees and few shrubs in the area surrounding the tank storage facility. The nearest community is located in Baker Lake and there is no risk that a spill at this tank will have consequences on the community.

### **6.4. Health and Environmental risk resulting from an emergency release of diesel fuel**

Short-term exposure to diesel fuel can cause irritation of the eye, skin, or respiratory tract. Dizziness, headache, or nausea can also be experienced. Long-term exposure to diesel fuel fumes can cause lung cancer, kidney damage and increased risk of heart attack.

Another risk related to an emergency release of diesel fuel would be the contamination of the drinking water. Diesel fuel is highly flammable and poses a serious fire hazard if not contained.

Diesel fuel is considered a non-persistent oil (as compared to a heavier Bunker or crude oil product) in even the calmest sea conditions, as it will lose 40% of its volume due to evaporation within 48 hours in cold weather. Adverse weather will disperse the sheen into smaller slicks creating a greater surface area for evaporation. In open rough seas, most of the volume released will be dispersed and evaporated within 5 days. Nevertheless, it still poses a threat to marine organisms and particularly birds if they happen to come into contact with the slick.

More details can be found in Appendix O.

The Spill Contingency Plan is approved by the Nunavut Water Board during the permitting phases of the Mine. This is a public document that is available to the public and is reviewed by other regulatory bodies for comment.

The possibility that an environmental emergency could occur, and the potential effects of an environmental emergency to the environment and to human life or health, as well as the measures that will be taken to protect the environment and human life or health will be communicated to the members of the community every year, especially prior to the fuel transfer from ship to shore at Baker Lake.

## SECTION 7 POTENTIAL SPILL ANALYSIS

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To prepare for emergency spill response, potential spill analyses were conducted using various worst-case scenarios. These exercises serve to identify potential risk areas, as well as to determine the fate of spilled products and their environmental effects. One such potential scenario was identified for the Meadowbank Mine, this being a tanker truck spilling its contents into a waterbody somewhere between Baker Lake and Meadowbank alongside the AWAR. Such a scenario could also be applied to a tanker truck going off the Whale Tail haul road and spilling its contents.

### **Scenario #1: Road Accident Tanker Truck Spill on AWAR**

Description of incident: Spill of the contents of a fuel tanker to the ground or water during transport from Baker Lake to the Meadowbank site.

Potential causes: Vehicle accident, human error, mechanical failure

Hazardous products spilled: Diesel fuel, aviation fuel

Maximum volume spilled: 40,000 liters

Immediate receiving medium: Stream, river or lake

Distance and direction to nearest receiving body of water: N/A

Resources to protect: Streams, rivers and lakes

Estimated emergency response time: Maximum time is 90 minutes depending on location of spill (assuming truck driver is injured and cannot commence spill response procedures). Minimum time to respond to a spill on the AWAR is 15 minutes.

Spill response procedures: Contain and recover oil slick downriver as described in Section 5.3, protect shorelines using absorbent booms. Collect free product for temporary storage. Clean-up soiled shorelines. If the response crew arrives before the complete loss of fuel from the tanker truck seal the leak if feasible, contain and recover oil spill on ground using dikes, sumps or trenches as described in Section 5.2. Also, if the truck driver is not injured, they will act as a first responder and immediately initiate the spill contingency plan as defined in Section 5 using the spill kit kept in fuel trucks.

## SECTION 8 RESPONSE EQUIPMENT

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### 8.1. General Equipment

This section addresses the emergency response machinery, equipment, tools and other resources that will be made available on-site for spill counter measures. It is the responsibility of the Environment Department and Emergency Response Teams to ensure that the present and condition of this equipment is adequate.

Mobile Equipment within the Meadowbank Complex that is available to Agnico Eagle that will be used for spill contingency includes:

- |                            |                |
|----------------------------|----------------|
| • Graders                  | Winch Trucks   |
| • Cranes                   | Pickup Trucks  |
| • Snowmobiles              | Generator Sets |
| • Vacuum Truck             | Fire Truck     |
| • Loaders                  | Aluminum Boats |
| • Backhoe                  | Fuel Trucks    |
| • Bulldozer                | Bobcat         |
| • Forklift and Telehandler | Haul Trucks    |
| • Water Trucks             | Snow Cat       |
| • Hyster                   | Manlift        |
| • Excavators               |                |

If required, additional equipment on site will be made available to assist with spill recovery. Temporary containment systems are also available on site and include:

- Booms
- Drums
- Tanks
- Tailings Pond
- Spill absorbent material packages/pads
- Silt fencing
- Maritime Barrier
- Water-Gate Barrier

Emergency transportation that will be used in an emergency situation are:

- Aircraft (fixed wing or helicopter)
- 4-wheel drive vehicles
- Snowmobiles
- Boats
- Tundra Buggy
- SHERP (amphibious all-terrain vehicle)

Communication equipment at Meadowbank and Whale Tail includes radios, computers, telephones, and other wireless communication systems that will be used in the event of an emergency situation.

Spill Response kits are strategically located where required around the Meadowbank and Whale Tail sites. Tank at Km 132 also have a spill response kit. Each department and work area is responsible for providing sufficient spill response kits in their respective work areas. The kits are kept in marked and accessible

locations. The locations include all fuel storage areas, chemical storage areas and so on.

All of the mobile equipment on all sites (heavy equipment) contains an emergency spill kit.

Agnico Eagle also has two enclosed Environmental Emergency Trailers which are easily accessible and mobile. The trailers are located on site at Meadowbank Mine site and can be equipped with spill response material in the event of an emergency. The trailer can contain the following items:

- Pump Elastec
- Pump accessories
- Vacuum ends
- 45 gallons top
- Tubing 2 inches diameter
- Tubing 3 or 4 inches diameter
- Diesel Fuel jerry can (placed on a miniberm)
- Spill kit accessory (red box)
- Drums opener
- Wescot (to open empty drum screw)
- Empty drums
- Drums berm
- Drums berm 4x8
- Tarp 20x30
- Tarp 30x50
- Oil white spill pads
- Universal boom 5x10
- Universal boom 8x10
- ABS pipe: 10' (4")
- ABS pipe: 10' (6")
- Cell U-Sorb
- Sphagsorb
- 3 Size of Wedge wood
- Plug pattie
- Quatrex bags
- Hand shovel
- Ice chisel
- Sledge hammer
- Rod bar (4')

Along the AWAR there are nine (9) environmental emergency sea cans (Figure 10). Currently, there are five (5) environmental emergency sea cans installed along the Whale Tail Haul Road, between the Whale Tail Mine and Meadowbank sites. Approximate locations are detailed on Figure 11 below. These sea cans are, or will be placed, strategically placed along the roads at water crossings. Each environmental emergency sea can contain the following material:

- Empty drums (Sealed)
- Mini berm 36"x 36" x4'
- 4 drum spill berm 4x8
- Tarp 20'x30'
- Tarp 30'x50'

- Oil white spill pads
- Universal boom 5"x10' (Chemical)
- Universal boom 8"x10' (Chemical)
- Oil only booms 5"x10' (Hydrocarbons)
- Maritime barrier (Baffle)
- ABS pipe: 10' (4")
- Cell U-Sorb
- Amerisorb peat moss
- Oil gator absorbent
- Plug pattie
- Quattrex bags
- Fork lift crate (pallets)
- Long handle round point shovel
- Chisel point crow bar 16 lbs 57"
- Ice chisel
- Sledge hammer 12 lbs 36"
- Rod bar (4')

The following equipment is available right at the Baker Lake OHF at any given time in a sea can designated for Environmental Emergency and can be deployed on scene within one hour, if it's safe to do, to contain and control the spill.

- 3 x Empty drums (sealed)
- 2 x Mini Berm 36"x 36"
- 2 x 4 Drums Berm 4'x 8'
- 4 x Tarp 20'x 30'
- 4 x Tarp 30'x 50'
- 20 x Oil Spill Absorbent Pads
- 10 x Universal Absorbent Boom 5"x 10' (For Hydro-soluble Chemical)
- 10 x Universal Absorbent Boom 8"x 10' (For Hydro-soluble Chemical)
- 10 x Petroleum base Absorbent Boom 5"x 10' (for Petroleum product)
- 8 x Maritime Barrier (Baffle)
- 5 x ABS pipe: 10' long x 4" diameter
- 2 x Cell-U-Sorb (Absorbent)
- 2 x Amerisorb Peat moss (Absorbent)
- 2 x Oil Gator Absorbent
- 1 x Plug Patties
- 4 x Quatrex bags
- 2 x Fork Lift Crate
- 4 x Hand Shovel
- 1 x Crow Bar Chisel
- 1 x Ice Breaker Chisel
- 1 x Sledge hammer
- 15 x Rod bar 4'
- 1 x ½ drum containment
- 1 x 100 feet of rope
- 1 x Knife to cut rope
- 1 x Boat with motor, gasoline jerry can (sea can #321225)

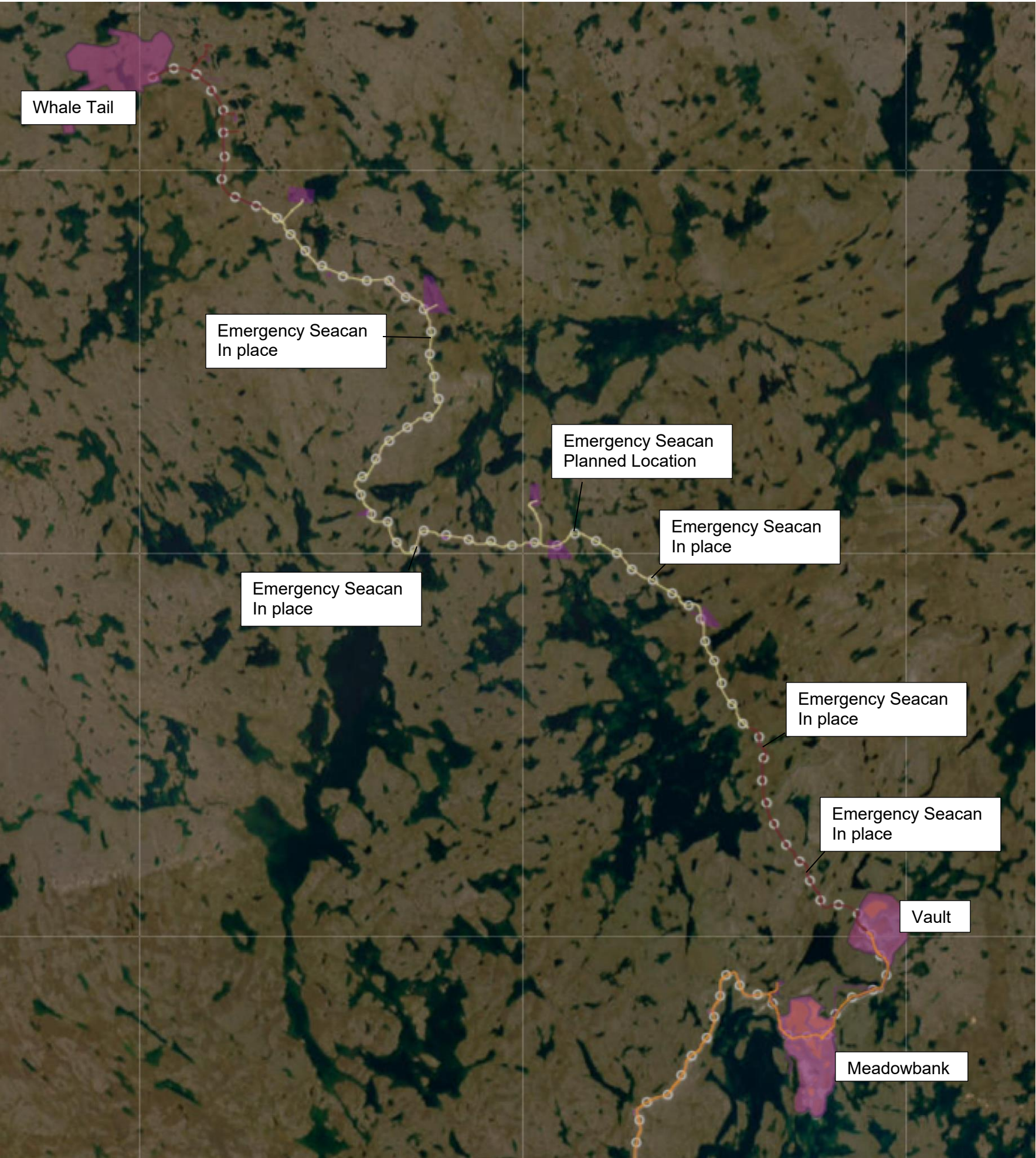
If required, external resources are available in the Hamlet of Baker Lake and those contacts are found in Table 4.

Figure 10: Map of AWAR Including Locations of Environmental Emergency Sea cans



Environmental Emergency Sea cans

Figure 11: Map of Whale Tail Haul Road Including Locations of Environmental Emergency Sea cans



## SECTION 9 TRAINING & EMERGENCY SPILL/EXERCISE

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A designated Emergency Response Team (ERT) consisting of on-site personnel has been established at Meadowbank and another team is established at Whale Tail. Agnico Eagle will ensure that the ERTs are trained and present for major spill response at all times. All members of the teams are trained and familiar with emergency and spill response resources, including their location and access, the SCP, and appropriate emergency spill response methodologies. The ERT has up to sixty (60) members, each of whom train eight (8) hours per month.

The following training is included:

- A review of the spill response plan and responsibilities of the ERT members;
- The nature, status, and location of fuel and chemical storage facilities;
- The on-site and off-site spill response equipment and how to use it;
- Emergency contact lists;
- Desktop exercises of “worst case” scenarios;
- The likely causes and possible effects of spills; and
- On-site personnel.

Every employee and contractor at Agnico Eagle receives spill and waste management training during their e-learning. This e-learning training program has been developed to provide more complete training to all personnel (Agnico Eagle and contractors) that will cover safe spill response and intervention as well as awareness to different guidelines pertaining to spills. This training is mandatory for all personnel. Spill preparedness and response toolboxes are also presented throughout the year by the Environment department to all other departments. ERT members receive more extensive HAZMAT training and learn how to respond while wearing personal protective equipment (PPE).

In February 2020, two employees from the Environmental Department followed the Marine Spill Response Operation Course (MSROC) given by the Canadian Coast Guard (CCG). In 2022, 2024, and 2025 a Spill Response Training was given by SWAT Consulting Inc. to the Environment Department and Emergency Response Team. The training allowed the participants to gain experience on spill intervention and awareness of spill management gear.

The road crews between Baker Lake and Meadowbank and Meadowbank and Whale Tail also receive spill response and prevention training through toolboxes. Agnico Eagle also performs a Mock Spill Scenario annually in Baker Lake. You can find the details of the 2025 Mock Spill in Appendix K. As per the Environment Emergency Regulations, an annual simulation exercise will be conducted for both Meadowbank and Baker Lake, that focuses on diesel fuel (hazard category F). The goal of the annual simulation is to cycle through one of the worst-case, alternate worst-case, and alternate scenarios each year. In September 2025, the annual simulation exercise for Meadowbank was a drill that involved a presentation of the diesel fuel container system valve operation, as well as a review of the fuel dip procedure. As per the E2 Regulations, after five years, a full-scale exercise is required to occur for both the Meadowbank site and the Baker Lake Oil Handling facility individually as they are considered separate facilities under the E2 regulations. The full-scale exercise for Meadowbank was completed in 2024. In 2025, a full-scale simulation exercise was conducted at Baker Lake on September 14<sup>th</sup>, 2025. Agnico Eagle hired SWAT Consulting Inc. to facilitate a simulation exercise based on the Alternate Worst-Case scenario, for Baker Lake. This simulation involved Agnico Eagle's Emergency Response Team, Emergency Management Team, and Environment personnel.

The exercise involved an ongoing release from the Ship-to-Shore Connection, connected to a floating transfer hose from an offloading vessel, resulting in the release of 9,000 L of diesel fuel. The release of fuel was simulated by a tote filled with freshwater adjacent to the connection. The simulation exercise report can be found with the Mock Spill in Appendix K. Debriefing of these simulation exercises will allow personnel to determine the aspect of the current plan (training, prevention, communication) that will need to be improved. A comprehensive review of the SCP was completed following the exercise report. Equipment inventory, storage locations, and deployment procedures have been evaluated and optimized to better meet the operational needs of each site. Equipment upgrades will continue to be implemented through the regular replacement program. On-site spill response training and simulation exercises will also continue throughout 2026 to maintain readiness and support ongoing improvement with a special focus on available resources in the event of an emergency. The Environmental Department regularly attends tool-box sessions to provide information on spill response, spill prevention and spill reporting procedures.

## **SECTION 10           MDMER INFORMATION**

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The Fisheries Act prohibits the deposit of deleterious substances into fish frequented waters unless authorized by regulation. The Metal and Diamond Mining Effluent Regulations (MDMER) were promulgated under the Fisheries Act and exempts metal and diamond mining industry from subsection 36(3) general prohibition of the Act. The purpose of the MDMER is to improve metal mine effluent management and greater protection of fish, fish habitat, and consumption of fish by humans. Being subject to the MDMER sets out limits and parameters that enable industries to deposit deleterious substances into waters frequented by fish. The MDMER includes effluent limits on releases of nine parameters: six metals (arsenic, copper, cyanide, lead, nickel and zinc), unionized ammonia, radium-226, and total suspended solids (TSS). The MDMER also imposes limits on the pH of effluent and prohibits the discharge of effluent that is acutely lethal to fish/daphnia, even if it is determined that the nine MDMER parameters and pH effluent is in compliance. Total suspended solid is the parameter in the effluent discharge that is the most likely to give concern for the discharge in freshwater. Arsenic was also identified as a parameter of concern for the Whale Tail discharge to the environment. To prevent this, a Water Treatment Plant was put in place to treat TSS and arsenic, if needed.

The Final Discharge Point (FDP) means an identifiable discharge point of a mine beyond which the operator of the mine no longer exercises control over the quality of the effluent. For example, sampling within the tailings pond would not be classified as a legal sample as the mine still exercises control over the quality of the effluent within a tailings pond.

For discharge to the receiving environment, before discharging occurs, required samples from the FDP are taken and analyzed to ensure they are compliant. Under the Nunavut Water Board Water License 2AM-MEA1530 and 2AM-WTP1830, Agnico Eagle also has to notify CIRNAC before starting the discharge.

This Spill Contingency Plan contains emergency response information in accordance with Part 3, Section 30 of the Metal and Diamond Mining Effluent Regulations. Appendix M includes a cross-reference table addressing subsections 30 (1) to 30(4) of the regulations. Should non-compliant effluent be discharged to the receiving environment, the environment department will work alongside the operation to mitigate and document the potential adverse effects. If analysis indicates an MDMER or Water License limit is exceeded or a field measurement indicates a trend towards non-compliance, discharge is to be stopped. An evaluation is done and if necessary, treatment occurs. Agnico Eagle is also required to report the effluent discharge to the Spills line and provide a written report no later than 30 days after the incident.

### **10.1. Seepage Locations**

When potential seepages (dike, infrastructure) are discovered and/or spill from operation happens and can enter fish bearing waters, mitigation measures are taken (building dikes, pumping stations, putting maritime barriers, etc.). As of now, two (2) seepages were discovered entering fish bearing waters at Meadowbank and one (1) at Whale Tail:

1. On November 4, 2013, it was observed that water was seeping through the road in front of the Assay Lab Road. In December 2013, Agnico Eagle requested Tetra Tech (formerly EBA) to perform an assessment, drilling delineation program and provide a report with recommendations in early 2014. Construction of an interception trench was completed in April-May 2014 and repairs and sealing of containment structures within the mill were completed during the summer of 2014. In November 2015 work was conducted to repair portions of the mill floor and ensure its watertight integrity. Agnico also put in place an internal action plan and monitoring program for this seep in 2014. The monitoring is part of the Freshet Action Plan. Refer to Appendix D of the Meadowbank

Water Management Report and Plan for more details regarding the monitoring and action taken by Agnico before, during and after the freshet at this seepage area. Daily visual inspections were conducted during freshet. Prior to and after freshet, inspections were conducted weekly and after rain events. Monitoring in Third Portage Lake in response to the mill seepage through the assay road (identified in 2013) continues to indicate that there has been no impact to the near shore receiving waters of Third Portage Lake. The seepage appears to be effectively contained through construction of an interception trench (2014).

2. The Portage Waste Rock Storage Facility (PRSF) has been in operation since 2009. In 2013, ponded water was observed at the south-east base of the PRSF (sampling station ST-16). This was first reported in the 2013 Annual Report (as well as to regulators in July 2013) as a small volume of the seepage, with elevated levels of cyanide, nickel and copper (among other constituents) had migrated, through a rockfill perimeter road, to the near shore area of NP-2 Lake. Agnico determined, in 2013, that the seepage contained reclaim water from the North Cell TSF that had flowed under the PRSF to a sump area designated as sampling station ST-16. Mitigation measures were implemented in since 2013 and this included daily inspections during the freshet period, the installation of a pumping system in ST-16 to direct accumulated water back to the TSF, installation of four thermistors to analyze freezing in the PRSF and installation of a filter barrier along RF-1 and 2 to prevent water and tailings egress from the North Cell (tailings water) through the PRSF to ST-16. As part of progressive reclamation capping of the North Cell tailings commenced in winter 2015 and continued as of today. Thermistors installed in 2013 indicate also that freezeback is occurring along the seepage path. In accordance with the Freshet Action Plan (see Appendix D of the Water Management Report and Plan), Agnico Eagle continued to monitor water quality and contain the ST-16 Seepage. From 2014 to 2019, average analysis results for applicable parameters confirmed no impacts to downstream lakes (NP-1, Dogleg, Second Portage Lake).
3. As required by Part H, Item 8b of Water License 2AM-WTP1830, Agnico Eagle informed regulators via email on August 25, 2019, that during an inspection held on August 24, 2019, of the Whale Tail Waste Rock Storage Facility (WRSF) Dike, a water flow was observed at the toe of the dike entering Kangislulik Lake. Following observation of the water flow, special measures were immediately put in place on August 24 to reduce the flowrate by pumping water out of the WRSF collection pond, with the ultimate objective to stop the flow as quickly as possible.

The WRSF pond was considered to be essentially empty by September 1, 2019, within one week of the first observation. In the meantime, an access road to the toe of the dike was constructed to allow the installation of a water collection system to pump the water back upstream. The collection system was operated until the onset of freezing conditions on September 30 but after the pond was emptied. By this time, it was mostly collecting drainage water downstream of the dike.

The visual detection of this seepage downstream of the dike was difficult because of the presence of a boulder field at the toe which caused the flow to be somewhat diffuse as well as the presence of natural runoff reporting in this area.

A series of samples were taken for analysis on August 26, 2019, from the water source (WRSF Pond) as well as from the receiving waterbody (Kangislulik Lake). The toxicity test results were provided on September 13, 2019, report and showed no mortalities.

Samples were also taken to test the water quality specifically for MDMER related parameters on August 26, 2019. Sampling locations were identified as WRSF flow (water sampled downstream of the dike, where the flow was first observed and where a sump was excavated) and Kangislulik Lake receiving (water sampled within a few meters of the shoreline of Kangislulik Lake north).

Analysis results from these samples and from subsequent samples taken at both locations showed no exceedances of the MDMER water quality criteria. These results are consistent with the expected water quality for this contact water.

A series of measures were implemented to minimize the risk of a similar occurrence in the future:

- The water level in the WRSF pond was maintained at a low level throughout 2020 as per recommendation from the MDRB as a precautionary measure and to ensure protection of the freeze-back of the key trench and will continue for the following years;
- Permafrost penetration was promoted during winter 2019-2020 by implementing a series of additional measures to increase the robustness of the infrastructure and in particular the upstream toe against permafrost degradation:
  - Strategic snow removal to keep the toe more exposed to winter conditions;
  - Keeping a low water level (if any) in the pond during winter and summer months;
  - Placing additional thermal cover material on the upstream portion of the dike; and;
  - Assessing freeze back performance with periodic instrumentation review;
  - A more robust downstream water collection system was designed and constructed; and
  - Thermistors monitoring will continue.
- In addition, the following environmental monitoring was conducted:
  - A monthly limnology profile of Kangislulik Lake was completed over the winter and in open water conditions;
  - A core receiving environment monitoring program was carried out, including Kangislulik lake; and
- A sediment sampling campaign was executed in the summer at Kangislulik Lake.

No more seepage occurred from WRSF Dike. The mitigation measures implemented in 2020 were successful in ensuring the proper performance of this infrastructure.

## **10.2. Final Discharge Points (FDP) - Meadowbank**

For the discharge to receiving environment, the FDP is located downstream of the Effluent Water Treatment Plant or after the pumping station; beyond that point Agnico Eagle cannot exercise control over the quality of the effluent. FDP water quality is assessed with grab samples; the sampling point is located at a valve along the discharge pipe, at the pump or after the Water Treatment Plant.

### **10.2.1. ST-MMER-1**

Agnico Eagle Meadowbank Mine became subject to the Metal Mines Effluent Regulations (MMER), under the Fisheries Act, on January 1, 2010, as the dewatering of Second Portage Lake occurred at a flow rate greater than 50 m<sup>3</sup> per day. Once the dewatering was completed, it became the Portage Attenuation Pond. Water was treated via a water treatment plan and was discharged in Third Portage Lake via a diffuser, to control erosion and disturbance to bottom sediments. On November 19, 2014, tailings deposition commenced in the South Cell (Portage Attenuation Pond), and this represented the end of use of the Portage Attenuation Pond. There has been no further effluent discharge to Third Portage Lake since July

5, 2014. This FDP was permanently dismantled on May 1, 2019, to ECCC and is inactive in ECCC's Mine Effluent Reporting System (MERS). Refer to Figure 1 above for the FDP location.

### 10.2.2. ST-MMER-2

The Vault final discharge point became subject to the MMER Regulation on June 27, 2013, at the commencement of the dewatering of Vault Lake. Once the dewatering was completed, it became the Vault Attenuation Pond. TSS water treatment plan was not required for discharge to Wally Lake as water was compliant with Section 4(1) of the regulation. Water was discharged via a diffuser, to control erosion and disturbance to bottom sediments. The discharge was stopped since October 2017 and restarted discharging to Wally Lake in September 2025. This FDP is still active in ECCC's MERS. Refer to Figure 2 above for the FDP location and Photo 1 below.

**Photo 1. FDP Vault Attenuation Pond Discharge Meadowbank**



### 10.2.3. ST-MMER-3

The East Dike Seepage Discharge became subject to the MMR on January 6, 2014. Water was pumped from the two collection points, South and North seepage and discharged through a common header through a diffuser, to control erosion and disturbance to bottom sediments environment, into Second Portage Lake. The seepage water was released into the Second Portage Lake, prior to contact with mining activity, without treatment as it is compliant with Section 4 (1) of the regulation. This FDP is still active in ECCC's MERS. Refer to Figure 1 above for the FDP location and Photo 2 below.

**Photo 2. FDP East Dike Discharge Meadowbank**



### **10.3. Final Discharge Points (FDP) – Whale Tail**

#### **10.3.1. ST-MDMER-4**

At the Whale Tail Mine, during the in-water portion of the Whale Tail Dike Construction, Agnico Eagle had an effluent discharge from the construction dewatering activities. The Whale Tail Mine became subject to the MDMER on July 27, 2018, as the discharge occurred at a flow rate greater than 50 m<sup>3</sup> per day. The FDP sample was taken from the Water Treatment Plan prior to the release on the tundra, which flows onto a natural boulder field at the edge of the Whale Tail Lake North Basin (receiving environment). Discharge was stopped since August 27, 2018. This FDP was permanently dismantled on May 1, 2019, to ECCC and is inactive in ECCC's MERS.

#### **10.3.2. ST-MDMER-5**

During the dewatering of the Whale Tail North Basin, an FDP was created in 2019 - ST-MDMER-5 WT North Basin Dewatering Phase 1. The dewatering of Whale Tail North was completed on May 20, 2020. This FDP was subject to MDMER on March 5<sup>th</sup>, 2019. In 2020, depending on the water quality, ST-MDMER-5 was pumped and discharged to Whale Tail Lake South Basin with or without water treatment to be compliant with Section 4 (1) of the MDMER. The effluent was discharged via a submerged diffuser to control erosion and disturbance to bottom sediments. The final discharge point (FDP) is located near the shore of Whale Tail South Basin. Refer to Figure 12 below for the FDP location and Photo 3 below. This discharge is still active in ECCC's MERS.

**Photo 3. ST-MDMER-5 FDP**



#### **10.3.3. ST-MDMER-6**

During the Whale Tail North Basin dewatering, when the water required treatment for TSS, the water was pumped and treated via the Water Treatment Plan and discharged back in Kangislulik Lake (formerly Mammoth Lake) via a submerged diffuser to control erosion and disturbance to bottom sediments - ST-MDMER-6 WT North Basin Dewatering Phase 2. This FDP became subject to MDMER on June 17, 2019. No water was discharged since October 26, 2019. This FDP was permanently dismantled on July 18, 2023, and is inactive in ECCC's MERS.

**Photo 4. ST-MDMER-6 FDP before dismantling**



#### **10.3.4. ST-MDMER-7**

Quarry 1 water was discharged to Kangislulik Lake via a submerged diffuser to control erosion and disturbance to bottom sediments – ST MDMER-7. ST-MDMER-7 intake was originally planned to be the Whale Tail Attenuation Pond and the sampling point of the FDP at the Water Treatment Plant. Since the Whale Tail Attenuation Pond was not yet operational due to ongoing dewatering, Agnico Eagle sent a notification of modification to ECCC on September 19, 2019, to move the intake from Whale Tail Attenuation Pond to Quarry 1. The sampling point of the FDP moved from after the Water Treatment Plan (WTP) to the intake of the pump in Quarry 1. On March 20, 2020, Agnico Eagle sent a notification to ECCC to modify this FDP and move the intake to the Attenuation Pond and the FDP on the shore of Kangislulik Lake. On May

15, 2023, Agnico Eagle sent a 60-day notification of modification to merge FDP ST-MDMER-7, ST-MDMER-8, and ST-MDMER-9 into one single FDP. The merge FDP name is ST-MDMER-8, see below. This FDP was permanently dismantled on July 18, 2023, and is inactive in ECCC's MERS.

**Photo 5. ST-MDMER-7 FDP before dismantling**



#### **10.3.5. ST-MDMER-8**

Agnico Eagle submitted an application, as per the MDMER regulation Section 10 (1), to ECCC on May 8, 2019, regarding the creation of the ST-MDMER-8 discharge. Water was first discharged from this FDP on June 17, 2020. The original application for this FDP was a water intake in the Whale Tail Attenuation Pond and FDP sampling location after the WTP. On March 20, 2020, Agnico Eagle sent a notice of modification to ECCC regarding the FDP sampling location. The sampling location was moved from after the WTP to a sampling valve installed on the HDPE discharge pipe near the shore of Kangislulik Lake. On May 15, 2023, Agnico Eagle sent a 60-day notification of modification to merge FDP ST-MDMER-7, ST-MDMER-8, and ST-MDMER-9 into one single FDP. The sampling location is now at the header after the AsWTP. This discharge is still active in ECCC's MERS. Refer to Figure 12 below for the FDP location and Photo 6 below.

**Photo 6. ST-MDMER-8 FDP**



#### **10.3.6. ST-MDMER-9**

Application submitted to ECCC on May 8, 2019, as per the MDMER regulation Section 10 (1), also included the creation of the FDP ST-MDMER-9. The original application for this FDP was a water intake in the Whale Tail Attenuation Pond and FDP sampling location after the WTP. On March 20, 2020, Agnico Eagle sent a notice of modification to ECCC to move the water intake from after the WTP to a sampling valve installed on the HDPE discharge pipe near the shore of Kangislulik Lake. On May 15, 2023, Agnico Eagle sent a 60-day notification of modification to merge FDP ST-MDMER-7, ST-MDMER-8, and ST-MDMER-9 into one single FDP. The merge FDP name is ST-MDMER-8, see above. This FDP was permanently dismantled on July 18, 2023, to ECCC and is inactive in ECCC's MERS. No water has ever been discharged from this FDP.

#### **10.3.7. ST-MDMER-10**

During September 23, 2019, ECCC's MDMER inspection at Whale Tail Mine, the Enforcement Officer observed a discharge from the A-P5 pond to the tundra towards the Nemo Lake watershed. After investigation, Agnico Eagle was notified on October 3, 2019, that the A-P5 discharge to environment must meet the definition of an effluent and thus must be submitted to the Minister of the Environment the information required by MDMER Section 9. The requested information was provided on October 31, 2019. A-P5 Stormwater Management Pond was a man-made structure use for the water management on the Whale Tail site. Water collected by this pond was mainly non-contact water but can receive contact water from the underground operation or other location around site, if needed. Water from this pond was discharged to tundra in the watershed of Nemo Lake, via one HDEP pipe flowing into a boulder field in a manner to dissipate energy and limit erosion. No water treatment was required for the discharge as the water quality was expected to reach the MDMER discharge criteria. If not, water will be pumped in the Whale Tail Attenuation Pond. FDP and sampling point (ST-MDMER-10 A-P5 Discharge) for this discharge was located at the water intake pump. FDP discharge only for a couple of days in 2019. This FDP was permanently dismantled on July 18, 2023, and is inactive in ECCC's MERS.

#### **10.3.8. ST-MDMER-11**

Agnico Eagle submitted an application, as per the MDMER regulation Section 10 (1), to ECCC on May 8, 2019, regarding the creation of the ST-MDMER-11 discharge. Discharge began on November 6, 2020, and was subject to the MDMER regulations. The water intake for this FDP is the Whale Tail and/or IVR Attenuation Pond where water is treated in the WTP before being discharged into Whale Tail South via a diffuser. The FDP sampling location is at the header after the AsWTP. This FDP is currently active in ECCC'S MERS. Refer to Figure 12 below for the FDP location and Photo 7 below.

**Photo 7. ST-MDMER-11 FDP**



Figure 12 FDP Location Whale Tail



**Appendix A**

**Environmental Department Weekly Inspection Template**

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## Inspections



Inspections

Findings

Action Plans

Inspection Types

More

Edit

Add Entry

Delete

Archive

Clone

Publish

Exit

## MBK HazMat



## Checklist Definition

## Checklist Type

MBK Environment

## Code

MBKEnv.11

## Title

MBK HazMat

## Description

Active



## Questions

Attach an existing Question

Create &amp; Attach a new Question

Detach Question(s)

Actions

| Question Code                                         | Question                                                                                                  | Answer Type          | Choice List                                | Order                |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/>                              | <input type="text"/>                                                                                      | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/>                       | <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Section: <i>(empty)</i> (29) |                                                                                                           |                      |                                            |                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> MBKEnv.Q247                  | Are signs identifying Waste Disposal Facility in place and posted in English, Inuktitut and French        | Choice               | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 247.00               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> MBKEnv.Q248                  | Are there any visual spills?                                                                              | Choice               | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 248.00               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> MBKEnv.Q249                  | All Hazardous Waste disposals are located at a minimum distance of 31m from the ordinary high water mark. | Choice               | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 249.00               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> MBKEnv.Q250                  | Prevention in place to disallow chemicals, petroleum products and waste                                   | Choice               | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 250.00               |

| Question Code                                                                                                            | Question                                                                                                          | Answer Type | Choice List                                | Order  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------|--------|
|                                                                                                                          | from entering water body                                                                                          |             |                                            |        |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q251   | Secondary containment in place for fuel and chemicals at all locations and for all refuelling stations.           | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 251.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q252   | Are signs identifying monitoring stations in place and posted in English, Inuktitut and French                    | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 252.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q253   | All hazardous wastes, waste oil and non-combustible waste generated through the course of the operation are re... | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 253.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q254   | All Hazardous waste sent off site is manifested                                                                   | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 254.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q255  | Ensure that spills, if any, are cleaned up immediately and that the site is kept clean of debris, including wi... | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 255.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q256 | Management and control waste in a manner that reduces or eliminates the attraction to carnivores and/or raptor... | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 256.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q257 | Ensure the hazardous material are contained using environmentally protective methods based on practical best m... | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 257.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q258 | Are storage containers clearly labelled to identify Hazardous substance?                                          | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 258.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q259 | Are storage containers in good condition? Is there any visible damage or leaks? Can the doors be sealed shut?     | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 259.00 |

| Question Code                                                                                                            | Question                                                                                      | Answer Type | Choice List                                | Order  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------|--------|
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q260   | Is HAZMAT in containers properly segregated?                                                  | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 260.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q261   | Is waste in containers properly segregated?                                                   | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 261.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q262   | Is HAZMAT arrangement to prevent from falling or dislodging?                                  | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 262.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q263   | Where necessary – Is HAZMAT placed on pallets i.e. Drums?                                     | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 263.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q264   | Where necessary – Are containers with product stored in an upright position?                  | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 264.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q265   | Where necessary – Are Quatrex bags closed properly?                                           | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 265.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q266   | Do you see any potential environmental hazards posed by these HAZARDOUS containers/materials? | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 266.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q267 | Are there any additional environmental hazards/potential impacts that require attention?      | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 267.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q268 | Are there any Health and Safety issues that should be addressed to prevent injury to workers? | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 268.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q269 | In the punctured spray can c-can, do we have non-punctured spray can?                         | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 269.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q270 | In the grease c-can, do we have open top drums without top, or screw?                         | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 270.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q271 | In the empty pails c-can, do we have metal pails that should be in the metal recycling c-can? | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 271.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q272 | Monitoring for the potential introduction of invasive vegetation                              | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 272.00 |

| Question Code                                                                                                          | Question                                     | Answer Type | Choice List                                | Order  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------|--------|
|                                                                                                                        | species for the terrestrial environment.     |             |                                            |        |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q273 | Any vehicles with garbage in the box?        | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 273.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q274 | Are all seacan doors closed?                 | Choice      | Compliant / Non-compliant / Not applicable | 274.00 |
| <input type="checkbox"/>  MBKEnv.Q276 | Date of last Env. visual inspection (weekly) | Date        |                                            | 276.00 |
| 1 - 29 of 29                                                                                                           |                                              |             |                                            |        |
| Items Displayed                                                                                                        |                                              |             |                                            | 50     |

## Checklist Version History

Delete List All

| Checklist Code                     | Title      | Description | Date Created | Is Active |
|------------------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|
| <input type="checkbox"/>           |            |             |              |           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> MBKEnv.11 | MBK HazMat |             | 2026/01/22   | Yes       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> MBKEnv.11 | MBK HazMat |             | 2025/04/15   | No        |
| 1 - 2 of 2                         |            |             |              |           |
| Items Displayed                    |            |             |              | 20        |

## Private Document Attachment

Attach Document Detach Document List All

Attachment Name

URL

☐

No records to display.

Items Displayed

10

## Appendix B

### NT-NU Spill Report Form

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Canada

# NT-NU SPILL REPORT

OIL, GASOLINE, CHEMICALS AND OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

NT-NU 24-HOUR SPILL REPORT LINE

TEL: (867) 920-8130

FAX: (867) 873-6924

EMAIL: spills@gov.nt.ca

REPORT LINE USE ONLY

|   |                                                                                                                                          |          |                                               |                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                            |                               |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| A | REPORT DATE: MONTH – DAY – YEAR                                                                                                          |          | REPORT TIME                                   |                                                                                                                       | <input type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SPILL REPORT, OR<br><input type="checkbox"/> UPDATE # _____ TO THE ORIGINAL SPILL REPORT | <b>REPORT NUMBER</b><br>_____ |
|   | B OCCURRENCE DATE: MONTH – DAY – YEAR                                                                                                    |          | B OCCURRENCE TIME                             |                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                            |                               |
| C | LAND USE PERMIT NUMBER (IF APPLICABLE)                                                                                                   |          |                                               | WATER LICENCE NUMBER (IF APPLICABLE)                                                                                  |                                                                                                                            |                               |
| D | GEOGRAPHIC PLACE NAME OR DISTANCE AND DIRECTION FROM NAMED LOCATION                                                                      |          |                                               | REGION                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                            |                               |
|   |                                                                                                                                          |          |                                               | <input type="checkbox"/> NWT <input type="checkbox"/> NUNAVUT <input type="checkbox"/> ADJACENT JURISDICTION OR OCEAN |                                                                                                                            |                               |
| E | LATITUDE                                                                                                                                 |          |                                               | LONGITUDE                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                            |                               |
|   | DEGREES                                                                                                                                  | MINUTES  | SECONDS                                       | DEGREES                                                                                                               | MINUTES                                                                                                                    | SECONDS                       |
| F | RESPONSIBLE PARTY OR VESSEL NAME                                                                                                         |          | RESPONSIBLE PARTY ADDRESS OR OFFICE LOCATION  |                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                            |                               |
| G | ANY CONTRACTOR INVOLVED                                                                                                                  |          | CONTRACTOR ADDRESS OR OFFICE LOCATION         |                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                            |                               |
| H | PRODUCT SPILLED                                                                                                                          |          | QUANTITY IN LITRES, KILOGRAMS OR CUBIC METRES |                                                                                                                       | U.N. NUMBER                                                                                                                |                               |
|   | SECOND PRODUCT SPILLED (IF APPLICABLE)                                                                                                   |          | QUANTITY IN LITRES, KILOGRAMS OR CUBIC METRES |                                                                                                                       | U.N. NUMBER                                                                                                                |                               |
| I | SPILL SOURCE                                                                                                                             |          | SPILL CAUSE                                   |                                                                                                                       | AREA OF CONTAMINATION IN SQUARE METRES                                                                                     |                               |
| J | FACTORS AFFECTING SPILL OR RECOVERY                                                                                                      |          | DESCRIBE ANY ASSISTANCE REQUIRED              |                                                                                                                       | HAZARDS TO PERSONS, PROPERTY OR EQUIPMENT                                                                                  |                               |
| K | ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, COMMENTS, ACTIONS PROPOSED OR TAKEN TO CONTAIN, RECOVER OR DISPOSE OF SPILLED PRODUCT AND CONTAMINATED MATERIALS |          |                                               |                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                            |                               |
|   |                                                                                                                                          |          |                                               |                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                            |                               |
| L | REPORTED TO SPILL LINE BY                                                                                                                | POSITION | EMPLOYER                                      | LOCATION CALLING FROM                                                                                                 | TELEPHONE                                                                                                                  |                               |
| M | ANY ALTERNATE CONTACT                                                                                                                    | POSITION | EMPLOYER                                      | ALTERNATE CONTACT LOCATION                                                                                            | ALTERNATE TELEPHONE                                                                                                        |                               |

## REPORT LINE USE ONLY

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                           |                  |                                                                                                             |                 |                                                                           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| N                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | RECEIVED AT SPILL LINE BY | POSITION         | EMPLOYER                                                                                                    | LOCATION CALLED | REPORT LINE NUMBER                                                        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                           | STATION OPERATOR |                                                                                                             | YELLOWKNIFE, NT | (867) 920-8130                                                            |
| LEAD AGENCY <input type="checkbox"/> EC <input type="checkbox"/> CCG <input type="checkbox"/> GNWT <input type="checkbox"/> GN <input type="checkbox"/> ILA <input type="checkbox"/> INAC <input type="checkbox"/> NEB <input type="checkbox"/> TC |                           |                  | SIGNIFICANCE <input type="checkbox"/> MINOR <input type="checkbox"/> MAJOR <input type="checkbox"/> UNKNOWN |                 | FILE STATUS <input type="checkbox"/> OPEN <input type="checkbox"/> CLOSED |
| AGENCY                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                           | CONTACT NAME     | CONTACT TIME                                                                                                | REMARKS         |                                                                           |
| LEAD AGENCY                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                           |                  |                                                                                                             |                 |                                                                           |
| FIRST SUPPORT AGENCY                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                           |                  |                                                                                                             |                 |                                                                           |
| SECOND SUPPORT AGENCY                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                           |                  |                                                                                                             |                 |                                                                           |
| THIRD SUPPORT AGENCY                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                           |                  |                                                                                                             |                 |                                                                           |

## **Appendix C**

### **General Response Procedures for Spilled Chemical Substances**

#### **Explosives**

##### **C.1 Ammonium Nitrate**

##### **C.2 Ammonium Nitrate Fuel Oil (ANFO)**

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### **C.1 Ammonium Nitrate**

Agnico Eagle commits to review, modify and approve as required to establish this procedure as appropriate for use at the Meadowbank and Whale Tail sites.

The first step against prevention of potential spills and association hazards is the application of proper storage procedures for bulk Ammonium Nitrate, including the following:

- Good housekeeping of the storage facility will prevent spilling and or contamination of materials;
- Ammonium nitrate should be stored away from combustible materials and fuels, as well as other blasting accessories (i.e. boosters, delays, detonating cords and detonators);
- The storage facility should be well ventilated;
- Proper signage restricting the use/exposure of ammonium nitrate to ignition sources should be posted (e.g. no hot work, smoking or vehicle maintenance); and
- The storage facility should be locked at all times with only authorized personnel allowed access.

The following is a general spill response procedure for ammonium nitrate. Consult the SDS for the specific spilled compound to determine whether deviations from the general guidance are required. Agnico Eagle commits to review and test, and if necessary, modify and update this spill response procedure on an annual basis.

#### **For an ammonium nitrate spill (solid):**

1. Isolate and evacuate the spill area;
  2. Contact your Supervisor who will then contact the On-Scene Coordinator and coordinate appropriate spill response materials outside the spill area. **Obtain and read the SDS** for the substance to determine the chemical-specific hazards and to identify any special precautions that must be taken;
  3. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. For an ammonium nitrate spill this includes:
    - a. Gloves **as recommended by the SDS or glove manufacturer;**
    - b. Protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles or face shield **as recommended by the SDS;**
    - c. Lab coat, coveralls or Tyvek<sup>TM</sup> coveralls **as recommended by the SDS; and**
    - d. Half mask air-purifying respirator with cartridges and/filters **as recommended by the SDS or respirator manufacturer;**
  4. Ventilate (open windows/doors to outdoors) closed spaces before entering;
  5. Remove all sources of heat and ignition (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in the immediate area) and remove uncontaminated combustible materials and organic compounds (wood, paper, oil, etc.,) from spill area;
  6. For spills to land, protect the spill area from storm water runoff by constructing a ditch or dike using suitable absorbent materials, soil or other appropriate barrier. For spill to water, utilize damming, and/or water diversion to minimize the spread of contamination;
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7. Vacuum or sweep the spill residue using non-metal, non-sparking tools and place the residue in a labelled, plastic, container (plastic pail with lid or double heavy duty plastic bags) for re-use or off-site disposal at a licensed disposal facility;

*Note: Recovered solid, if generally free from impurities, may be suitable for its intended use. In this case, place solid in suitable container with lid, and **clearly label the container per WHMIS Guidelines**.*

*Note: Minimize dust generation during the operation.*

8. Remove and bag personal protective equipment for cleaning and disposal at a licensed facility. Thoroughly wash potential skin contact locations after handling.

### **C.2 Ammonium Nitrate Fuel Oil (ANFO)**

Currently no ANFO is stored at the Meadowbank or Whale Tail sites. ANFO is fabricated on demand using ammonium nitrate and fuel oil. In the event that ANFO would be stored at the sites, Agnico Eagle commits to review, modify and approve as required to establish this procedure as appropriate for use at the Meadowbank Complex. Proper handling and disposal of ANFO is an important first step in mitigating against spills and associated hazards.

The proper storage procedures are as follows:

- ANFO should only be used under the supervision of authorized trained personnel;
- ANFO should be kept away from heat, sparks, and flames, as well as initiating explosives, oxidizing agents, combustibles, and other sources of heat;
- Containers should be protected from physical damage and in dry, well-ventilated conditions;
- Transportation to the Mine site will be in accordance with Section 14 of the *Mines Act* and Regulations and the *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act*. Transport vehicles will be in sound mechanical condition and equipped with proper safety equipment. Loaded vehicles will not be left unattended and only authorized personnel will be responsible for the security of the explosives under their control; and
- Explosives that have been identified as deteriorated or damaged will need to be disposed of or destroyed. The appropriate method of disposal or destruction and subsequent course of action will be determined by authorized personnel or the explosive supplier.

The following is a general spill response procedure for ammonium nitrate fuel oil – ANFO. The following procedure does not apply to emulsions or other explosives. Consult the SDS for the specific spilled compound to determine whether deviations from the general guidance are required. Agnico Eagle commits to review and test, and if necessary, modify and update this spill response procedure on an annual basis.

#### **For an ANFO spill (solid):**

1. Isolate and evacuate the spill area;
  2. Immediately extinguish any open flames and remove ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks in immediate area) IF SAFE TO DO SO. **Fires involving large quantities of ANFO should not be fought;**
  3. Contact the On-Scene Coordinator who will assemble ERT members and the appropriate spill response materials outside the spill area. **Obtain and read the SDS** for the substance to determine the chemical- specific hazards and to identify any special precautions that must be taken;
  4. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. For an ANFO spill this includes:
    - a) Gloves **as recommended by the SDS or glove manufacturer;**
    - b) Protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles or face shield **as recommended by the SDS;**
    - c) Lab coat, coveralls or Tyvek<sup>TM</sup> coveralls **as recommended by the SDS;**
    - d) Shoe covers or rubber boots;
    - e) Half mask air-purifying respirator with cartridges and/filters **as recommended by the SDS or**
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**respirator manufacturer;**

5. If the spill has occurred outdoors, stay upwind and avoid low lying areas. Ventilate (open windows/doors to the outdoors) closed spaces before entering. Ensure adequate explosion proof ventilation for clean-up;
6. Remove all sources of heat and ignition (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in the immediate area) and remove uncontaminated combustible materials and organic compounds (wood, paper, oil, etc.,) from spill area;
7. Do not operate radio transmitters within 100 m of electric detonators;
8. For spill on land, protect the spill area from storm water runoff by constructing a ditch or dike using suitable absorbent materials, soil or other appropriate barrier. For spill to water, utilize damming, and/or water diversion to minimize the spread of contamination;
9. Collect, sweep or shovel spilled material and the other contaminated material/soil using non- metallic, spark- proof tools and place residue into a labelled, plastic, waste container (plastic pail with lid or double heavy duty plastic bags) for off-site disposal at a licensed disposal facility;

*Note: Recovered solid, if generally free from impurities, may be suitable for its intended use. In this case, place solid in suitable container with lid, and **clearly label the container per WHMIS Guidelines.***

*Note: The drums/containers/residues are to be stored in ventilated areas away from incompatible materials for eventual off-site disposal at a licensed disposal facility.*

10. Remove and bag personal protective equipment for cleaning or disposal at a licensed disposal facility. Thoroughly wash with soap potential skin contact locations after handling. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes that cannot be decontaminated.
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## **Appendix D**

### **General Response Procedures for Spilled Chemical Substances**

#### **D.1 Compressed Gases**

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### **D.1 Compressed Gases**

Agnico Eagle commits to review, modify and approve as required to establish this procedure as appropriate for Meadowbank Complex.

The following is a general spill response procedure for compressed gases. Consult the SDS for the specific spilled compound to determine whether deviations from the general guidance are required.

Agnico Eagle commits to review and test, and if necessary, modify and update this spill response procedure on an annual basis.

#### **For a compressed (inert and flammable) gas leak:**

1. IF SAFE TO DO SO and it will stop the gas leak, turn off cylinder valve;
  2. If the leak cannot be stopped by closing the cylinder valve, and it is **an inert atmospheric gas** (e.g. nitrogen, carbon dioxide, etc.) isolate and evacuate the affected area. If the leak is a **flammable gas** and the leak is outside of a ventilated building enclosure that will contain the gas, immediately activate the fire alarm system and evacuate the area/building;
  3. Contact the On-Scene Coordinator who will assemble spill response team members and the appropriate spill response materials outside the spill area. **Obtain and read the SDS** for the substance to determine the chemical-specific hazards and to identify any special precautions that must be taken;
  4. If possible and safety permits, adjust leaking cylinder so that gas escapes rather than liquid;
  5. If possible and safety permits, eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in the immediate area) and turn off electrical equipment;
  6. If the spill has occurred outdoors, stay upwind and avoid low lying areas. If the spill has occurred inside a building, prevent spread of vapour throughout the building by closing doors to other rooms and hallways. If the room's air exchange system distributes air throughout the building, then it may also be necessary to have it shutdown. Allow vapours to ventilate outdoors by opening windows and doors to the exterior; and
  7. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. On-Scene Coordinator to verify safe conditions.
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## **Appendix E**

### **General Response Procedures for Spilled Chemical Substances**

#### **E.1 Flammable and Combustible Liquids**

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### **E.1 Flammable and Combustible Liquids**

Agnico Eagle commits to review, modify and approve as required to establish this procedure as appropriate for use at the Meadowbank Complex. The following is a general spill response procedure for flammable or combustible liquids, particularly petroleum hydrocarbon products. Consult the SDS for the specific spilled compound to determine whether deviations from the general guidance are required.

Agnico Eagle commits to review and test, and if necessary, modify and update this spill response procedure on an annual basis.

#### **For a spill of flammable or combustible petroleum hydrocarbon product (liquid):**

1. Isolate and evacuate the spill area;
2. Immediately extinguish any open flames and remove ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks in immediate area) IF SAFE TO DO SO;
3. Stop leak and contain spill (**see Step 9**) IF SAFE TO DO SO;
4. Contact the On-Scene Coordinator who will assemble ERT members if required and the appropriate spill response materials outside the spill area. **Obtain and read the SDS** for the substance to determine the chemical-specific hazards and to identify any special precautions that must be taken;
5. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Depending on the scale of the spill and properties of the spilled substance, this can include:
  - a) Gloves **as recommended by the SDS or glove manufacturer**;
  - b) Splash goggles or face shield;
  - c) Shoe covers or rubber boots;
  - d) Lab coat or Tyvek<sup>TM</sup> coveralls; and
  - e) Half mask air-purifying respirator with **organic vapour or combination** cartridges, or **as otherwise recommended by the SDS or respirator manufacturer**.
6. If the spill has occurred outdoors, stay upwind and avoid low lying areas. If the spill has occurred inside a building, prevent spread of vapour throughout the building by closing doors to other rooms and hallways. If the room's air exchange system distributes air throughout the building, then it may also be necessary to have it shutdown;
7. Ventilate (open windows/doors to the outdoors) closed spaces before entering. Ensure adequate explosion- proof ventilation for clean-up. A vapour suppressing foam or water spray may be used to reduce vapours;
8. Remove all sources of ignition (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area) and combustible materials (wood, paper, oil, etc.) within the spilled area;
9. Contain spill by using spill absorbent, spill pads or pillows, soil or snow to construct a dike that limits flow and prevents entry to sewer, waterways or onto ice. For spills to land, excavation of trenches/pits to capture spill flow may also be appropriate. If possible, compact soil or snow dikes, and place plastic tarps over the dike and at its foot to allow the product to pool on the plastic for easy recovery;

*Note: Do not use paper towels to absorb spills as this increases the rate of evaporation and vapour concentration in the air.*

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*Note: Do not flush with water into drainage areas or ditches as this will spread spill.*

*Note: Snow works well as a natural absorbent to collect and contain spilled petroleum hydrocarbons. However, its use in containing a spill will result in a water-contaminant mixture that may be more difficult to manage. It is important to scrape up the contaminated snow and ice as soon as possible.*

10. Carefully cover the spill area with spill absorbent, spill pads, soil or snow, starting at the outside and working inward. Do not touch or walk through spilled material;
11. Sweep up or shovel the residue using non-metallic, spark-proof tools and place the residue into a labelled, plastic, waste container (plastic pail with lid or double heavy duty plastic bags). For larger spills to land, excavate impacted absorbent material and soil, place in lined and bermed temporary storage area or directly into sealed drums/containers;

*Note: The drums/containers/residues are to be stored in ventilated areas away from incompatible materials for eventual treatment at on-site landfarm or off-site disposal at a licensed disposal facility. Electrically ground all containers and transporting equipment.*

*Note: Larger pools of product may be pumped into empty storage tanks or drums.*

12. If spill is indoors, mop the affected area using detergent and water. Dispose of this water to drums for eventual off-site disposal at a licensed disposal facility. Spills to land may require further excavation or remediation of contaminated soil until acceptable soil quality is achieved. The On- Scene Coordinator and/or Environment and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent will assess this requirement;
13. For spills to water, immediately limit the area of the spill on water using absorbent pads and booms and similar materials to capture small spills on water. Deploy and slowly draw in absorbent booms to encircle and absorb the spilled product. Recover larger spills on water with floating skimmers and pumps, as required, and discharge recovered product to drums or tanks;

*Note: Petroleum hydrocarbons are generally hydrophobic, and as such, do not readily dissolve in water. They typically tend to float on the water's surface. Absorbent booms are often relied on to recover hydrocarbons that escape land containment and enter water.*

*Note: Antifreeze sinks and mixes with water. If released to water, attempt to isolate/confine the spill by damming or diverting the spill. Pump contaminated water to tanks or drums.*

14. Remove and bag personal protective equipment for cleaning, informing laundry personnel of contaminant hazards, or disposal at a licensed disposal facility. Thoroughly wash with soap potential skin contact locations after handling. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles, (including shoes) that cannot be decontaminated.
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## **Appendix F**

### **General Response Procedures for Spilled Chemical Substances**

#### **Oxidizing Substances**

##### **F.1 Liquids**

##### **F.2 Solids**

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## **E.1 Liquids**

Agnico Eagle commits to review, modify and approve as required and to establish this procedure as appropriate for use at the Meadowbank Complex. The following is a general spill response procedure for liquid oxidizer compounds. Consult the SDS for the specific spilled compound to determine whether deviations from the general guidance are required.

Agnico Eagle commits to review and test, and if necessary, modify and update this spill response procedure on an annual basis.

### **For a liquid oxidizer spill:**

1. Isolate and evacuate the spill area;
  2. Stop leak and contain spill (**see Step 8**) IF SAFE TO DO SO;
  3. Contact the On-Scene Coordinator who will assemble ERT members if required and the appropriate spill response materials outside the spill area. **Obtain and read the SDS** for the substance to determine the chemical-specific hazards and to identify any special precautions that must be taken;
  4. Put on the appropriate personal protective equipment. Depending on the scale of the spill and properties of the spilled substance, this can include:
    - a) Gloves **as recommended by the SDS or glove manufacturer**;
    - b) Splash goggles or face shield;
    - c) c). Shoe covers or rubber boots;
    - d) Lab coat, coveralls or Tyvek<sup>TM</sup> coveralls **as recommended by the SDS**; and
    - e) Half mask air-purifying respirator with cartridges and/or filters **as recommended by the SDS or respirator manufacturer**.
  5. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Ensure adequate explosion-proof ventilation for clean-up;
  6. Remove and/or moisten with water any combustible material (wood, paper, oil, etc.) affected by the spill;
  7. Use water spray to reduce vapours or divert vapour cloud drift, if required;
  8. Contain spill by using non-combustible spill absorbent, soil or snow to construct a dike that limits flow and prevents entry to sewer, waterways or onto ice. For spills to land, excavation of trenches/pits to capture spill flow may also be appropriate;  
  
*Note: Flushing area with flooding quantities of water may also be appropriate assuming this does not make clean up and waste management more difficult– **refer to the SDS**.*
  9. Carefully cover the spill area with spill absorbent, soil or snow, starting at the outside and working inward. Use non-combustible absorbent. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
  10. Sweep up or shovel the spill residue using non-metal, non-sparking tools and place the residue into a labelled, plastic, waste container (plastic pail with lid or double heavy duty plastic bags) for off- site disposal at a licensed disposal facility;
  11. For indoor spills, mop the affected area using detergent and water. Flushing area with flooding
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quantities of water may also be appropriate – **refer to the SDS**. Dispose of this water to the sanitary sewer, process stream or waste drums as appropriate. Spills to land may require further excavation or remediation of contaminated soil until acceptable soil quality is achieved. The On- Scene Coordinator and/or Environmental and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent will assess this requirement; and

12. Remove and bag personal protective equipment for cleaning, informing laundry personnel of contaminant hazards, or disposal at a licensed disposal facility. Thoroughly wash with soap potential skin contact locations after handling. Properly dispose of contaminated clothing that cannot be decontaminated.

## **F.2 Solids**

Agnico Eagle commits to review, modify and approve as required to establish this procedure as appropriate for use at the Meadowbank Complex.

The following is a general spill response procedure for solid oxidizer compounds. Consult the SDS for the specific spilled compound to determine whether deviations from the general guidance are required.

Agnico Eagle commits to review and test, and if necessary, modify and update this spill response procedure on an annual basis.

### **For a solid oxidizer spill:**

1. Isolate and evacuate the spill area;
  2. Contact the On-Scene Coordinator who will assemble ERT members if required and the appropriate spill response materials outside the spill area. **Obtain and read the SDS** for the substance to determine the chemical-specific hazards and to identify any special precautions that must be taken;
  3. Put on the appropriate personal protective equipment. Depending on the scale of the spill and properties of the spilled substance, this can include:
    - a) Gloves **as recommended by the SDS or glove manufacturer**;
    - b) Safety glasses or goggles;
    - c) Lab coat; and
    - d) Half mask air-purifying respirator with **N95 or greater protection** particulate filter or **as recommended by the SDS or respirator manufacturer**.
  4. Remove all sources of heat and ignition (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in the immediate area) and remove uncontaminated combustible materials and organic compounds (wood, paper, oil, etc.,) from spill area;
  5. For spills to land, protect the spill area from storm water runoff by constructing a ditch or dike using suitable non-combustible absorbent materials, soil or other appropriate barrier. For spill to water, utilize damming, and/or water diversion to minimize the spread of contamination;
  6. Vacuum, sweep or shovel the spill residue using non-metal, non-sparking tools and place the residue into a labelled, plastic, container (plastic pail with lid or double heavy duty plastic bags) for re- use or off-site disposal at a licensed disposal facility;

*Note: Recovered solid, if generally free from impurities, may be suitable for its intended use. In this case, place solid in suitable container with lid, and **clearly label the container per WHMIS Guidelines**.*

*Note: Minimize dust generation.*
  7. If there is still oxidizer residue left in the spill area, neutralize with appropriate agent **as recommended by the SDS**, or for spills to land continue to excavate until no visible spilled solid remains. Use non-combustible spill absorbent or soil to absorb the neutralized residue. Place in suitable drums/containers for disposal to a licensed facility;
  8. For indoor spills, mop the affected area using detergent and water. Dispose of this water to the sanitary sewer, process stream, or to the appropriate waste drums; and
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9. Remove and bag personal protective equipment for cleaning, informing laundry personnel of contaminant hazards, or disposal at a licensed disposal facility. Thoroughly wash with soap potential skin contact locations after handling. Properly dispose of contaminated clothing that cannot be decontaminated.

## **Appendix G**

### **General Response Procedures for Spilled Chemical Substances**

#### **Poisonous and Toxic Substances**

##### **G.1 Sodium Cyanide**

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### **G.1 Sodium Cyanide**

Agnico Eagle commits to review, modify and approve as required to establish this procedure as appropriate for use at the Meadowbank Complex. The following is a general spill response procedure for solid Sodium Cyanide.

Agnico Eagle commits to review and test, and if necessary, modify and update this spill response procedure on an annual basis.

#### **For a Sodium Cyanide (solid) spill:**

1. Isolate and evacuate the spill area;
2. Contact the On-Scene Coordinator who will assemble ERT members and the appropriate spill response materials outside the spill area. **Obtain and read the SDS** for the substance to determine the chemical- specific hazards and to identify any special precautions that must be taken;
3. Put on the appropriate personal protective equipment. Depending on the scale of the spill and properties of the spilled substance, this can include:
  - a) Impermeable Gloves **as recommended by the SDS or glove manufacturer;**
  - b) TyChem; and
  - c) SCBA – Self Contained Breathing Apparatus
  - d) Rubber Boots

*Note: For worker safety, maintain readily accessible supply of cyanide response kits on site.*

4. Ventilate area of spill or leak;
5. Avoid exposure to acids, water or weak alkalis which can react to form toxic hydrogen cyanide (HCN) gas.
6. Contain spill to prevent release to sewer, waterway or onto ice. For spills to land, protect the spill area from storm water runoff by constructing a ditch or dike using absorbent materials, soil or other appropriate barriers. If raining, cover spill area with tarp or plastic to minimize contact with water and prevent subsequent runoff. For spill to water, utilize damming, and/or water diversion to minimize the spread of contamination;
7. Shovel the spilled material into labelled drums, containers or plastic bags for re-use or off-site disposal at a licensed disposal facility.

*Note: Recovered solid, if generally free from impurities, may be suitable for its intended use. In this case, place solid in suitable container with lid, and **clearly label the container per WHMIS Guidelines.***

*Note: Minimize dust generation.*

8. If there is still spilled sodium cyanide residue left in the spill area, neutralize with appropriate agent **as recommended by the SDS** (sodium or calcium hypochlorite solution), or for spills to land continue to excavate until no visible spilled solid remains. Use suitable spill absorbent or soil to absorb the neutralized residue. Place in suitable drums/containers for disposal to a licensed facility. Collect material and place in a closed container for recovery or disposal;

**IMPORTANT: It is strictly prohibited to add any chemicals or neutralizing solutions to a Sodium Cyanide Spill near a drainage system, or near or in a water body.**

9. For indoor spills, mop the affected area using detergent and water. Dispose of this water to waste drums/containers for disposal to a licensed facility; and
10. Remove and bag personal protective equipment for disposal at a licensed disposal facility. Thoroughly wash with soap potential skin contact locations after handling. Properly dispose of contaminated clothing that cannot be decontaminated.

## **Appendix H**

### **General Response Procedures for Spilled Chemical Substances**

#### **Corrosive Substances**

##### **H.1 Acids, Liquids**

##### **H.2 Acids, Solids**

##### **H.3 Bases/Alkali, Liquids**

##### **H.4 Bases/Alkali, Solids**

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## **Response to Spilled Chemicals**

***IMPORTANT: It is strictly prohibited to add any chemicals or neutralizing solutions to a Spilled Chemicals near a drainage system, or near or in a water body.***

### **H.1 Acids. Liquids**

Agnico Eagle commits to review, modify and approve as required to establish this procedure as appropriate for use at the Meadowbank Complex.

The following is a general spill response procedure for liquid acid compounds. Consult the SDS for the specific spilled compound to determine whether deviations from the general guidance are required.

Agnico Eagle commits to review and test, and if necessary, modify and update this spill response procedure on an annual basis.

#### **For a liquid acid spill:**

1. Isolate & evacuate the spill area;
2. Stop leak and contain spill (**see Step 8 below**) IF SAFE TO DO SO;
3. Contact the On-Scene Coordinator who will assemble ERT members if required and the appropriate spill response materials outside the spill area. **Obtain and read the SDS** for the substance to determine the chemical-specific hazards and to identify any special precautions that must be taken;
4. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Depending on the scale of the spill and properties of the spilled substance, this can include:
  - a) **Gloves** as recommended by the SDS or glove manufacturer;
  - b) Splash goggles or face shield;
  - c) Shoe covers or rubber boots;
  - d) Lab coat or Tyvek<sup>TM</sup> coveralls; and
  - e) Half mask air-purifying respirator with **acid gas or combination** cartridges, or **as otherwise recommended by the SDS or respirator manufacturer**.
5. If the spill has occurred outdoors, stay upwind and stay out of low areas. If the spill has occurred inside a building, prevent spread of vapour throughout the building by closing doors to other rooms and hallways. If the room's air exchange system distributes air throughout the building, then it may also be necessary to have it shut down;
6. Ventilate (open windows/doors to outdoors) closed spaces before entering;
7. Remove all sources of ignition (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area);
8. Contain spill by using spill absorbent, spill pads or pillows, or dry soil to construct a dike that limits flow and prevents entry to sewer, waterways or onto ice. For spills to land, excavation of trenches/pits to capture spill flow may also be appropriate. Ideally, use spill absorbent that contains a mild neutralizing agent **as recommended by the SDS**;

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*Note: Many acids, particularly concentrated acids react violently in the presence of water. Do not flush*

*spill area with water unless the **SDS** indicates acceptable.*

*Note: Nitric Acid reacts violently and explosively with organic chemicals and organic material such as wood, cotton and paper; therefore, do not use organic absorbent material on Nitric acid.*

*Note: Hydrofluoric acid will fume during neutralization. Provide adequate ventilation and approach from upwind. Neutralize carefully with sodium bicarbonate, soda ash or lime. Use water spray to disperse the gas/vapour if required. Remove all sources of ignition.*

9. Carefully cover the spill area with spill absorbent, spill pads or dry soil, starting at the outside and working inward. If practical, neutralize spill using **SDS-recommended** or commercially available neutralizers. Use pH indicator paper to determine if spill is neutralized (pH 7);

*Note: Use caution as neutralization reactions generate heat.*

10. Sweep or shovel the neutralized spill residue using non-metal, non-sparking tools and place the residue into a labelled, plastic, waste container (plastic pail with lid or double heavy duty plastic bags) for off-site disposal at a licensed disposal facility;
  11. Check the pH of the spill area. If it is less than pH 6, then further neutralize with a dilute solution of a suitable reagent **as identified on the SDS** or for spill to land continue to excavate contaminated soil;
  12. For indoor spills, mop the affected area using detergent and water. Dispose of this water to the sanitary sewer, process stream, or to the appropriate waste drums;
  13. Remove and bag personal protective equipment for cleaning, informing laundry personnel of contaminant hazards, or disposal at a licensed disposal facility. Thoroughly wash with soap potential skin contact locations after handling. Properly dispose of contaminated clothing that cannot be decontaminated; and
  14. After the spill has been cleaned up, the area should be free of vapours. However, if personnel note odours or irritation, isolate the spill area; re-clean the area as per **Steps 11 and 12** or wait at least **1 hour** before re-entering or until considered safe by the On-Scene Coordinator or Environment and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent.
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## **H.2 Acids, Solids**

Agnico Eagle commits to review, modify and approve as required to establish this procedure as appropriate for use on the Meadowbank Complex.

The following is a general spill response procedure for solid acid compounds. Consult the SDS for the specific spilled compound to determine whether deviations from the general guidance are required.

Agnico Eagle commits to review and test, and if necessary, modify and update this spill response procedure on an annual basis.

### **For a solid acid spill:**

1. Isolate and evacuate the spill area;
2. Contact the On-Scene Coordinator who will assemble ERT members if required and the appropriate spill response materials outside the spill area. **Obtain and read the SDS** for the substance to determine the chemical-specific hazards and to identify any special precautions that must be taken;
3. Put on the appropriate personal protective equipment. Depending on the scale of the spill and properties of the spilled substance, this can include:
  - a) **Gloves** as recommended by the SDS or glove manufacturer;
  - b) Safety glasses or goggles;
  - c) Lab coat; and
  - d) Half mask air-purifying respirator with **N95 or greater protection** particulate filter, or **as otherwise recommended by the SDS or respirator manufacturer**.
4. Contain spill to prevent release to sewer, waterway or onto ice. For spills to land, protect the spill area from storm water runoff by constructing a ditch or dike using absorbent materials, dry soil or other appropriate barrier. If raining, cover spill area with tarp or plastic to minimize contact with water and prevent reaction and/or subsequent runoff. For spill to water, utilize damming, and/or water diversion to minimize the spread of contamination;
5. If necessary to minimize dust production, slightly moisten the solid. Use water, or if the material is water reactive, another inert liquid **as recommended by the SDS**;
6. Sweep up or shovel the residue using non-metallic, spark-proof tools and place the residue into a labelled, plastic, waste container (plastic pail with lid or double heavy duty plastic bags) for reuse or off-site disposal at a licensed disposal facility;

*Note: Recovered solid, if generally free from impurities, may be suitable for its intended use. In this case, place solid in suitable container with lid, and **clearly label the container per WHMIS Guidelines**.*

7. Remaining solid acid residue may be neutralized using a dilute solution of appropriate agent **as recommended by the SDS** (e.g. sodium bicarbonate - baking soda), or for spills to land continue to excavate until no visible spilled solid remains. Check the pH of the spill area; the final pH should be between pH 6 and 10. Use spill absorbent, spill pads or dry soil to absorb the neutralized residue;

*Note: Use caution as neutralization reactions generate heat.*

8. For indoor spills, mop the affected area using detergent and water. Dispose of this water to the sanitary
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sewer, process stream, or the appropriate waste drums; and

9. Remove and bag personal protective equipment for cleaning, informing laundry personnel of contaminant hazards, or disposal at a licensed disposal facility. Thoroughly wash with soap potential skin contact locations after handling. Properly dispose of contaminated clothing that cannot be decontaminated.

### **H.3 Bases/Alkali, Liquids**

Agnico Eagle commits to review, modify and approve as required to establish this procedure as appropriate for use at the Meadowbank Complex.

The following is a general spill response procedure for liquid alkali or base compounds. Consult the SDS for the specific spilled compound to determine whether deviations from the general guidance are required.

Agnico Eagle commits to review and test, and if necessary, modify and update this spill response procedure on an annual basis.

#### **For a liquid alkali or base spill:**

1. Isolate & evacuate the spill area;
2. Stop leak and contain spill (**see Step 8**) IF SAFE TO DO SO;
3. Contact the On-Scene Coordinator who will assemble ERT members and the appropriate spill response materials outside the spill area. **Obtain and read the SDS** for the substance to determine the chemical- specific hazards and to identify any special precautions that must be taken;
4. Put on the appropriate personal protective equipment. Depending on the scale of the spill and properties of the spilled substance, this can include:
  - a) **Gloves** as recommended by the SDS or glove manufacturer;
  - b) Splash goggles or face shield;
  - c) Shoe covers or rubber boots;
  - d) Lab coat or Tyvek<sup>TM</sup> coveralls; and
  - e) Half mask air-purifying respirator with cartridges/filters **as recommended by the SDS or respirator manufacturer.**
5. If the spill has occurred outdoors, stay upwind and stay out of low areas. If the spill has occurred inside a building, prevent spread of vapour throughout the building by closing doors to other rooms and hallways. If the room's air exchange system distributes air throughout the building, then it may also be necessary to have it shut down;
6. Ventilate (open/windows to outdoors) closed spaces before entering;
7. Remove all sources of ignition (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area) and combustible materials (wood, paper, oil, etc.);
8. Contain spill by using spill absorbent, spill pads or pillows, or dry soil to construct a dike that limits flow and prevents entry to sewer, waterways or onto ice. For spills to land, excavation of trenches/pits to capture spill flow may also be appropriate. Ideally, use spill absorbent that contains a mild neutralizing agent **as recommended by SDS**;

*Note: Use caution as neutralization reactions generate heat.*

9. Carefully cover the spill area with spill absorbent, spill pads or dry soil, starting at the outside and working inward. If practical, neutralize spill using SDS-recommended or commercially available neutralizers. Use pH indicator paper to determine if spill is neutralized (pH 7);

*Note: Use caution as neutralization reactions generate heat.*

---

10. Sweep or shovel the neutralized spill residue using non-metal, non-sparking tools and place the residue into a labelled, plastic, waste container (plastic pail with lid or double heavy duty plastic bags) for off-site disposal at a licensed disposal facility;
  11. Check the pH of the spill area. If it is greater than pH 10, then further neutralize with a dilute solution of a suitable reagent **as identified on the SDS**, or for spill to land continue to excavate contaminated soil;
  12. For indoor spills, mop the affected area using detergent and water. Dispose of this water to the sanitary sewer, process stream, or in the appropriate waste drums;
  13. Remove and bag personal protective equipment for cleaning, informing laundry personnel of contaminant hazards, or disposal at a licensed disposal facility. Thoroughly wash with soap potential skin contact locations after handling. Properly dispose of contaminated clothing that cannot be decontaminated; and
  14. After the spill has been cleaned up, the area should be free of vapours. However, if personnel note odours or irritation, isolate the spill area; re-clean as per **Steps 11 and 12** or wait at least **1 hour** before re- entering or until it is considered to be safe by the On-Scene Coordinator or Environment and Critical Infrastructures Superintendent.
-

#### **H.4 Bases/Alkali, Solids**

Agnico Eagle commits to review, modify and approve as required to establish this procedure as appropriate for use at the Meadowbank Complex.

The following is a general spill response procedure for solid alkali or base compounds. Consult the SDS for the specific spilled compound to determine whether deviations from the general guidance are required.

Agnico Eagle commits to review and test, and if necessary, modify and update this spill response procedure on an annual basis.

#### **For a solid alkali or base spill:**

1. Isolate and evacuate the spill area;
  2. Contact the On-Scene Coordinator who will assemble ERT members if required and the appropriate spill response materials outside the spill area. **Obtain and read the SDS** for the substance to determine the chemical-specific hazards and to identify any special precautions that must be taken;
  3. Put on the appropriate personal protective equipment. Depending on the scale of the spill and properties of the spilled substance, this can include:
    - a) **Gloves** as recommended by the SDS or glove manufacturer;
    - b) Safety glasses or goggles;
    - c) Lab coat; and
    - d) Half mask air-purifying respirator with **N95 or greater protection** particulate filter or **as recommended by the SDS or respirator manufacturer**.
  4. Contain spill to prevent release to sewer, waterway or onto ice. For spills to land, protect the spill area from storm water runoff by constructing a ditch or dike using absorbent materials, dry soil or other appropriate barrier. If raining, cover spill area with tarp or plastic to minimize contact with water and prevent reaction and/or subsequent runoff. For spill to water, utilize damming, and/or water diversion to minimize the spread of contamination;
  5. If necessary to minimize dust production, slightly moisten the solid. Use water, or if the material is water reactive, another inert liquid **as recommended by the SDS**;  
  
*Note: Do not use water to flush bases in powdered form, such as calcium oxide (lime), as this material is not very soluble.*
  6. Sweep or shovel the residue using non-metallic, spark-proof tools and place the residue into a labelled, plastic, waste container (plastic pail with lid or double heavy duty plastic bags) for offsite disposal at a licensed disposal facility;  
  
*Note: Recovered solid, if generally free from impurities, may be suitable for its intended use. In this case, place solid in suitable container with lid, and **clearly label the container per WHMIS Guidelines**.*
  7. Remaining solid alkali or base residue may be neutralized using a dilute solution of appropriate acid. Check the pH of the spill area; the final pH should be between pH 6 and 10. Use spill absorbent, spill pads or dry soil to absorb the neutralized residue;
  8. For indoor spills, mop the affected area using detergent and water. Dispose of this water to the sanitary
-

sewer, process stream, or to the appropriate waste drums; and

9. Remove and bag personal protective equipment for cleaning, informing laundry personnel of contaminant hazards, or disposal at a licensed disposal facility. Thoroughly wash with soap potential skin contact locations after handling. Properly dispose of contaminated clothing that cannot be decontaminated.

## **Appendix I**

### **Dyno Nobel Emergency Response Plan**

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# **DYNO NOBEL CANADA**

## **EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN**

### **AMARUQ NUNAVUT**

#### **REVISION STATUS**

| Revision # | Date             | Revision Description                        | By           | Checked by               | Approved by | Revision Due |
|------------|------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1.0        | July 31, 2019    | New Standard                                | P.St-Georges | D. Wall; P. Piprell      | T. Medak    |              |
| 1.1        | October 26, 2020 | Site Manager change                         |              | P.Piprell a& Shanno Ryan | T.Medak     |              |
| 1.2        | October 26, 2021 | Review ERP                                  | PSt-G.       |                          |             | October 2022 |
| 1.3        | October 26, 2022 | Review ERP<br><a href="#">Mod. In Blue*</a> | P.St-G.      |                          |             | October 2023 |
| 1.4        | October 17, 2023 | Review ERP<br><a href="#">Mod. In Blue*</a> | P.St-G.      |                          |             | October 2024 |
|            |                  |                                             |              |                          |             |              |
|            |                  |                                             |              |                          |             |              |

\* Modification done in the site ERP are in blue

**Approved for release by:**

**Signature:** Patrick Piprell \_\_\_\_\_  
Title: Site Supervisor

**Date:** October 17, 2023

## CONTENTS

|         |                                                                  |    |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 1.      | Site Information                                                 | 3  |
| 2.      | Purpose                                                          | 3  |
| 3.      | Scope                                                            | 3  |
| 4.      | References                                                       | 4  |
| 5.      | Emergencies covered under the plan                               | 4  |
| 6.      | Hazardous Operations                                             | 5  |
| 7.      | Hazard Chemicals and Materials                                   | 5  |
| 8.      | Emergency Contact Number                                         | 6  |
| 9.      | Emergency Functions and Responsibilities                         | 7  |
| 10.     | Alarm communication system                                       | 8  |
| 11.     | Emergency Response Equipment                                     | 8  |
| 12.     | Emergency Control Center                                         | 8  |
| 13.     | Emergency Instructions                                           | 8  |
| 14.     | Ammonium Nitrate (E2 Regulation)                                 | 15 |
| 15.     | Traffic Control                                                  | 20 |
| 16.     | Protection of Vital Assets / Emergency Shutdown                  | 20 |
| 17.     | Search and Rescue                                                | 21 |
| 18.     | Recovery Plan                                                    | 21 |
| 19.     | Clean up                                                         | 22 |
| 20.     | Resumption of Business                                           | 22 |
| 21.     | Crisis Communication Plan                                        | 22 |
| 22.     | Training                                                         | 24 |
| 23.     | Information                                                      | 24 |
| ANX I.  | Bomb Threat                                                      | 28 |
| ANX II. | Employee Acknowledgement, Review & Training Certification Record | 29 |

### External Reports

All incident involving the manufacturing, importation, exportation, sales or storage of explosives and restricted components, and the use of fireworks, must be reported to the Chief Inspector of Explosives as soon as circumstances permit. For accident involving fatality, serious injuries or major property damage, call **1-855-912-0012** as soon as possible. All other accident/incidents must be reported to 1-613-948-5200. The completed Explosive Incident Report form F07-01 should be sent by email to [ERDmms@nrcan.gc.ca](mailto:ERDmms@nrcan.gc.ca) or by fax to 613-948-5195. The inspector of explosives responsible for your area should also be contacted.

## **1.0 SITE INFORMATION**

The entrance to the site is south of AMARUQ mine site at the Explosive Manufacturing Road (EMR).

Latitude (North): 65° 23'43.45"N

Longitude (West): 96° 44'1.00"W

Office: +1 819 759-3555 ext 4606808

## **2.0 PURPOSE**

The purpose of the 'Emergency Response Plan' is to provide guidelines for the protection of all employees and company property in the event of an emergency occurring on company premises. It outlines the setting up of emergency control within the site and the emergency procedures in place to ensure the safety and protection of people, property and the environment.

- Notifying all on-site personnel of emergencies.
- Organizing the site based emergency response, where applicable.
- Facilitating communications with Emergency Services.
- The plan provides procedures for:
  - Training of site personnel in emergency response.
  - Reviewing and updating emergency procedures.
  - Facilitating recovery operations.

To provide a management system for Dyno Nobel Canada and stakeholders, to deal with emergencies to protect people, property and the environment.

### **Objectives:**

- To minimize adverse effects on people, property and the environment
- To control or limit the effects of an emergency
- To facilitate an emergency response and to provide appropriate assistance to the emergency services
- To communicate vital information to all relevant persons as soon as possible
- To provide for competency-based training so that a high level of preparedness can be continually maintained
- To provide a basis for updating and reviewing emergency procedures
- To provide a system to manage an emergency
- To link current site plans with the corporate plan
- To identify and utilize an effective communication system

### 3.0 SCOPE

This plan has been prepared for Dyno Nobel Canada Inc. The plan covers the emergency response requirements for Dyno Nobel's AMARUQ Operations.

#### SCOPE OF OPERATION

Bulk Explosives Factory Site includes;

Emulsion [Manufacturing](#) site  
storage of emulsion, Ammonium Nitrate 182,500 NEQ  
- 50,000 liters of diesel;

### 4.0 REFERENCES

- Site Emergency Response Plan (Template)
- Emergency Risk Assessment Worksheet
- IPL HSE MS Element 9.1, Emergency Response Planning
- CSA-Z731-03 Standard – Emergency Procedures
- Regulatory Agencies, Groups, Industry and Community
- Environmental Emergency Regulation – Environment Canada

The regulatory agencies administering explosives are:

- Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)
- Natural Resource Canada (NRC)
- Explosives Regulatory Division (ERD)
- Environment Canada (EC)

### 5.0 EMERGENCIES COVERED UNDER THE PLAN

Based on a risk assessment conducted the following natural or man made disasters could impact our business:

#### On-site Emergencies

- White outs
- High Winds
- Explosion – equipment (boiler/fuel or other)
- Fire in plant
- Injury or illness
- Wildlife interaction (wolverine; bear; caribou; other)
- Environmental contamination
- Spills
- Severe weather
- Product shortage
- Raw ingredient shortage
- Critical replacement parts unavailable
- NOX gas release possible.

#### Off-site Emergencies (including transportation)

- Transportation incident rollover or collision
- Blast pattern incident with drill
- Blast pattern incident near highwall
- Blast pattern incident – lightning
- Fire –threat to vehicle
- Fire – toxic fumes
- Explosion – product detonation
- Security
- Injury or illness
- Wildlife interaction (wolverine; bear; caribou; other)
- Spills
- Severe weather
- NOX gas release possible.

### 6.0 HAZARDOUS OPERATIONS

The following zones, activities and equipment are hazardous and may require an emergency response:

The following is a prioritized list of hazardous operations and storage areas.

|    | Operation                         | Comments / Instructions                                                                                                           |
|----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. | Manufacture Emulsion              | Plant and emulsion storage with chemicals. Emulsion storage in ISO tank.                                                          |
| 2. | Operating loader                  | Yard; site access road                                                                                                            |
| 3. | Fuel storage area (bulk)          | Bulk tank in yard                                                                                                                 |
| 4. | Product delivery to blast pattern | Plant; Site yard; Mine road; pit                                                                                                  |
| 5. | Driving on a pattern              | Pit                                                                                                                               |
| 6. | Transferring chemicals            | Plant; Process vehicles                                                                                                           |
| 7. | PTW activities                    | Confined Space Entry; Working at Height; Hot Work; Loading and unloading (Emulsion, Traces, Fuel); Lockout/Tagout; Critical Lifts |

### 7.0 HAZARD CHEMICALS AND MATERIALS

The following is a prioritized list of or hazardous chemicals, materials and intermediates of significant quantities on site or transported by site:

|    | Chemical / Material      | Quantities | Location      |
|----|--------------------------|------------|---------------|
| 1. | Fuel oil                 | 50,000L    | Outside plant |
| 2. | Trace 1 (citric acid)    | 284 L      |               |
| 3. | Trace 2 (sodium nitrite) | 284 L      |               |
| 4. | ANP                      | 120,000 kg | Outside       |

## 8.0 EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

Dial 6-9-1-1 in an emergency or call CODE 1 – CODE 1 – CODE 1

Non-Emergency Police / Fire

- Baker Lake RCMP (867) 93-1111

Regulatory Contacts: (NRCan via H&S or Regulatory Compliance Manager)

- H&S: Seamus Kilcommons Cell: 403 815-4066
- Reg: Pierre St-Georges Cell: 613 677-1051

| DN Title                  | Name                            | Cell Phone                   | Work Phone                   | Home Phone |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|
| Manager of the Site       | Patrick Piprell & Shannon Ryan  | NA                           | 819 759-3555<br>EXT 4606608  |            |
| Operations Manager        | <a href="#">Krisnar Cruz</a>    | <a href="#">587-839-0654</a> | <a href="#">587-839-0654</a> |            |
| General Manager           | Jim O'Brien                     | 913-940-5170                 | 913-940-5170                 |            |
| HSEC Manager              | Seamus Kilcommons               | 403-837-2685                 | 403-723-7547                 |            |
| Emergency Supervisor (ES) | Shannon Ryan<br>Patrick Piprell |                              | 819-759-3555<br>EXT: 4606808 |            |

Local Emergency Services may be required to take control of the emergency situation. Dyno Nobel personnel will assist the Local Emergency Services with information and advice and will ensure that the Emergency Services are briefed with all appropriate information when attempting to take control of the situation.

## 9.0 EMERGENCY FUNCTIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The following people will participate in emergency planning and crisis management.

| Name                           | Role / Responsibilities                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                | Responsible for updating emergency response plan                                                                                                                                                                |
| Patrick Piprell & Shannon Ryan | Site Supervisors will be the EMERGENCY MANAGER, or in his/her absence the next most senior manager on site will assume this role. Responsibilities are to ensure ERP is site specific: Lead drills twice a year |
| Jim O'Brien                    | General Manager: Overall reviewer and sign off. General Manager; Media Liaison.                                                                                                                                 |
| <a href="#">Krisnar Cruz</a>   | Operations Manager: responsible to review and ensure adequate: review of drills conducted; Bulk Site Operations Advisor                                                                                         |
| Seamus Kilcommons              | HSEC Manager: responsible to review and ensure adequate: review of drills conducted; Liaison with regulatory authorities                                                                                        |

|                   |                                                                                 |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Benoit Choquette  | Environment Manager; Liaison with relevant regulatory authorities               |
| Pierre St Georges | Regulatory Compliance Manager; Liaison with all relevant regulatory authorities |

Emergency response responsibilities for all personnel on site are describe as follows:

| <b>Roles</b>                     | <b>Responsibilities</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Emergency Manager (EM)</b>    | <p>This position will usually be filled by the Site Supervisor / Acting Site Supervisor and will be responsible for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Overall responsibility for management of the emergency.</li> <li>• Contact with other external organizations (e.g. Police)</li> <li>• Contact with employees and relatives</li> <li>• Declaration of "All clear" to approve re-entry</li> <li>• Implementation of the DNA Crisis Communication Plan</li> </ul>                                                                                                    |
| <b>Emergency Supervisor (ES)</b> | <p>This position will usually be filled by the one of the operators or designate and will be responsible for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Liaison with the EM.</li> <li>• Arrange the removal of equipment (e.g. truck explosives).</li> <li>• On-site security.</li> <li>• Collect visitors book during evacuation (if safe to do so)</li> <li>• Conducting head count of all personnel on site</li> </ul> <p>In the event that there is only 1 person on site then that person will assume responsibilities of both the EM &amp; ES.</p>                         |
| <b>Other personnel on site</b>   | <p>This position will usually be filled by any other employee on site.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If safe to do so, personnel holding appropriate licenses will attempt to remove all explosive trucks from the vicinity of the fire and shut down all equipment.</li> <li>• Follow the direction by EM to control the situation (e.g. extinguish fire) if directed</li> <li>• Make their way to the nearest designated evacuation point.</li> <li>• Visitors and contractors must proceed directly to the evacuation / muster point: The scale house.</li> </ul> |

## 10.0 ALARM COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

- Type of warning/alarm system (including back-up): Alarms tied into AMARUQ mine site Notified system to security / ERT
- The communication system used: Two way radios and phone
- Location of Alarms: Emulsion plant and office – Internal and external alarms
- We will communicate an on-site in an emergency situation to employees by:
- Alarm System Bell. In the event of a disaster we will communicate with employees by: Two way radio
- In case of an emergency the triggered alarm communicate with the bitshop, crusher pad, magazines pads. The employees will gather at the muster point where a head count will be performed.
- In event no one is on site, the alarm system will activate by: Automatic alarm: sensed for smoke and heat??
- We will test the warning system and record results at least 1 time per year. Results are recorded by the mine. Mine owns the Dyno Nobel building

## 11.0 EMERGENCY RESPONSE EQUIPMENT

The following emergency response equipment is located on site:

| Location         | Equipment                                             |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Emulsion plant   | <b>Spill Kits; Fire extinguishers; First Aid Kits</b> |
| Process Vehicles | <b>Spill Kits; Fire extinguishers; First Aid Kits</b> |
| Pickup trucks    | <b>Fire extinguishers; First Aid Kits</b>             |

### EMERGENCY RESPONSE KITS & MATERIAL

All DNCI **worksites** will maintain the following emergency response equipment, that is appropriately packaged, stored and easily loaded onto a pick-up truck and / or aircraft for immediate transfer to an accident scene:

### VERIFY WHAT IS READILY AVAILABLE IN SPILL KITS AS PER LIST BELOW

- I - Spill Recovery Material
- 1000 ft. of 3 inch fluorescent yellow security tape
- 3 explosion-proof lanterns / flashlights
- 1 roll (200 ft.) of 10 mil. clear plastic for ground or product cover
- 3 "explosives" signs plus assorted 1.1 / 1.5 "placards and labels"
- 4 polyethylene / non-ferrous 45 gal. drums with removable lids
- 1 doz. large heavy duty garbage bags (to line drums and for trash)
- 3 non-ferrous shovels
- 1 spill kit containing 1 - 25 lb. bag of granular absorbent material
- 30 ft. of 5 in. sorbent booms
- 10 ft of 3 in. sorbent socks

1 case of sorbent pads  
1 - 3 ft. x 3 ft. neoprene sheet (drain seal)  
6 heavy-duty cardboard boxes for repackaging broken boxes  
2 rolls of 3" duct tape  
2 rolls of 3" packing tape  
1 push broom  
6 blank (TDG) shipping documents

## **II – Personal Protective Equipment**

6 reflective safety vests  
6 safety "goggles"  
6 particulate respirators (dust masks)  
1 doz. disposable ear plugs  
6 pr. nitrile gloves  
6 pr. cotton gloves  
Industrial First Aid Kit

(Note: all DNCI Emergency Responders must wear CSA approved protective footwear and Type II (lateral protection) hard hats when on the job. As well, a camera should be readily available to photograph the scene of an accident and remedial measures for inclusion in the accident investigation report).

An inventory list of the emergency response kit/material will be kept with the cache, which must be inspected quarterly, to ensure the contents are present and in good working order (note: Emergency response kit cache may be witness/lock-wired closed, in which case only an annual verification that the contents are present and in good working order is necessary, so long as the witness/lock-wire is present and unbroken).

## **12.0 EMERGENCY CONTROL CENTER**

The Site Manager or Supervisor will nominate the most appropriate location of the Site Emergency Control Centre when all site personnel, contractors and visitors have mustered at the designed evacuation area. The Site Emergency Control Centre will depend upon type and location of the emergency.

In the event of an emergency that requires all personnel to be evacuated from the site, the Site Emergency Control Center will be located at the main gate.

## **13.0 EMERGENCY INSTRUCTIONS**

- Ring the alarm.
- Evacuation Procedure.
- Evacuation of people includes alarms, designation of staging areas and alternative routes/assembly points, and a system of head counts to determine if all individuals have been evacuated.

- Activating the emergency plan.
- Activating the emergency services.
- Terminating the emergency.
- Health and safety functions, such as roll call and search and rescue.
- To identify those responsible for conducting this work and detail procedure to clean and contain spills.

### **13.1 EXTREME TEMPERATURES**

Working in cold environments can be not only hazardous to your health but also life threatening. It is critical that the body be able to preserve core body temperature steady at + 37°C (+ 98.6°F). This thermal balance must be maintained to preserve normal body functioning as well as provide energy for activity (or work!). The body's mechanisms for generating heat (its metabolism) has to meet the challenge presented by low temperature, wind and wetness - the three major challenges of cold environments.

Uncomfortably cold working conditions can lead to lower work efficiency and higher accident rates. Cold impairs the performance of complex mental tasks. Manual tasks are also impaired because the sensitivity and dexterity of fingers are reduced in the cold. At even lower temperatures, the cold affects the deeper muscles resulting in reduced muscular strength and stiffened joints. Mental alertness is reduced due to cold-related discomfort. For all these reasons accidents are more likely to occur in very cold working conditions.

Protective clothing is needed for work at or below 4°C. Clothing should be selected to suit the temperature, weather conditions (e.g., wind speed, rain), the level and duration of activity, and job design. These factors are important to consider so that you can regulate the amount of heat and perspiration you generate while working. If the work pace is too fast or if the type and amount of clothing are not properly selected, excessive sweating may occur. The clothing next to body will become wet and the insulation value of the clothing will decrease dramatically. This increases the risk for cold injuries.

## 13.2 INJURY/ILLNESS

Medical emergencies may arise due to serious injury caused by machinery, entrapment, heart stroke. Limited first aid is available on site and casualties would likely be transferred by ambulance to nearest Hospital for treatment. A transport vehicle is always readily available on site for transportation needs. The site is accessible to local emergency services at all time.

A means of communication is mandatory for all employees working on site at all time. For emergencies requiring immediate medical attention, quickly assess the scene then call for assistance. Qualified Site First Aiders will assess the casualty, and if required, **call 6911** or CODE 1 – CODE 1 – CODE 1 on Two Way radio

The site has several trained first aid attendants and these people will be the first to assist in an emergency.

| FIRST AID ATTENDANTS | EXPIRY DATE |
|----------------------|-------------|
|                      |             |
| Chris Paul           |             |
| Patrick Piprell      |             |
| Shannon Ryan         |             |
| Aubrey Chaulk        |             |
| Billy Harrison       |             |
|                      |             |
|                      |             |
|                      |             |
|                      |             |
|                      |             |
|                      |             |

**\* Report incident details in SHAERS database when the Emergency is over.**

## 13.3 EXPLOSION / FIRE CONTROL PROCEDURE

### EXPLOSION

All site personnel should be evacuated as soon as possible. In the event of an explosion the Emergency Services should be contacted immediately and the evacuated personnel assembled at the Muster area. No personnel should enter the site until at least one hour after the explosion or until the resultant fire has burnt out.

Dyno Nobel personnel should restrict access to the plant and nearby area until the Police and emergency services arrive at which time all access roads should be blocked off at a suitable distance. Emergency services should be advised not to enter the site but if they choose to do so they should be fully briefed before entering.

The Dyno Nobel Compliance Manager shall be notified of any explosion immediately so as to inform Government authorities of any incident that has occurred. There should be no attempt made at clean up or repair of the site until authorisation from the appropriate authorities has been received.

### **13.3 EXPLOSION / FIRE CONTROL PROCEDURE (Continued)**

#### **FIRE CONTROL PROCEDURES**

Fires will vary in location and the materials involved. Each kind of fire shall have inherent risks associated with them. In general the following guidelines should be adhered to:

- **Do not fight a fire** that has become established which involves explosives or precursors used in the manufacture of explosives;
- Proceed with extreme caution when fighting fires involving Oxidizing agents as toxic fumes may be evolved;
- Never fight a fire unless you are comfortable to do so and have the correct equipment;
- Always leave an escape route when approaching or fighting a fire; and
- Always fight a fire from upwind.

**IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO CONTAIN THE FIRE WITH A FIRE EXTINGUISHER THEN YOU MUST EVACUATE THE AREA.**

### **13.4 SECURITY**

The Site can be secured by a locked gate at the main entrance ( main emergency exit and gathering point ) of the site. Due to 24 hour operation the gate is not locked to allow access for DYN0 personell and mine blasters. A sign in, sign out book is located at the main entrance for visitor and employee manlimits as per the site ERD Factory License. Only Dyno Employee's have keys to the locked gate.

'A' & 'B'. Sign includes; Danger - Explosives, No Trespassing, Penalty-Section 18, Canada Explosives Act, \$ 5,000.00 fine. Man Limit. No smoking. A match/lighter box. PPE requirements, and a 24 hour Emergency Contact Number.

### **13.5 BOMB THREAT**

In the event of a "Bomb" threat the telephone operator or other person receiving the call should obtain as much information as possible. Where practicable the person receiving the call should have access to the "Bomb Threat Checklist".

Action if bomb or other explosive device is found:

If object or parcel, suspected of being a "bomb" or other type of explosive device is found by anyone, the following action should be taken:

- Do not touch, tilt or otherwise tamper with the object, whether it is a bomb, improvised explosive device (IED) or other suspect object.
- Immediately evacuate the area surrounding the object.

### **13.5 BOMB THREAT (Continued)**

- Consider the consequential damage and effect - both on site and off site -if process equipment, storages or pipelines are involved.

#### **Use the following guidelines:**

- Evacuate the area concerned.
- The possibility of shrapnel must be considered.
- Evacuate all persons to the emergency evacuation area. Safety perimeters must be maintained until the device is rendered safe.
- Quick detailed observations should be taken of a suspected IED. Time spent near an IED must be kept to absolute minimum.

#### **Observations should include:**

- Exact location and proximity to hazards such as dangerous chemicals or substances.
- Size, shape and colour of object.
- Any writings or labels appended to the device.
- Any other peculiarities.
- Notify Police simultaneously with the commencement of evacuation.
- approach police upon their arrival to supply all details of information.
- Police will, upon their arrival, coordinate and control all necessary procedures.

### **13.6 CHEMICAL SPILL/RELEASE**

Spills of materials on site are most likely to originate from damaged containers and drums whilst unloading raw materials. The action taken to deal with a spill is dependent on the type of material spilt and the associated hazards with that material.

Environmental considerations should be taken into account when cleaning up a spill. To ensure that the appropriate action is taken to clean up a spill the MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet) should always be consulted before any clean up attempt is made.

Care should also be taken that the spill does not mix with other raw materials as violent reactions or the generation of toxic fumes may be possible. In the case of reactions or fume generation the emergency services should be called and the area evacuated.

The Ministry of Environment is to be notified. Contact Dyno Nobel Canada Environmental Manager.

### 13.7 TRESPASSING/VANDALISM

**If there** has been a breach of security or obvious signs of trespassers, notify the police. Do not disturb scene.

**Determine** if there has been any damage or theft. Follow instructions of the mine security or police. If there has been a theft of explosive materials proceed to the appropriate section of this Plan.

**Take temporary** actions to prevent recurrence until permanent actions can be implemented.

### 13.8 LOSS/THEFT OF EXPLOSIVES

#### LOSS

**Determine** the nature of the loss. **Implement** the appropriate sections of the Notification Plan. **Retrace** all routes of travel. **Verify** security and inventory level with personnel at the place of origin and destination. **If material cannot** be accounted for, the HSE Advisor and Site Manager shall notify ERD & the RCMP.

#### THEFT OF EXPLOSIVES

**Immediately** call the police. **Implement** the Emergency Notification Plan.

**The** Site Manager, HSE Advisor or Regional Operations Manager will call, as soon as possible and within 24 hours, the RCMP & ERD. **Determine** exactly what product, how much and code date(s) was stolen from the magazine(s). **Be careful** not to disturb the magazine or its contents so as not to destroy evidence such as fingerprints, shoe marks, etc. **Do not** handle tools or equipment that may have been used to break in. **Allow** Police personnel access but protect the scene from others that may disturb the evidence.

**Do not** permit news media personnel or any other non-company personnel (excluding Police) to enter the site. **Do not** make any statements to the media or non-company personnel. Refer the media to the Company Spokesperson. **The** Site Manager shall be the direct liaison between the company and the police and regulatory agencies. **Keep a log**, (documentation), of all activities regarding the break-in investigation for the company record. **The** Regional Operations Manager, HSE Advisor, and Site Manager will review all information and determine prevention measures to be taken to deter future break-ins.

### 13.9 PROCESS LOSS/INTERRUPTION

The possibility of a power outage on the site is very thin. The site has a generator.

### 13.11 TRANSPORTATION VEHICLE ACCIDENT

Ensure the accident scene is safe. Check if there are injuries. Whether the victim is conscious. Ask someone to call emergency assistance. Provide First aid and take control of the scene of an accident. Take care of the victims until help arrives.

### 13.12 TRANSPORTATION VEHICLE BREAKDOWN

Call **911** and contact  
Regulatory Manager Pierre St-Georges at (613) 677-1051.  
Environment manager Benoit Choquette at (514) 249-6285

### 13.13 BLAST SITE INCIDENT

If the emergency involves a blasting incident, the crew at the blast site shall follow the emergency instructions outlined in the Blasting Guidelines and Procedures. This site shall implement the appropriate sections of the Notification Plan as directed. The site shall support the blasting crew with personnel and equipment as needed.

### 13.14 TRANSPORTATION CHEMICAL SPILL

**Initiate the ERAP by calling 1-800-367-4629 and call 911. The Emergency Response Advisor will contact the authorities.**

**Determine** what material(s) has spilled or leaked and secure the area. Do not walk through the spilled material. **Put** on appropriate Personal Protective Equipment.

**Protect** the area from ignition sources. If a vehicle is involved, engage the battery disconnect switch. **Keep** unauthorized persons away.

**Make** every effort to confine and contain the spill, using spill kit and all available resources. **Determine** the source of the spill, and stop the leak if possible. **Make** every attempt to see that the material does not reach any waterway. **Prevent** rain or water from coming in contact with the product. Diking may be possible with gravel, soil or any ground material. **Use** what resources you have to begin cleaning up the product, outside equipment may be required. **Return** uncontaminated product to the original containers.

If the material has spilled into a waterway, an outside clean-up contractor will be called to assist with the clean-up operation. Call the main office as soon as possible. Seek corporate counsel as soon as the situation is stable.

### 13.15 TRANSPORTATION FIRE/EXPLOSION INCIDENT

Should there be explosive detonations, or the risk of detonations due to the presence of fire or other detonating factors, advise the First Responders (or anyone within the immediate vicinity if First Responders are not at the scene) of the risk of an explosion. Help organize perimeter guards to prevent people from entering the evacuation zone. The minimal distance to evacuate for a 20,000 kg tanker is 1.2 km or 4000 feet.

## 14.0 AMMONIUM NITRATE (E2 REGULATION)

### 14.1 Physical and chemical properties

Ammonium nitrate in solid form (prill) is of a light or off-light color and is commercially available in small beads of various sizes. It gives off a light ammonia smell. It is considered an oxidizer (risk class 5.1). Its density varies between 0.72 and 1.0 g/cc. Its solubility in water is high at 192 g/100 ml at 20°C. Its boiling point (decomposition) varies between 177 and 210 °C and its fusion point is 170°C.

Ammonium nitrate is stable in normal conditions. However, when involved in a fire, it will give off toxic compounds of nitrogen oxides and may emit ammonia vapors in the air. When confined or exposed at high temperatures, it can explode. It becomes more sensitive to explosion when contaminated by organic matters or other combustible materials.

### 14.2 Potential environmental impact

Ammonium nitrate is a fertilizer composed of nitrate ion ( $\text{NO}_3^-$ ) and ammonium nitrogen ion ( $\text{NH}_4^+$ ). Nitrate is essential to life. Most crop requires a large quantity of nitrates to support growth. In moderate quantities, nitrate is a harmless component of food and water. The nitrate ions are very soluble in water. They are easily solubilized and transported by surface and groundwater. Ammonium nitrogen is a reduced form of nitrogen which has the potential in water to release ammonia gas and be toxic to aquatic life. This ion is not very mobile in soils. This ion normally stays attached to clay or humus soil particles. Ammonium nitrogen will normally be converted in nitrates by soil bacteria in a few weeks.

A high level of nutrients (nitrates) combined with the presence of phosphorus in water support the rapid growth of algae and aquatic plants in water. It may reduce dissolved oxygen level in water. Insufficient oxygen levels may create dead zones where fish species requiring cold and well oxygenated water could no longer live in. Nitrates can therefore contribute to the eutrophication phenomena of lakes and rivers. The closest water bodies that can be impacted by a spill are located within a kilometer of the plant site and testing is completed by Meadowbank environment regularly. No potable water wells are present at the site.

#### 14.3 What to do in case of a spill

In case of a spill, the product must be recovered rapidly to avoid exposure to water. Protect it with tarp and build berms around it if necessary to avoid exposure to surface water and rain. Avoid any contact with a flame. The product can be recovered manually using plastic shovels or brooms and put into plastic bags or containers. A HEPA filter can also be used if desired. In case of a very large spill, the product can be recovered using a mechanical shovel or loader and put in a sealed steel (20 cubic yards) bin equipped with a cover. The bin must be clean and not contaminated by any organic material.

In low concentrations in water, nitrates will be absorbed by surrounding vegetation and will support their growth. If there are water wells nearby, there is a potential to contaminate the potable water. The drinking water standards for nitrates is 10 mg/l (as N). Therefore, prevent contaminated water to enter sanitary and surface water drains. Recovered product can be re-used if clean, recycled as a fertilizer or disposed off-site as an oxidizer to an approved waste disposal company. Do not fight fires involving ammonium nitrate because of the risks of explosion.

#### 14.4 Maximum quantity planned during the year:

10,000,000 kg.

#### 14.5 Location of the substance :

In seacans at plant site (EMR)

#### 14.6 Training required for emergency responders

- First aid
- Transportation of Dangerous Goods
- WHMIS
- Emergency Response Plan (this plan)

#### Emergency Response equipment

- Danger tape
- Tote bags with internal plastic liner
- Plastic shovels
- Drain cover
- Brooms
- Polyethylene tarps

Note: equipment must be readily available at the Quaatuq location.

#### 14.7 Personnel Protective Equipment

- Reflective vests
- Safety Glasses
- Dust masks
- Plastic gloves
- Safety boots
- First aid kit

Note: equipment must be readily available at the Quaatuq site location.

#### 15.0 TRAFFIC CONTROL

In the event of an emergency it is essential that the traffic movements to the site be limited to essential vehicles only. The control of traffic will be achieved by posting sentries at the evacuation point. The sentry shall use the company vehicles onsite so that they can stay in contact via cell phone with the Emergency Manager or Emergency Services Coordinator.

During an emergency the only vehicles that will be allowed to enter the site will be:

- Emergency Services;
- Any equipment providers which have been requested to attend to the emergency; and
- Dyno Nobel personnel that are directly involved in the response effort.

Any other entry to site will require the permission of the Emergency Manager after consultation with the Emergency Services Coordinator.

If an employee or visitor is injured and can safely be transported to the mine without incurring additional harm to the employee/worker, or posing any additional risk to the safety of the person, Dyno vehicles can be used to transport.

***Where specific stabilization of an injured person is required, or where moving an injured person may result more serious injury or life threatening concerns, the injured person is to be stabilized as per first aid training and AMARUQ emergency services dispatched to site.***

In the event that there is a chance of an explosion or release of toxic fumes roadblocks should be at least **1200m** from the scene.

The Mine security or local Police are the only personnel authorised to close any public roads, as a result, the need to close the road should be established early. The road would need to be closed at a distance of no less than **1200m** from the facility in order to prevent damage to vehicles or people outside the site.

#### 16.0 PROTECTION OF VITAL ASSETS / EMERGENCY SHUTDOWN

Under no circumstance are lives to be put at unacceptable risk in order to preserve material assets or intellectual property.

To avoid knock on effects of an emergency such as escalated destruction or business disruption, consideration should be given to preserve critical company assets by shutdown or removal of equipment such as:

- Mobile Processing Units (MPU's)
- Raw Materials/Handling equipment

Materials handling equipment and energy sources should be shutdown or isolated by activating emergency stop buttons or closing valves on the following systems:

- Electrical

Isolation are clearly identified by color coded labeling. All personnel must know location and operation of these devices.

- Switches

The decision to isolate energy sources or remove assets may be made at the time of evacuation notification or post evacuation by the Emergency Manager or Supervisor. Either way, this action must not be made if it is considered that it will not delay the evacuation process or put personnel at an unacceptable level of risk in terms personal injury or health.

| Energy Source / Equipment      | Type of Isolation | Location |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| Electrical Systems & Equipment | Switch            |          |

## 17.0 SEARCH AND RESCUE

Search and rescue shall be the responsibility of emergency services only as Dyno Nobel are not equipped to carry out search and rescue operations in a safe manner.

Search and rescue operations should only be conducted if it is safe to do so and if there is no potential of an explosion occurring. Very careful consideration should be made to limiting casualties.

Before attempting search and rescue, personnel must be knowledgeable of the following:

- Site layout;
- Hazardous effects from hazardous substances;
- Fumes/poisoning;
- Explosion;
- Burns;
- Use of proper PPE;
- Breathing apparatus;
- Fire extinguishers;
- Recovery gear;
- Practiced search and rescue techniques; and
- Possible casualties.

## **18.0 RECOVERY PLAN**

The Emergency Manager has the responsibility to declare the emergency over after consultation and agreement with Local Emergency Services:

- When the damage is localised to the extent that normal operations could resume in unaffected areas;
- Work in unaffected areas will not contaminate the emergency scene and destroy causal evidence;
- Affected areas are secure with actual or potential energy sources neutralized and controlled; and
- The all clear / re-entry approval should be communicated to all personnel in consideration of any special conditions.

## **19.0 CLEAN UP**

Environmental aspects and impacts need to be considered when dealing with chemical waste and approval for disposal of chemicals must be obtained before disposal.

## **20.0 RESUMPTION OF BUSINESS**

The EM will carry out the following:

- Arrange for appropriate personnel to complete a risk assessment of the area and assess the impact of the emergency; and
- Provide DNA appropriate personnel with an update as soon as practicable.

In conjunction with Dyno Nobel's VP of HSEQ and VP of Operations, the Emergency Manager shall develop an action plan to ensure that:

- The site is secure and safe for all personnel;
- Pollution due to leaking storages and firewater run-off is minimised;
- Production facilities are re-established; and
- Supply contingencies are activated.

Senior Management shall be informed of any loss and they will ensure that the underwriters are informed. It is essential that all costs of recovery and increased costs due to the incident be identified.

## **21.0 CRISIS COMMUNICATION PLAN**

The Site Media plan is only activated if the media has arrived at your site and is asking questions.

If the media is contacting you by phone, fax or email, refer them to Diana Roising, Crisis Media Advisor in Salt Lake City, cell: 801- 321 5338 or office: 801 328 6536

#### **IF THE MEDIA HAS ARRIVED AT YOUR SITE**

The First Critical Statement may be made by a trained spokesperson (generally the Manager on Site) who has received permission from a member of the DNA Crisis Management Team. ***In most cases Media contact will be referred to the General Manager, Mike Soter, or his designate.***

If permission is granted, the Supervisor of the Site should fill in the information in the First Critical Statement template

After the statement is presented to the media on site, it is important not to attempt to answer additional questions. All other information will be done at the direction of the DNA Crisis Management Team, unless otherwise directed.

If additional personnel are available, have an assistant to this spokesperson remain behind to gather business cards and write down questions while the spokesperson leaves. This person must NOT answer any questions

Fax/email a copy of the Statement to DNA Crisis Management Team member and wait for further instructions

**When the Media Arrives at Your Site Say ONLY the following:**

### **Site Media Statement**

At approximately \_\_\_\_\_ am/pm on \_\_\_\_\_ we experienced

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

*(Only obvious facts - No explanation - No elaboration)*

**This is all I can confirm at the present time. I am sure you understand that we are assessing the situation so we can provide the most accurate information.**

**Our company spokesperson will be in touch with you and other media representatives as soon as possible to provide more information. In the interim, we ask for your patience as we conduct our investigation.**

*(You are now free to turn and walk away.*

*(If you are asked additional questions, make the following statement:)*

## **22.0 TRAINING**

All Dyno Nobel employees will be trained to cope with an outbreak of fire in the site and MPU operation, at minimum all DNCI employees should be fully trained in the use of fire extinguishers.

All employees shall be trained in the roles they are expected to play during an emergency and/or an evacuation.

Regular evacuation and emergency drills shall be conducted in order to evaluate the effectiveness of the overall strategy and identify any deficiencies in the procedures. Emergency drills should be conducted every six months for DNCI internal drills with at least one of these involving local Emergency Service teams. Local Emergency Service providers shall be briefed on potential site emergencies by the Site Management team.

After conducting drills has a meeting shall be conducted to identify the gaps found during the emergency drill.

Training shall include:

- Fire extinguisher training;
- WHMIS;
- Transportation of Dangerous Goods,
- Emergency Response Training.

## **23.0 INFORMATION**

Emergency procedures are posted on the Safety board. A copy of the Emergency Response Plan was provided to all employees during the Training.

Information on this Emergency Response Plan is recorded electronically on NEXUS.

## APPENDIX I – BOMB THREAT

### INITIAL INFORMATION:

Date :

Person receiving call:

Exact time of call:

Time of the call end:

Exact words of caller :

### QUESTIONS TO ASK

Where is the bomb?

When is bomb going to explode?

What does it look like?

Did you place the bomb?

Why?

Where are you calling from?

Are you an employee?

Caller Gender : F / M

Age :

### CALLER'S VOICE (circle)

|         |         |           |           |                 |
|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|
| Calm    | Fast    | Distinct  | Joker     | Throat clearing |
| Angry   | Soft    | Lisp      | Disguised | Deep breathing  |
| Excited | Mocking | Nasal     | Loud      | Stuttering      |
| Slow    | Crying  | Irregular | Deep      | Mumble          |

### LANGUAGE OF THE CALLER

|            |                                          |        |            |            |
|------------|------------------------------------------|--------|------------|------------|
| Articulate | Educated                                 | Coarse | Irrational | Incoherent |
| Recorded   | Message read by the author of the threat |        |            |            |

### BACKGROUND NOISES

|         |                          |             |        |       |        |
|---------|--------------------------|-------------|--------|-------|--------|
| Traffic | Telephone booth          | House sound | Music  | Motor | Dishes |
| Soft    | Long Distance/Local call | Machinery   | Static | None  | Animal |

Others :

**APPENDIX II – EMPLOYEE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT, REVIEW & TRAINING  
CERTIFICATION RECORD**

Signature indicates that person has been given an opportunity to review and make comments regarding this safe work instruction and revisions. Signature indicates that person has received training about and understands the information contained in this document, related operating procedures, and requirements imposed by this program.

| PRINT NAME | SIGNATURE | DATE |
|------------|-----------|------|
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## **Appendix J**

### **MBK-ENV-Pro Spill Reporting Procedure**

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# Spill reporting procedure

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|                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>DOCUMENT ID: MBK-ENV-PRO-Spill reporting</b>                                                                                                                                                            |                        |
| <b>People concerned: Agnico Eagle employees, contractors, visitors on the Meadowbank and Amarug sites</b>                                                                                                  | <b>Effective Date:</b> |
| <i>This procedure corresponds to the required minimum standard. Each and every one also have to comply with the rules and regulations of the Nunavut Government in terms of health and safety at work.</i> |                        |

| Rev # | Date       | Description                 | Initiator        |
|-------|------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
|       | 2015-01-18 | MBK-ENV-PRO-Spill reporting | Jamie Kataluk    |
|       | 2020-03-07 | MBK-ENV-PRO-Spill reporting | Louis Dubois     |
|       | 2021-03-31 | MBK-ENV-PRO-Spill reporting | Casandra DeForge |
|       |            |                             |                  |
|       |            |                             |                  |

## Objective:

As per Meadowbank's Water License we must have and employ a Spill Contingency Plan. The overall purpose of creating a spill contingency plan is to minimize the impacts of spills by the establishment of predetermined lines of response and plans of action. The plan has been designed to facilitate effective communication and the efficient clean-up of spills from potentially hazardous materials. The Plan also specifies the reporting of all spills on site to the Environment Department. The Plan details which spills will be reported to regulators.

## Definitions (if applicable)

- A) A **Major spill** is defined as an accidental release of product into the environment that has the potential for adverse impacts to the receiving environment, AEM property or human health. This can include potential impacts to water, surface and groundwater, land, equipment, buildings, human health and the atmosphere.
- B) A **Minor spill** is defined as any spill that does not involve a toxic, reactive, or explosive material in a situation that does not pose a significant risk to the environment, is not human health or AEM property.

| Tool/Equipment Required                                                | PPE Required                                          |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Radio</li> <li>Phone</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>N/A</li> </ul> |

| Specific Training Requirements                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Site induction</li> </ul> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 1.                                                               | <b>All Spills</b> on the Meadowbank Complex site including and All Weather Access Road and Whale Tail Haul Road regardless of size, quantity, location, or time of spill are to be reported to the Environment department                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 2.                                                               | Spills must be immediately reported to the responsible department Supervisor                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 3.                                                               | <p>The supervisor will determine if the spill is a major or minor spill</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the spill is <i>Major</i>, supervisor will call CODE 1 to dispatch (Mine, AWAR, AMQ Road or Control room).</li> <li>If the spill is <i>Minor</i> the supervisor will contact the Environment Department</li> </ol> <p>AMQ: On <b>Surface Channel</b> or extension <b>460 6808</b></p> <p>MBK: On <b>Channel 9</b> or extension <b>460 6747</b> or <b>460 6759</b> Techs / <b>460 6980</b> or <b>460 6744</b> Coordinators</p> |
| 4.                                                               | <p>Whether the spill is major or minor the following must be verbally reported:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Product description (diesel, hydraulic oil, sodium cyanide)</li> <li>Estimated quantity of the product</li> <li>Location of Spill</li> <li>Area contaminated (#meters x # meters)</li> <li>Cause of spill – If this is not yet known best assumption</li> </ol> <p>** if photos can be taken of the spill, please submit to the environment department with spill report</p>                                             |
| 5.                                                               | For a Major Spill the Supervisor will ensure the area stays safe until the ERT team arrives to intervene. The Environment department will assist the ERT team.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 6.                                                               | <p>For a minor spill the supervisor and the Environment department will then determine the clean-up method and the location in which the contaminated material will be disposed.</p> <p>**Environment department may want to investigate the spill prior to clean up.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 7.                                                               | Using Professional Judgement, the Supervisor will determine if the spill is considered to be an Environmental Emergency as defined in the E2 regulations (Schedule 1 substances) (see Figure 8 in Spill Contingency Plan). If the spill is considered to be an Environmental Emergency it must be reported to ECCC and a written report is to be submitted electronically (Schedule 8) via SWIM.                                                                                                                                                    |

# Spill reporting procedure

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8. A spill report will need to be completed, ***In Full***, and submitted to the Environment department within **12 hrs.** of the spill occurring. Thus allowing time for the Environment department to determine if it needs to be reportable to the Governing bodies.

9. Spills on water must be reported **immediately** to the Environmental Department.

***\*\*Spill report is attached below or can be found here:***

[http://mymeadowbank/Top%20%20Documents/ENV/AEM%20Internal%20Spill%20Report%20Form\\_2020.pdf](http://mymeadowbank/Top%20%20Documents/ENV/AEM%20Internal%20Spill%20Report%20Form_2020.pdf)

10. Spills found on site that have not been reported to the Environment department will be deemed as Non-Reported spills.

## Related Documentation (if applicable)

- N/A

## References (if applicable)

## Appendix (if applicable)

- Pictures
- Plans

## Authorization (Print Name)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
JOHSC Worker Rep.

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Department Superintendent/ Delegate

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Health & Safety Superintendent/ Delegate

## **Appendix K**

### **2025 Mock Spill and Full-Scale E2 Simulation in Baker Lake**

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## **Mock Spill – Post Exercise Report Baker Lake Fuel Farm Facility**

**July 19<sup>th</sup>, 2025**

## Table of Contents

|          |                                  |          |
|----------|----------------------------------|----------|
| <b>1</b> | <b>PURPOSE .....</b>             | <b>3</b> |
| <b>2</b> | <b>SPILL MANAGEMENT.....</b>     | <b>4</b> |
|          | 2.1 MOCK SPILL SCENARIO .....    | 4        |
|          | 2.2 ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITY..... | 4        |
|          | 2.3 RESPONSE.....                | 5        |
|          | 2.4 DEBRIEFING .....             | 6        |
| <b>3</b> | <b>MOCK SPILL PHOTOS.....</b>    | <b>7</b> |
| <b>4</b> | <b>ATTENDANCE SHEET.....</b>     | <b>9</b> |

## **1 PURPOSE**

The annual mock spill is directed at operations where there is potential for either land-based or marine based spills to occur. The mock spill attempts to demonstrate using verbal instruction and a practical effective exercise which can be taken to prevent spills and/or reduce the damage that results from a potential spill. The mock spill also emphasizes the need to avoid situations that are a potential danger to human health and safety.

The mock spill attempts to capture scenarios that are likely to be encountered by front-line staff. Emphasis is placed on diesel and Jet-A fuels, as these products are transferred at Baker Lake. The 2025 mock spill exercise selected diesel fuel as the product spilled during the simulation, but the response would have been the same if Jet-A was the selected product.

A total of eight (8) individuals participated, including two (2) Agnico Eagle Environment team members, three (3) Agnico Eagle Logistics team members, and three (3) representatives from Amspec, the third-party contractor responsible for overseeing the ship-to-shore discharge process.

---

## **2 SPILL MANAGEMENT**

### **2.1 MOCK SPILL SCENARIO**

In late July, while conducting the hourly ship to shore inspection during the transfer of fuel at the Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility (OHF), an employee observes a pool of diesel fuel on the road leading up to the fuel farm. The worker confirms that a valve on the permanent pipeline past the manifold appears to be leaking, and the ponded fuel has begun to spread down the road toward the shoreline. This scenario simulates a spill with a high potential environmental impact on a water body. The team will have to manage their resources and workforce to install a secondary containment under the valve, stop the leak, and contain the spill, ensuring the fuel does not reach the lake by digging a trench on the road and installing spill booms.

For the purpose of the scenario, an empty tote containing 1,000 L water will be placed near the valve on the permanent pipeline to simulate the spill.

A representative of the environment department will take photos and document the spill scenario as well as act as the “Control Room” responder and the Baker Lake dispatch.

- The responders will be requested to: Assemble and install additional secondary containment berms safely and efficiently with the resources available.
- Dig a small trench on the beach and install spill booms within the trench to capture any fuel before it reaches the water.
- Assemble two orange curtains on shore and deploy the curtains in the water along the shoreline for precautionary measures.
- Control and clean up the spill with available response equipment.
- Ensure fire hazard control measures are put in place (identify any potential fire hazards and move them out of the line of fire).
- Complete visual inspection of fuel transfer line and secondary control measures at each connection point

### **2.2 ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITY**

- Agnico Eagle Environmental department: Thomas Dahm
    - Role and responsibility: Serve as the dispatcher and control room team during the scenario, recording all actions taken throughout the event.
  - Agnico Eagle Environmental department: Samuel Tapp
    - Role and responsibility: Monitor and document the actions of on-site personnel throughout the event to ensure adherence to established protocols and to provide recommendations for process improvements, if necessary. Also serve as the vessel captain during the operation.
  - Agnico Eagle Logistics department: Kevin Duschene, Luc Belanger and Denis Mulette
    - Role and responsibility: Provide support to the Amspec crew upon request in response to the environmental emergency.
  - Amspec: Oluyemi Ojeyomi, Joseph La, and Luis Baca
    - Role and responsibility: Inspect and monitor the fuel transfer process from the manifold through the permanent pipeline to the fuel farm, and respond promptly to any environmental emergencies.
-

## 2.3 RESPONSE

- **9:52** During Amspec's inspection, a leak was observed coming from one of the permanent pipeline flanges located past the manifold.
  - Amspec personnel immediately attempted to contact the vessel to stop the fuel discharge. Upon discovering that radio communication was not functioning properly—as part of the scenario—they used the secondary two-way communication method (a cell phone) to successfully reach the captain.
  - Amspec promptly informed Kevin Duchesne (Agnico Eagle) and requested support.
  - The fuel ship confirmed that the pumps had been stopped. The Amspec crew then closed the check valves to prevent backflow from Agnico Eagle's tanks.
  - **10:00** Kevin and Denis (Agnico Eagle) arrived on scene.
    - They conducted a site assessment to ensure there were no ignition sources and confirmed with the Amspec personnel that all the valves had been closed to isolate the leak.
    - Kevin Duchesne asked Amspec personnel whether a Code 1 had been initiated. Upon learning it had not, he immediately called a Code 1.
    - Once the site was deemed safe, Kevin and Denis assisted Amspec in controlling the spill. The control room informed the team that the only available transportation for the Emergency Response and Environment teams was by land, with an estimated arrival time of two hours. Until their arrival, the team on site was responsible for managing the response.
  - **10:05** The individuals at the spill site contacted the remaining Amspec representatives, instructing them to retrieve the spill response materials stored in the emergency seacan.
  - **10:15** The second team arrived with spill response materials from the emergency seacan. Amspec and Agnico Eagle collaborated to deploy the orange silt curtain and used hand shovels to trench and contain the spill within the affected area. Absorbent pads and booms were subsequently added to capture the contaminants in the immediate vicinity.
  - **10:30** As a precautionary measure, the control room instructed the team to mobilize heavy equipment to stand by at the shoreline, ready to dig a trench in case the spill response at the upstream valve failed.
  - **10:40** The Agnico Eagle representative informed the control room that the spill was now under control, with no impact to the lake. Spill clean-up operations were set to begin. The mock spill scenario has been concluded, and the debrief session has started.
-

## 2.4 DEBRIEFING

After the mock spill, Agnico Eagle and Amspec representatives conducted a debriefing about the mock spill and discussed ways to improve spill response. Overall, the participant's actions and response to the spill are deemed satisfactory.

- It was recommended to repeat the Code 1 procedure with Amspec, as they were not fully aware of the complete scope of a Code 1 call.
- Ensure that heavy equipment is available to dig a small trench if necessary, as the surface is very hard and difficult to excavate with a hand shovel.
- Both Amspec and Agnico Eagle representatives demonstrated a quick and effective response.
- Communication throughout the entire scenario was excellent
- The organization of the environmental emergency seacans was adequate, allowing Amspec representatives to easily access the required response materials.

Team members demonstrated good knowledge of the protocol to follow during key steps of the response.

---

### 3 MOCK SPILL PHOTOS



**Full tote used to simulate a spill.**



**Utilizing spill booms and spill pads to control the flow.**



**Deploying barriers from Emergency Seacan**



**Tying sections of barrier before deployment.**

4 ATTENDANCE SHEET



2025 Pre-Transfer Meeting

Date:

Name (Print)

Signature

KEVIN DUCHESNE  
Luc Balmager  
Dennis Adulofo  
OLUYEMI OJAYOMI  
LOIS POIR  
Joseph Le

Kevin D  
Luc Balmager  
Dennis Adulofo  
Oluyemi Ojayomi  
Lois Poir  
Joseph Le

THOMAS DALLM  
SAMUEL TAPP

Thomas Dallm  
Samuel Tapp



**AGNICO EAGLE**

**Environmental Emergency Regulation  
Full-Scale Simulation Exercise  
Baker Lake, NU Exercise Report**

**September 14, 2025**

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

SWAT Consulting Inc. was retained by Agnico Eagle Mines to conduct the Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC) – Environmental Emergency (E2) full-scale simulation exercise (FSX) on September 14, 2025, located at the Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility (OHF) (ID 4315) for the deployment of personnel, equipment and resources in response to a release of a Schedule 1 substance (diesel fuel), while the Incident Command Post (ICP) was located at the Agnico Eagle Meadowbank Mine.

The E2 Regulations state that a full-scale simulation involving deployment of equipment and resources must be completed within five years of the E2 Plan being brought into effect (as per Section 7(1)(b)). A full-scale simulation is an action-based exercise requiring the deployment of personnel, resources and equipment for a worst case or alternate worse case scenario.

The E2 FSX conducted on September 14, 2025 involved an alternate worst-case scenario. The alternate worst-case scenario (scenario that is most realistic to happen with the longest impact distance outside the boundary of the facility) is a major failure between the ship and the flange of the OHF, the floating pipeline, resulting in a spill greater than 1,000 L but less than 10,000 L of diesel fuel. The furthest impact distance outside the boundary of the facility can be up to 3.4 Km. The scenario involved an ongoing release from the Ship-to-Shore Connection, a permanent steel pipeline onshore connected to a floating transfer hose from the Woodward vessel. Following the briefing, participants established an Incident Command Post (ICP), organized and briefed their teams, and deployed resources and tactics to meet assigned objectives. SWAT personnel observed the exercise, ensuring all activities were carried out safely and effectively.

The objective of this exercise was to provide Agnico Eagle Environment department, Emergency Response Team (ERT) and management to practice the validation of the Baker Lake OHF E2 Plan.

The exercise provided Agnico Eagle's Emergency Response Team (ERT) and Emergency Measures Team (EMT) personnel an opportunity to practice and validate their emergency response plans, policies, and the wide range of skills gained through prior training. Participants deployed personnel, resources, and equipment available at the facility, including sorbent materials, excavation of bell holes, inverted weirs, watergates, and hard containment boom. The exercise also reinforced field-level Incident Command System (ICS) roles.

Overall, the exercise was successful. Participants demonstrated the ability to deploy multiple containment tactics, including the use of a response boat to deploy hard containment boom around the Point of Entry (POE). Opportunities for improvement were identified during the exercise and are documented in Section 8.0 of this report. This report specifically addresses the full-scale simulation exercise conducted on September 14, 2025.

## Table of Contents

|                                                                   |           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| <b>1.0 INTRODUCTION .....</b>                                     | <b>3</b>  |
| <b>2.0 SCOPE.....</b>                                             | <b>3</b>  |
| <b>3.0 OBJECTIVES .....</b>                                       | <b>4</b>  |
| <b>4.0 EXERCISE SUMMARY .....</b>                                 | <b>4</b>  |
| 4.1 Scenario Overview .....                                       | 4         |
| 4.2 Field Deployment Full-Scale Simulation Exercise Summary ..... | 5         |
| <b>5.0 OUTCOME – E2 EXERCISE &amp; DEPLOYMENT .....</b>           | <b>7</b>  |
| <b>7.0 EXERCISE DEBRIEF .....</b>                                 | <b>8</b>  |
| <b>6.0 LESSONS LEARNED – FULL-SCALE SIMULATION EXERCISE.....</b>  | <b>9</b>  |
| 6.1 Strengths.....                                                | 9         |
| 6.2 IMPROVEMENT OPPORTUNITIES .....                               | 9         |
| <b>7.0 CLOSURE .....</b>                                          | <b>11</b> |
| <b>8.0 DISCLOSURE .....</b>                                       | <b>11</b> |

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

SWAT Consulting Inc. (SWAT) at the request of Agnico Eagle assisted in the facilitation of the field deployment portion of a E2 full scale simulation exercise located at Agnico Eagle's Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility (OHF) in Baker Lake, Nunavut on September 14, 2025. The exercise was designed to allow Agnico Eagle personnel to coordinate and test the alternate worst-case scenario presented in the E2 Plan. SWAT facilitated the field deployment portion of the exercise and observed the response to ensure that actions were completed in a safe and controlled manner. The following document outlines the results of the field deployment portion of the E2 Full Scale Simulation Exercise.

## 2.0 SCOPE

The FSX was conducted in accordance with the Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC), Environmental Emergency (E2) Regulation. The objective of this exercise was to provide Agnico Eagle's Environment department, Emergency Response Team (ERT) and management to practice:

- Validation of the plan
  - To ensure that the response was aligned with what is included in the E2 Plan (Spill Contingency Plan).
  - To ensure a timely and efficient response to the incident.
  - To ensure adequate communication amongst all participants.
- Assessment of containment deployment methodologies and quality/quantity of spill containment resources.
- Identify areas of improvement for the existing E2 plan or resources in place.

The full scale simulation exercise allowed for the establishment of an ICP and deployment of personnel, resources and equipment as per the E2 Environmental Emergency Regulations (2019). The scenario involved the release of diesel, a Schedule 1 substance, from the Ship to Shore. In the case of an alternate-worst case scenario, Agnico Eagle will follow the E2 Plan to complete the best containment and clean up possible. Spill response supplies at the OHF (including all responses equipment and resources from Meadowbank, emergency sea can along the All-Weather Access Road (AWAR)) will need to be used to control and clean up.

Tankers delivering fuel also have on-board equipment that can be shared with Agnico Eagle in case of an extreme spill.

### **3.0 OBJECTIVES**

The objectives of the participant facilitated full scale simulation exercise were as follows:

- Validate availability and accuracy of responders emergency management documentation.
- Ensure initial actions prioritize life safety and establish public protection measures.
- Ensure protection of Baker Lake's freshwater intake.
- Manage the incident effectively using the Incident Command System (ICS).
- Identify and effectively manage required resources.
- Effectively manage communications between the ICP, responders, third parties and the public.

### **4.0 EXERCISE SUMMARY**

On September 14, 2025, a full-scale simulation exercise with Agnico Eagle's ERT, EMT and Environment (ENV) personnel was completed. The field deployment portion of the exercise began with the call of a Code-1 emergency. The Code-1 emergency stopped all mine operations and initiated the deployment of the ERT. Initial response actions were completed by the closest available personnel. A test of what resources and what knowledge was had by Agnico Eagle staff outside the ERT and Env team was assessed. The ENV team was next on scene, they took control as the more qualified professionals and built upon the initial response actions of the nearest available personnel. The ENV team lead further containment measures including the installation of hard containment boom within Baker Lake. Once the ERT was onsite, SWAT personnel completed introductions with the group and reviewed the actions to date and discussed the next planned sequence of events.

#### **4.1 SCENARIO OVERVIEW**

For the exercise, Agnico Eagle simulated the identified alternate worst cases scenario for Baker Lake OHF. This scenario involved an ongoing release from the Ship-to-Shore Connection, a permanent steel pipeline onshore connected to a floating transfer hose from the Woodward vessel resulting in the release of 9,000 liters of diesel that was simulated during the exercise by using a tote of water at the Ship-to-Shore connection. The incident

scenario has the potential for fire and to impact wildlife and a receiving water body. The furthest impact distance outside the boundary of the facility can be up to 3.4 km.

**Date:** September 14, 2025

**Time:** 0900 hrs.

**Weather:** The wind will be consistently blowing from the NW to the SW for the entire exercise, at around 5 kmph.

**Incident Location:** Baker Lake OHF offshore

**Substances Tested:** Diesel CAS 68334-30-5 UN1202

**Hazard Category:** F, Pool Fire & Aquatically Toxic

**Quantity of test substance(s) released:** 9 m<sup>3</sup> (9,000 Litres)

**Emergency Planning Zone:** 3.4 km

For the scenario operational mitigations were enacted, and spill control equipment was mobilized. Initial regulatory and local authority notifications were conducted. The Meadowbank ERT and EMT were dispatched to assist with the incident and establish an on-site ICP at the Meadowbank Mine. Containment, recovery, and hazard monitoring activities are to be completed during the scenario.

The exercise scenario commenced with the arrival of the ERT and EMT at the ICP to conduct a transfer of command with the initial Incident Commander.

#### **4.2 FIELD DEPLOYMENT FULL-SCALE SIMULATION EXERCISE SUMMARY**

SWAT briefed the participants of the scenario that was currently unfolding at the time and the objectives that had been set by the Incident Command Post to contain the released product. Once the briefing had been given, the SWAT instructor transferred control of the scenario to the Agnico Eagle representative at site. A Spill Response Supervisor was assigned; this individual organized the groups, tasks, tactics and equipment required to perform the objectives. The Meadowbank Environment team arrived onsite, a transfer of command was completed, and the crews were organized to completed further containment and recovery actions. The onsite teams completed their response objectives very effectively and efficiently. Table A below describes the timeline of events.

**Table A. Timeline of Events**

| Time  | Event                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 09:21 | Code 1 called with a brief description of release and location (9,000 L at the manifold near Spud Barge). Called in via red button on radio, not broadcasted on road channel.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 09:26 | Call received from ICP to provide additional details surrounding the release. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Is everyone safe and secure? Yes.</li> <li>Verified released product was diesel fuel.</li> <li>Verified impacts are land based but travelling towards Baker Lake.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 09:31 | Fire truck and ambulance ready for deployment to Baker Lake. They were held at site and transferred out of bunker gear and in a pickup to complete the travel to Baker Lake Spud Barge                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 09:32 | General call broadcasted across the radio. All critical activities stopped.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 09:39 | Call from ICP to Environmental Supervisor to verify location of personnel in the field.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 09:40 | Call from Environmental Supervisor to field personnel to verify location, ETA 30 min. Location communicated to General Supervisor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 09:43 | Call received from ICP for additional details.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 09:44 | First 2 Agnico Eagle responders (Supervisor, Field and Dewatering Operations and the Leader Operation, Warehouse) arrived at site. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verified location of release and verified all valves are closed along the pipeline and tank farm.</li> <li>Responders verified that Baker Lake was the most critical resource to protect from an environmental perspective.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 09:50 | First responders deployed absorbent material to slow movement of release product.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 09:55 | Communications officer prepares contact list of external stakeholders to notify                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 09:55 | First responders hand shovelled a small trench/bell hole to capture released product and slow migration towards the lake.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 10:01 | Emergency Response Team (ERT) mobilized from Meadowbank traveling to Spud Barge release location.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 10:05 | Code-1 lifted for all personnel not directly involved in the field response and essential to the ICP. Response activities continued onsite.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 10:05 | Additional resources have been offered by representatives within proximity to the release location.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 10:36 | Environmental representatives arrive onsite, 2 personnel (Environmental Technicians) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A transfer of onsite command completed between first responders and Environmental representatives including a review of all known details and response actions to date.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 10:47 | Inverted weir installed downstream of advancing plume.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 10:50 | Load supplies and deployed response vessel. Launch was completed in the community of Baker Lake due to safe access in and out. Responders identified that in a real-world scenario they would launch the boat at the spud barge and risk getting stuck to save the travel time for vehicle and vessel to the launch in the community of Baker Lake. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Crew was split – half were responsible for preparing and launching the vessel and the other half were responsible for preparation of hard containment boom for deployment.</li> <li>Visual assessment of plume dispersion done on route to the MBK OHF</li> </ul> |
| 11:22 | Response vessel arrived at Spud Barge. Communicated with shoreline personnel and began the deployment of hard containment boom surrounding the Point of Entry (POE).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

|       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 11:34 | Hard containment booms initial installation completed. Ongoing containment recovery activities in place to ensure product does not enter Baker Lake.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 12:33 | ERT arrived onsite (2:32 travel time). An update of activities to date and known information was communicated from Environmental to ERT. The site remained in Environmental control as the Environmental risk was the key concern. ERT would support Environmental in this case. Should the fire risk increase, or a fire occur transfer of command would be from Environmental to ERT and Environmental representatives would support ERT. |

Participants within the field deployment portion of the exercise successfully deployed the first of the containment tactics outlined by the ICP within an hour from receiving their initial briefing.

It should be noted that while the containment measures were being deployed, the importance of establishing a decontamination corridor and wildlife mitigation at each containment point was discussed with the participants. If this was a real emergency, the decontamination corridor would have been established as close to the watercourse as possible at each containment and recovery location.

## 5.0 OUTCOME – E2 EXERCISE & DEPLOYMENT

| Objective                                                                               | Achieved (Yes / No) | Comments                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Validate availability and currency of responders' emergency management documentation.   | Yes                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency Response Plans were utilized during the exercise; all documentation was up to date.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Ensure initial actions prioritize life safety and establish public protection measures. | Yes                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Initial objectives were prioritized, Life Safety being the top priority throughout the response.</li> <li>The safety of the responders and the public were evaluated and re-evaluated during the entire exercise.</li> <li>The response time was tested from deployment from Meadowbank to Baker Lake.</li> <li>Meadowbank Fire and Ambulance was ready to mobilize within 7 minutes of the Code 1 call.</li> </ul> |

|                                                                                              |            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ensure protection of Baker Lake's freshwater intake                                          | <b>Yes</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The protection of Baker Lake was the focus of the deployment activities during the exercise.</li> <li>Various and multiple forms of containment tactics and techniques were discussed during the exercise.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                       |
| Manage the incident effectively using the Incident Command System (ICS).                     | <b>Yes</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A review of the ICS system was discussed and demonstrated to the participants.</li> <li>The various roles as they pertain to field operations were discussed and how individuals and equipment would be allocated to each of the set objectives.</li> </ul>                                                                                 |
| Identify and effectively manage required resources.                                          | <b>Yes</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Equipment from the units was utilized for the dryland sessions.</li> <li>These sessions included:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Containment &amp; Recovery Measures</li> <li>Decontamination</li> <li>Wildlife Mitigation</li> </ul> </li> <li>Equipment was a separate objective and is discussed below.</li> </ul> |
| Effectively manage communications between the ICP, responders, third parties and the public. | <b>Yes</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Communication between all levels of the response was particularly good throughout the exercise.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

## 7.0 EXERCISE DEBRIEF

Following the completion of the exercise a debrief was completed with the field deployment participants. The following were points of discussion in the debrief:

- Reviewed all actions to date and discussed potential opportunities for improvement (Use of heavy equipment onsite).
- Reviewed available equipment with each of the Emergency Response Sea cans staged at the Spud Barge as well as the response vessel.

- Discussed the fire potential and ERTs potential actions in the event of a fire. Secure personnel and protect everyone. Due to the volume of the released product most likely the fire would be allowed to burn while controlling the outer perimeter to ensure no spread of fire. These actions would be dictated by a risk assessment in the event of an emergency, environmental factors will dictate (wind strength and direction, temperature etc.).
- Discussed the next response activities and priorities. Should the product enter Baker Lake communication with the community's public works would be initiated and a request would be made to shut down the water intake until everything could be confirmed safe.
- A large water quality assessment would be completed as well as additional hard containment boom deployed.
- The discussion around AMSPEC and additional resources being onsite during ship to shore transfer of fuel was completed, should they not be transferring fuel the volumes would likely be much less than the exercised 9,000 L.

## **6.0 LESSONS LEARNED – FULL-SCALE SIMULATION EXERCISE**

### **6.1 STRENGTHS**

- Great response from Agnico Eagle employees to investigate and assist in initial containment without prior training.
- Great response from supervisors to look for the closest resources to the incident location to assist until either Environmental or ERT arrived onsite.
- Great collaboration between Agnico Eagle Staff and Environmental to install appropriate containment measures. ERT was able to provide valuable insight into the fire risks associated with the flammable products and appropriate response actions.
- Overall was a successful deployment of response resources. The response times of ERT were close to the initial estimation. The response from the Environmental team was a real-world possibility that they may be close to the area or along the AWAR.
- Staff clearly understood what the next steps would be in the response/cleanup process.
- Overall the response process was aligned with the E2 Plan.

### **6.2 IMPROVEMENT OPPORTUNITIES**

- ERT did think to grab a spill kit from Meadowbank during mobilization, but they were unaware of the resources available in Baker Lake at the spud barge. Need to complete

awareness training for all ERT and spud barge personnel available resources in the event of an emergency.

- Ensure all equipment is organized in the sea cans at the spud barge and that all personnel are aware of the resources. This would be more of an issue on day-to-day spills rather than during transfers as AMSPEC would be onsite during those activities. AMSPEC would be able to assist with containment and recovery activities as well as rapid identification of any issues.
- Spill Contingency Plan should be reviewed and add recovery equipment details to spill contingency plan for larger releases.
  - Containment and recovery tactics should be updated as required during the review within the Spill Contingency Plan.
  - Control Points with pre-determined containment locations and containment/recovery implementation tactics could be developed at Baker Lake, Meadowbank Mine, Whale Tail and AWAR.

## **7.0 CLOSURE**

SWAT appreciated the opportunity to work on this project. Please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned at (780) 908-2101 for additional information.

This report was prepared by:

*Heather Arstad*

Heather Arstad, ASc.T., C.E.T  
*Project Manager*  
SWAT Consulting Inc.

## **8.0 DISCLOSURE**

SWAT Consulting Inc. has prepared this report for the exclusive use of Agnico Eagle Mines. The material contained in this report reflects SWAT's professional experience and interpretation of the information available at the time of report preparation. Any use which a third party makes of this report or any reliance upon, or decisions based on this report, without the consent of SWAT and that of Agnico Eagle Mines are the responsibility of such third parties. SWAT will not be held responsible or liable for damages or injuries incurred by any third party, because of decisions made, or actions taken based on this report.

## **APPENDIX A**

## **PHOTOGRAPHS**



Photograph 1: View of access facing south towards Baker Lake



Photograph 2: View of Seacan with Response Equipment



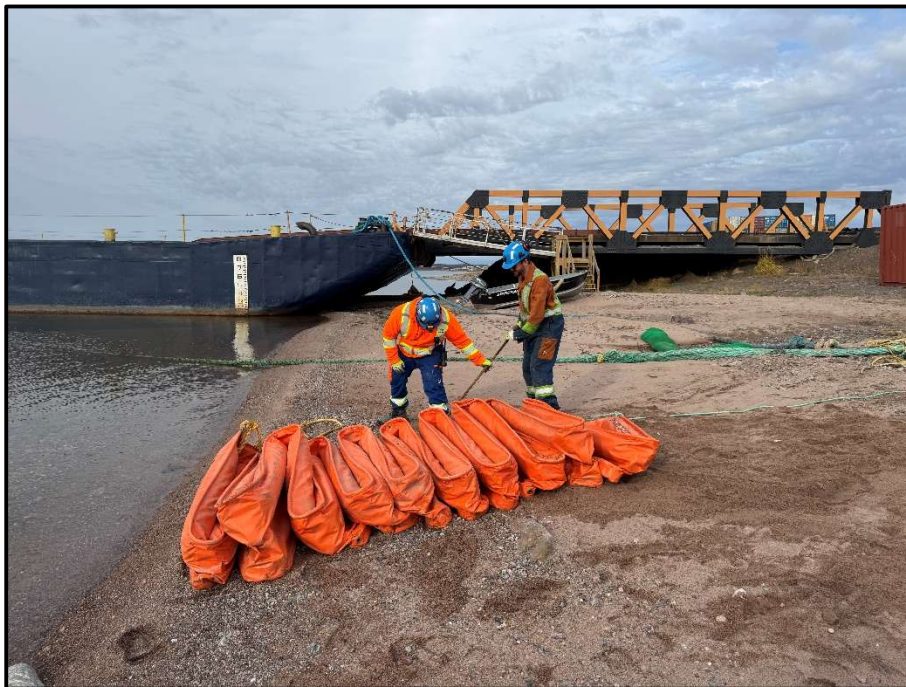
Photograph 3: View of simulated fluid release with constructed inverted weir.



Photograph 4: Construction of inverted weir



Photograph 5: Deployment of a watergate.



Photograph 6: Preparation of boom deployment into Baker Lake for containment.



Photograph 7: Boom towing with response vessel and responders.



Photograph 8: Boom deployment within Baker Lake.



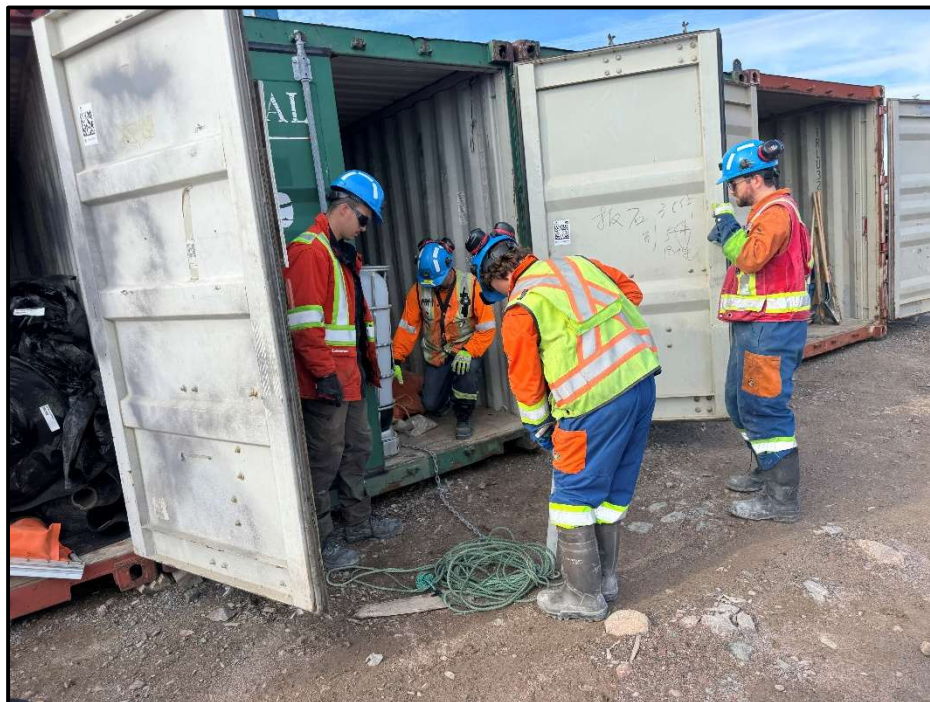
Photograph 9: Successful boom deployment.



Photograph 10: Completed boom deployment.



Photograph 11: View of Agnico's Spill Response Poster.



Photograph 12: View of spill response Seacan.

## **Appendix L**

### **Product Transfer Area Assessment - Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility**

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Meadowbank Complex

Product Transfer Area Assessment – Baker Lake Oil  
Handling Facility

Version 5

October, 2024

**Prepared for:**

Environment and Climate Changes Canada

**Prepared by:**

Agnico Eagle Mines Limited – Meadowbank Complex

## Document Control

| Version | Date          | Tank/EC number            | Section     | Revision                                                                                              | Author                                       |
|---------|---------------|---------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| 1       | February 2019 | EC# 00025772 and 00026142 |             | Implementation of the Product Transfer Area Assessment – Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility for the ERP | Robin Allard, General Supervisor Environment |
| 2       | February 2020 | EC# 00025772 and 00026142 |             | Update information to include the seventh fuel tank at Baker Lake                                     |                                              |
| 3       | April 2022    | EC# 00025772 and 00026142 | 2           | Updated information to include the eighth fuel tank at Baker Lake                                     | Alexandra Ozaruk, Compliance Counselor       |
|         |               |                           | Figure 1    | Updated figure 1 to include the eighth diesel fuel tank                                               |                                              |
| 4       | March 2023    | EC# 00025772 and 00026142 | 2.1         | Updated information on Jet-A tanks                                                                    | Alexandra Ozaruk, Compliance Counselor       |
|         |               |                           | Figure 1    | Updated figure                                                                                        |                                              |
|         |               |                           | App. A      | Maximum transfer rates updated                                                                        |                                              |
| 5       | October 2024  | EC# 00025772 and 00026142 | 2.1         | Updated information on Jet-A tanks                                                                    | Alexandra Ozaruk, Compliance Counselor       |
|         |               |                           | Figure 1    | Updated figure                                                                                        |                                              |
|         |               |                           | 3.1         | Reviewed legislation                                                                                  |                                              |
|         |               |                           | Table 1 & 2 | Updated quantities in Outcome column                                                                  |                                              |
|         |               |                           | 6.1 & 6.2   | Review of Standard Operating Procedures                                                               |                                              |
|         |               |                           | App. A      | Review of calculations                                                                                |                                              |

Prepared by: Environmental Department



Approved By: Eric Haley  
Environnement & Critical Infrastructures Superintendant

# 1 Introduction

The purpose of this document is to satisfy the requirement of Section 15 of the Storage Tank Systems for Petroleum Products and Allied Petroleum Products Regulations (STSPPR) (SOR/2008-197) made pursuant to Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999 which states:

**15 (1)** *The owner or operator of a storage tank system must ensure that petroleum product and allied petroleum product transfer areas are designed to contain any releases in liquid form in the environment that occur during the transfer process.*

In accordance to the STSPPR, a “transfer area” means:

*the area around the connection point between a delivery truck, railcar, aircraft or vessel and a storage tank system in which the tanks have an aggregate capacity of more than 2,500 L.*

Furthermore, Subparagraph 2.1(2) of the STSPPR states:

*a person must not release - or permit or cause any release of - a petroleum product or allied petroleum product, in liquid form in the environment, during the transfer of the product to or from a storage tank system if, in the case of a system that has a transfer area, the release during transfer reaches outside the transfer area.*

In accordance with the above requirement, the following information intends to be the Product Transfer Area Assessment –for the Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility for both the Jet-A and the Diesel Tanks.

## 2 Fuel Transfer Area Description

### 2.1 Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility

Agnico's Oil Handling Facility (OHF) is located in the area of Baker Lake at latitude 64°18'22.778" N and longitude 95°57'33.990" W. The Baker Lake OHF consists of eight (8), ten (10) million litre tanks for diesel fuel, within secondary containment (Figure 1). The steel fuel tanks have been field-erected and built to API-650 standards with each bermed area holding two tanks. This area is capable of containing 110% of the volume of one ten (10) million litre tanks.

The OHF also consists of twenty (20), 100,000L double walled tanks, within secondary containment, for aviation fuel (Jet-A) (Figure 1). Two (2), of these 100,000L double walled tanks were added back into the secondary containment in summer 2022, however they were not reconnected to the existing piping system. Reconnection of these two tanks to the existing container system occurred in 2024. The steel fuel tanks have been field-erected and built to API-650 standards with the bermed area having the capacity to hold twenty tanks. This area is capable of containing >110% of the volume of one 100,000L storage tank. Both Jet-A and Diesel storage areas were designed by qualified engineering firms.

The Diesel and Jet-A tanks are refilled during the barge season on an annual basis, generally from July to October.

### 2.2 Ship to shore transfer area

The Diesel fuel transfer area from ship to tank farm consists of a permanent 6-inch diameter steel pipe, that is 266 m long. Two (2) shipper certified transfer hoses, 4-inch diameter and 178 m long, are connected to the shore permanent based pipeline manifold for the transfer of diesel fuel to the diesel tank farm (Photo 1). The diesel transfer rate is 200 m<sup>3</sup>/hr to a maximum of 350 m<sup>3</sup>/hr. At the connection of the ship's transfer hose to the OHF manifold a portable containment pool is erected and in place during the transfer of product. This pool is capable of holding ~250L of liquid in the case that there is a leak at the flange or residual drips out of the conduit or hard wall pipe. Secondary containment pools are also placed under each joint for the transfer hose used to fill the Fuel tanks.

For Jet-A fuel, separate shipper certified hoses are laid out from the vessel to the Jet-A manifold located in the Jet-A Secondary Containment (Photo 2). As detailed in Section 2.1 above, this area is capable of containing >110% of the volume of one 100,000L storage tank. A total of 582m of 4-inch certified hose are required to reach the Jet-A transfer area. The Jet-A transfer rate is 100 m<sup>3</sup>/hr to a maximum of 250m<sup>3</sup>/hr. Secondary containment pools are placed under each joint for the transfer hose used to fill the Fuel tanks.

### 2.3 Refueling station to truck transfer area

For both the Diesel and Jet-A transfer area, there is one loading arm with dry quick connect coupling for tank truck filling operation (Photo 3). A loading arm is connected to an insulated pumping station (Photo 4) and consists of a single continuous 4 m x 3½-inch pipe from the loading arm to the fuel truck. Both refueling systems are equipped with a Scully System. These systems are capable of controlling refueling and eliminating spills from tanker trucks. All fuel trucks are equipped with a sensor that is connected directly to the fuel dispenser. When the volume reaches 90% of the truck tank capacity, the sensor stops the refueling process. The flow rate is approximately 75 m<sup>3</sup>/hr for both Jet-A and Diesel. During refueling activities, a portable secondary containment is placed under the dry quick connect coupling to capture

small spills that may result during disengagement of the loading arm. At the Diesel refueling station, a secondary containment area of 5,000 L was constructed.

**Location:** 64°18'22.76" N, 95°57'33.99" W. Baker Lake, Nunavut

**Diesel Tank System ID:** EC# 00025772

**Jet-A Tank System ID:** EC# 00026142



**Figure 1: Agnico Eagle's Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility**



***Photo 1: Diesel Transfer - Connection between shipper transfer hoses and Agnico Eagle permanent pipeline***



***Photo 2: Jet-A Transfer - Connection between shipper transfer hoses and Agnico permanent pipeline***



**Photo 3: Agnico Eagle Ltd.'s Refueling Station – Loading arm and Scully System**



**Photo 4: Agnico Eagle Ltd.'s Refueling Station – general view**

### 3 Legislation

#### 3.1 Ship to shore transfer area

Transfer from ship to shore is performed in conformance with procedures outlined in:

- Canada Shipping Act (S.C. 2001, c. 26);
- Response Organizations Regulations (SOR/95-405);
- Vessel Pollution and Dangerous Chemical Regulation (SOR/2012-69);
- Environmental Response Regulations (SOR/2019-252);
- Oil Handling Facilities Standards (TP 12402E);
- Response Organization Standards (TP 12401);
- Arctic Waters Oil Transfer Guidelines (TP 10783);
- Environmental Prevention and Response National Preparedness Plan (TP 13585);
- Release and Environmental Emergency Notification Regulations (SOR/2011-90);
- Guidelines for Reporting Incidents Involving Dangerous Goods, Harmful Substances and/or Marine Pollutants (TP 9834E);
- Requirements of the Canadian Coast Guard Central & Arctic Regional Response Plan;
- National Fire Code of Canada (NFCC);
- Storage Tank Systems for Petroleum Products and Allied Petroleum Products Regulations – 2008; and
- Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment, “Environmental Code of Practice of Aboveground and Underground Storage Tank Systems Containing Petroleum Products and Allied Petroleum Products – 2003 (Updated in 2013).

#### 3.2 Refueling station to truck transfer area

Transfer of fuel into trucks is performed in conformance with procedures outlined in:

- National Fire Code of Canada (NFCC);
- American Petroleum Institute (API) Standard: 2610-94: *“Design, Construction, Operation, Maintenance and Inspection of Terminal and Tank Facilities”*;
- Canadian Petroleum Products Institute (CPPI, 1992): *“Professional Driver’s Manual”*;
- Canadian Council of Ministers of Environment (CCME) – Code of Practice (COP) 2003; and
- Agnico Eagle fuel transfer procedure.

## 4 Analysis of Product Transfer Area Risks

The diesel and Jet-A storage tank system owned by Agnico Eagle Mines, located in Baker Lake, Nunavut, was evaluated in accordance with Environment and Climate Change Canada's (ECCC) approach to transfer area protection. A number of potential incidents, risks, and related receiving environments were identified for this product transfer area.

The table below lists potential incidents, outcomes, description of PTA and receiving environments that have been identified for the storage tank system on site. The table also provides an evaluation of identified risks and an assessment on whether further action is required, as well as a list of mitigation measures.

.

**Table 1: Product Transfer Risk Assessment – Ship to shore**

| Potential Incident                                                                                                                  | Outcome                                                                       | PTA and Receiving Environment                                       | Spill Consequence                                                                                        | Probability | Potential Impact | Evaluation         | Mitigation Measures                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Leakage if fuel remains in line after offloading and leakage at all couplings in the line (by the boat and outside the connections) | Maximum of ~8,516 L of diesel and ~5,274 L of Jet-A is released to Baker Lake | Secondary containment<br><br>Adjacent soil/gravel area within ~10 m | Low: the product is confined to secondary containment.<br><br>Moderate: the product reaches bare ground. | Moderate    | High             | No Action Required | Trained third party personnel oversee product transfer at all time<br><br>Line is cleared of fuel following transfer<br><br>Portable containment used under each transfer hose connection                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Coupling/equipment fails at onshore coupling                                                                                        | Maximum of ~8,516 L of diesel and ~5,274 L of Jet-A is released to Baker Lake | Baker Lake                                                          | High: the product reaches a water body.                                                                  | Moderate    | High             | No Action Required | Ships pumping system shuts off if hose pressure is lost.<br><br>Trained Personal oversee product transfer at all time<br><br>Transfer point is up gradient of pumping point, so line does not completely drain if uncoupled<br><br>Emergency Response Plan and Spill Contingency Plan<br><br>Oil Pollution Emergency Plan / Oil Pollution Prevention Plan<br><br>Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan<br><br>Marine spill response equipment adjacent to transfer point |
| Coupling/equipment fails at offshore coupling                                                                                       | Maximum of ~8,516 L of diesel and ~5,274 L of Jet-A is released to Baker Lake |                                                                     |                                                                                                          | Moderate    | High             | No Action Required | Spill contained onboard at pumping area<br><br>Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

| Potential Incident                                          | Outcome                                                                                          | PTA and Receiving Environment | Spill Consequence | Probability | Potential Impact | Evaluation         | Mitigation Measures                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Public interference                                         | Transfer hose is damaged by passing boat or transfer impacted by public protest                  |                               |                   | Low         | High             | No Action Required | Community awareness conducted by Agnico E<br><br>Boat traffic monitored by Woodward and Third-Party Contractor                                                                                   |
| Operator spills small amounts of fuel while uncoupling hose | ~1 L of fuel is captured in secondary containment                                                |                               |                   | High        | Low              | No Action Required | Portable containment used under each transfer hose connection                                                                                                                                    |
| Vehicle contact with piping between transfer point and tank | Broken piping releases ~5,000 L of fuel to adjacent gravel area, potentially reaching Baker Lake |                               |                   | Low         | High             | No Action Required | No road where pipes are installed for the transfer<br><br>Trained Personal oversee product transfer at all times<br><br>Fuel lines connected to tank farm can only release contents of the line. |

**Table 2: Product Transfer Risk Assessment - refueling station to fuel truck**

| Potential Incident                                        | Outcome                                                                               | PTA and Receiving Environment                                                       | Spill Consequence                                                                                                                                       | Probability | Potential Impact | Evaluation         | Mitigation Measures                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Overfill during loading of fuel truck                     | Approximately 167 L of product is captured in secondary containment                   | Secondary containment<br><br>Adjacent soil/gravel area within ~10m<br><br>Bake Lake | Low: the product is confined to secondary containment.<br><br>Moderate: the product reaches bare ground.<br><br>High: the product reaches a water body. | Moderate    | Low              | No Action Required | Secondary containment<br><br>Scully System fitted with optic overfill prevention system<br><br>Permanent indoor structure with visual display for operator in cold weather<br><br>Live cameras to Agnico Security Officer office |
| Overfill device fails                                     | Product flows into secondary containment                                              |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                         | Moderate    | Low              | No Action Required | Shut off button and tanker overfill pipe<br><br>Scully System<br><br>Permanent visual contact while refueling                                                                                                                    |
| Coupling/equipment fails at pump station-hose connection. | Broken piping/hose releases ~188 L of fuel to adjacent gravel area.                   |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                         | Moderate    | Moderate         | No Action Required | Shut off button, drainage to low point on roadside<br><br>Emergency Response Plan and Spill Contingency Plan<br><br>Trained spill response staff and equipment for large spills on site<br><br>Spill kit                         |
| Absence of inspection (pre-op, checklist)                 | Faulty components or leak is not detected resulting in slow release of ~1L of product |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                         | Moderate    | Moderate         | No Action Required | Pre-op inspection (daily)<br><br>Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)                                                                                                                                                              |
| Public access                                             | Member of the public attempts                                                         |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                         | Low         | Low              | No Action Required | Signage and surveillance cameras                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

| Potential Incident                                          | Outcome                                                                     | PTA and Receiving Environment | Spill Consequence | Probability | Potential Impact | Evaluation         | Mitigation Measures                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                             | to take or release fuel                                                     |                               |                   |             |                  |                    | Fuel system security coded<br><br>Community awareness conducted by Agnico                                                                                                  |
| Vehicle contact with building/equipment                     | Broken piping releases ~1,000 L of fuel to adjacent gravel area.            |                               |                   | Low         | Moderate         | No Action Required | Secondary containment structure protects fuel station from collision by forming a barrier.<br><br>Fuel lines connected to tank farm can only release contents of the line. |
| Inappropriate equipment for arctic conditions (arm/valve)   | Valves and components fail in arctic conditions releasing ~188 L of product |                               |                   | Moderate    | Moderate         | No Action Required | Valves and hoses suitable for arctic conditions were installed.<br><br>Pre-op inspection (daily)                                                                           |
| Operator spills small amounts of fuel while uncoupling hose | ~1 L of fuel is captured in secondary containment                           |                               |                   | High        | Low              | No Action Required | Portable containment used under dry quick connection                                                                                                                       |

Please see Appendix A for the calculations relating to the product transfer areas. In summary, potential product spillage, volume has been calculated as follows:

Ship to shore: a diesel maximum delivery rate of 350 m<sup>3</sup>/hr and an emergency shut off time of 8 seconds would result in a product spillage volume of approximately 777.8 L. Based on the shipper transfer hose (4" diameter and 356 m in length) and permanent pipeline (6" in diameter and 266 m in length), a maximum potential spill at the tank / hose connection would result in an additional volume of 7,738 L, for a total 8,516 L of diesel spilled.

Ship to shore: a Jet-A maximum delivery rate of 250 m<sup>3</sup>/hr and an emergency shut off time of 8 seconds would result in a product spillage volume of approximately 556 L. Based on the shipper transfer hose (4" diameter and 582 m in length), a maximum potential spill at the tank / hose connection would result in an additional volume of 4,718 L, for a total 5,274 L of Jet-A fuel spilled.

Fueling station: a maximum delivery rate of 75 m<sup>3</sup>/hr and an emergency shut off time of 8 seconds would result in a product spillage volume of approximately 167 L. Based on the loading arm (3" diameter and 4.59 m in length), a maximum potential spill at the tank / arm connection would result in an additional volume of 21 L, for a total 188 L of fuel spilled.

## 5 Mitigation of Risks

### 5.1 Ship to shore transfer area

In the event of a spill, three (3) potential receiving environments have been identified for the fuel transfer system: the soil/gravel area partially surrounding the transfer area secondary containment and extending a distance of approximately 10 meters, the adjacent soil/ground surface, and the adjacent water body Baker Lake.

Any product amount of 100 L or less that spills onto the gravel area can be recovered using the spill kit and shovels/equipment available on site. For spills of over 100 L, the product will likely reach the adjacent soil/ground surface and/or Baker Lake directly via overland surface flow (depending on the season). The following mitigation measures include:

- 250 L secondary containment pool at onshore connection point;
- 20-50 L spill ‘pop-up’ pools are also placed under each joint for the transfer hose used;
- Pump and 1,000 L portable containments on standby during transfer;
- Trained Third-Party Personnel oversee product transfer at all times;
- Emergency Response Plan and Spill Contingency Plan on site;
- Oil Pollution Emergency Plan updated annually and review with all personnel involved in the ship to shore fuel transfer;
- Marine spill response equipment on site;
- As the ship to shore transfer only occurs during open water season, there is no potential spill risk during winter;
- Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan;
- The ship’s pumping system is fitted with an emergency shut-off system which is activated when pumping pressure is lost; and
- Annual Mock Spill exercise and result analysis.

### 5.2 Refueling station to truck transfer area

In the event of a spill, three (3) potential receiving environments have been identified for the refueling system: the gravel area surrounding the refueling station and extending a distance of approximately 10 meters, the adjacent soil/ground surface, and the adjacent water body Baker Lake.

Any product amount of 1,000 L or less that spills onto the gravel area can be recovered using the spill kit and heavy equipment on site. For spills of over 1,000 L, the product may reach the adjacent soil/ground surface and/or the Baker Lake directly via overland surface flow (depending on the season). Mitigation measures include:

- Secondary containment for hose storage;
- Secondary containment for refueling of fuel trucks;
- Standard Operating Procedure (SOP);
- Inspection to determine if SOP are followed;
- Trained operators;
- Spill kit at refueling area containing absorbent pads;
- Marine spill response equipment on site;
- Personnel monitor transfer from viewing window in pump station; and
- Scully System - wire optic transfer system to prevent overfill.

## 6 Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)

### 6.1 Refueling station to truck transfer area

The Agnico procedure for diesel and Jet-A refueling fuel trucks is summarized as follows:

1. Perform an inspection of the vehicle.
2. Park the vehicle in the vicinity of the refueling tank and shut off your ignition.
3. Install wheel chocks on either side of the tanker tire.
4. Inspect the entire working area including the path to the Human Machine Interface (HMI) and the area in front of the loading arm and Scully System; call your supervisor if there are problems.
5. Install the portable spill containment underneath the connection point.
6. Check the maximum capacity for the tanker being used. Ensure to only fill the tanker at 90% of the capacity to ensure room for fuel expansion at different temperatures, and a safe level for haulage. Fill the tanker to maximum 40,000 L.
7. At the valve control panel, lift all the levers up, and make sure the valves are open.
8. Remove the cap of the Scully plug, then push and twist it onto the receiving end on the truck. Make sure the green light is on before continuing.
9. Connect the loading arm to the tanker.
10. Make sure the valves are open on each side.
11. Open the valve on the building.
12. Enter the control room and begin to program the fuel loading on the HMI.
13. Enter the applicable Microload identification and load sequence.
14. Enter the volume measure with the pop-up keypad.
15. Select the start button to activate the pump.
16. Once the fueling begins, the operator must monitor the situation diligently; this includes checking for leaks or monitoring any other unusual situations. The operator must be at the connection point at all times during fueling.
17. When finished pumping, close the valve on the building.
18. Disconnect the loading arm first, and then the truck level control.
19. Put the arm back and the truck level control in place. Close the valve.
20. Put the protection bag over the Scully System and the hose. Verify if the caps are put back on the truck.
21. Put back the portable spill containment.
22. At the valve control panel, pull down all the lever to close valve, and make sure they are closed.
23. Complete the mechanical verification in the pump station. Make sure there are no leaks on the equipment.
24. Before leaving, ensure the three doors are closed at the fuel station.
25. Remove the wheel chocks and fully inspect the vehicle before beginning to bring the fuel to the Meadowbank Fuel Tank Farm.
26. If you encounter any emergency or a spill occurs, call your supervisor immediately and the Road supervisor of Agnico Eagle Mine Meadowbank.

### 6.2 Ship to shore transfer area

For a completed review of procedure during fuel transfer, refer to the Oil Pollution Emergency Plan / Oil Pollution Prevention Plan. The fuel transfer is overseen by the contracted third-party first responder). The Agnico Eagle procedure for refueling diesel and Jet-A tanks is summarized as follows:

1. The Oil Pollution Emergency Plan / Oil Pollution Prevention Plan (OPEP/OPPP) must be reviewed on an annual basis and updated prior to the first annual discharge. This will include but not limited to:
  - a) Reviewing the phone numbers for emergencies;
  - b) Updating maps;
  - c) Review and, if necessary, update equipment lists;
  - d) Review roles and responsibilities;
  - e) Update Declaration.
2. Contact Canadian Coast Guard and Transport Canada Pollution Prevention for notification of plans for transferring of fuel into our Oil Handling Facility (OHF) for that season.
3. Complete Inventory report for Spill Response Sea Can at Agnico's Oil Handling Facility in Baker Lake.
4. Ensure that the Shipping Company has provided Hose Testing Annual certification.
5. All personnel who will be a part of the fuel transfer (including Baker Lake Supervisor and third-party contractor) must review the OPEP/OPPP and be familiar with preventive measures to take and with the steps to take in the case of a spill event while fueling.
6. Install and monitor secondary containment underneath each connection of conduit on land.
7. Ensure there is two-way functional communication between the OHF and the off-loading vessel.
8. Ensure there is lighting in place at the transfer flange to provide illumination during any transfers taking place during the low to no light hours.
9. Prior to any discharge, Agnico Eagle must receive a copy of the ship/shore checklist completed by the shipping company. Agnico Eagle should also verify this has been completed (as much as realistically possibly without boarding the ship).
10. The Pre-discharge Checklist for Agnico Eagle's Oil Handling Facility in Baker Lake must be completed, signed, and provided to the Environment Department prior to discharge.
11. During the ship-to-shore transfer, Agnico Eagle will have competent personnel on location at all times to monitor the fuel transfer and maintain contact with the tanker's crew.
12. Monitor the fuel transfer at the beginning of each transfer and after that on an hourly basis checking the manifold, conduit, tank, and any connection points on land for spills and/or leaks. Communication between shore and ship should take place on an hourly basis.
13. Conduct a fuel spill scenario annually.

## 7 Conclusion

Agnico Eagle has the ability to respond and prevent spills to the fuel transfer area in Baker Lake and refers the reader to the following Management Plans for more details:

- Oil Pollution Emergency Plan / Oil Pollution Prevention Plan
- Spill Contingency Plan
- Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan (vessel-specific)
- Product Transfer Area Assessment – Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility
- Emergency Response Plan

Furthermore, in the event of a spill reaching Baker Lake, a dedicated boat (open water season), containment booms, anchors, trench shovels, absorbent pads, and pumps are accessible year-round, and regular spill response training is conducted with members of the Meadowbank Emergency Response Team and Environment Department. The Meadowbank Environmental department also conducts regular inspections of the Baker Lake OHF to ensure proper spill prevention and containment equipment is available, and that proper fuel transfer protocols are followed. All of the measures noted above are in place in order to contain, mitigate, and prevent spills during the process of transferring fuel.

## **Appendix A - Potential Spill Quantities**

### **1 - Diesel Ship to Shore**

Maximum flow rate = **350 m<sup>3</sup>/hr**

Transfer Hose:

Length = **356 m**

Diameter (4") = **0.1016 m**

Radius = **0.0508 m**

Permanent Pipeline:

Length = **266 m**

Diameter (6") = **0.1524 m**

Radius = **0.0762 m**

Volume of Spill (from time it takes operator to shut off pumping)

**350 m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 0.0972 m<sup>3</sup>/s** maximum flow rate

**8 seconds** = time it takes for operator to turn off the pump should the tank start to overflow

Volume = **0.0972 m<sup>3</sup>/s \* 8 s**

= **0.778 m<sup>3</sup> or 778 L of diesel fuel**

Volume of the Shipper Transfer Hose

Volume of hose:  $V = \pi r^2 h$

Volume =  $\pi * (0.0508 \text{ m})^2 * 356 \text{ m}$

= **2.886 m<sup>3</sup> or 2,886 L of diesel fuel**

Volume of the permanent pipeline

Volume of hose:  $V = \pi r^2 h$

Volume =  $\pi * (0.0762 \text{ m})^2 * 266 \text{ m}$

= **4.852 m<sup>3</sup> or 4,852 L of diesel fuel**

Considering the volume of the overflow (**0.778 m<sup>3</sup> or 777.8 L**), the volume of the transfer hose (**2.886 m<sup>3</sup> or 2,886L**), and the volume in the permanent pipeline (**4.852 m<sup>3</sup> or 4852 L**), the maximum amount of a potential spill at the site would be **8.516 m<sup>3</sup> or 8,516 L**.

## **2 - Jet-A Ship to Shore**

Maximum flow rate = **250 m<sup>3</sup>/hr**

Transfer Hose:

Length = **582 m**

Diameter (4") = **0.1016 m**

Radius = **0.0508 m**

Volume of Spill (from time it takes operator to shut off pumping)

**250 m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 0.0694 m<sup>3</sup>/s** maximum flow rate

**8 seconds** = time it takes for operator to turn off the pump should the tank start to overflow

Volume = **0.0694 m<sup>3</sup>/\* 8 s**

**= 0.556 m<sup>3</sup> or 556 L of Jet-A fuel**

Volume of the Shipper Transfer Hose

Volume of hose:  $V = \pi r^2 h$

Volume =  $\pi * (0.0508 \text{ m})^2 * 582 \text{ m}$

**= 4.718 m<sup>3</sup> or 4,718 L of Jet-A fuel**

Considering the volume of the overflow (**0.556 m<sup>3</sup> or 556L**) and the volume of the transfer hose (**4.718 m<sup>3</sup> or 4,718 L**), the maximum amount of a potential spill at the site would be **5.274 m<sup>3</sup> or 5,274 L.**

### 3- Diesel and Jet-A Fuel Station to Fuel Truck

Maximum flow rate = **75 m<sup>3</sup>/hr**

Scully Loading Arm:

Length = **180.74" = 4.59 m**

Diameter (3") = **0.0762 m**

Radius = **0.0381 m**

Volume of Spill (from time it takes operator to shut off pumping)

**75 m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 0.0208 m<sup>3</sup>/s** maximum flow rate

**8 seconds** = time it takes for operator to turn off the pump should the tank start to overflow

Volume = **0.0208 m<sup>3</sup>/\* 8 s**  
**= 0.167 m<sup>3</sup> or 167 L of Diesel fuel**

Volume of the Scully Loading Arm

Volume of hose:  $V = \pi r^2 h$

Volume =  $\pi * (0.0381 \text{ m})^2 * 4.59 \text{ m}$   
**= 0.021 m<sup>3</sup> or 21 L of Diesel fuel**

Considering the volume of the overflow (**0.167 m<sup>3</sup> or 167 L**) and the volume of the loading arm (**0.021 m<sup>3</sup> or 21 L**), the maximum amount of a potential spill at the site would be **0.188 m<sup>3</sup> or 188 L**.

**Appendix M**

**MDMER Emergency Plan Cross Reference Table**

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## MDMER Cross-reference table for section 30(1) to 30(5) for Agnico Eagle Mine

| MDMER reference | Information required                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Location of information in this emergency plan                                                        |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| s. 30(1)        | The owner or operator of a mine shall prepare an emergency response plan that describes the measures to be taken in respect of a deleterious substance within the meaning of subsection 34(1) of the Act to prevent any unauthorized deposit of such a substance or to mitigate the effects of such a deposit. | - Spill Contingency Plan                                                                              |
| s. 30(2)        | The emergency response plan shall include the following elements:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                       |
| s. 30(2)(a)     | the identification of any unauthorized deposit that can reasonably be expected to occur at the mine and that can reasonably be expected to result in damage or danger to fish habitat or fish or the use by man of fish, and the identification of the damage or danger;                                       | - Spill Contingency Plan<br>Section 6<br>Section 10                                                   |
| s. 30(2)(b)     | a description of the measures to be used to prevent, prepare for, respond to and recover from a deposit identified under paragraph (a);                                                                                                                                                                        | - Spill Contingency Plan<br>Section 2, 4 and 5                                                        |
| s. 30(2)(c)     | a list of the individuals who are to implement the plan in the event of an unauthorized deposit, and a description of their roles and responsibilities;                                                                                                                                                        | - Spill Contingency Plan<br>Section 4 and Table 3                                                     |
| s. 30(2)(d)     | the identification of the emergency response training required for each of the individuals listed under paragraph (c);                                                                                                                                                                                         | - Spill Contingency Plan<br>Section 9                                                                 |
| s. 30(2)(e)     | a list of the emergency response equipment included as part of the plan, and the equipment's location; and                                                                                                                                                                                                     | - Spill Contingency Plan<br>Section 8                                                                 |
| s. 30(2)(f)     | alerting and notification procedures including the measures to be taken to notify members of the public who may be adversely affected by a deposit identified under paragraph (a).                                                                                                                             | - Spill Contingency Plan<br>Section 4, 4.6 and 4.7                                                    |
| s. 30(3)        | The owner or operator shall complete the emergency response plan and have it available for inspection no later than 60 days after the mine becomes subject to this section.                                                                                                                                    | - Spill Contingency Plan                                                                              |
| s. 30(4)        | The owner or operator shall update and test the emergency response plan at least once each year to ensure that the plan continues to meet the requirements of subsection (2).                                                                                                                                  | - Spill Contingency Plan<br>- Appendix K - 2025 Mock Spill and Full-Scale E2 Simulation in Baker Lake |

|            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                               |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| s. 30(4.1) | <p>The owner or operator of a mine shall, each time the emergency response plan is tested, record the following information and keep the record for at least five years:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) a summary of the test;</li> <li>(b) the test results; and</li> <li>(c) any modifications that are made to the plan as a consequence of the test.</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Spill Contingency Plan</li> <li>- Appendix K - 2025 Mock Spill and Full-Scale E2 Simulation in Baker Lake</li> </ul> |
| s. 30(4.2) | <p>The owner or operator of a mine shall ensure that a copy of the most recent version of the emergency response plan is kept at the mine in a location that is readily available to the individuals who are responsible for implementing the plan.</p>                                                                                                                             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Spill Contingency Plan Sent to Distribution List</li> </ul>                                                          |
| s. 30(5)   | <p>If a mine has not been subject to the requirements of this section for more than one year, a new emergency response plan shall be prepared and completed no later than 60 days after the day on which the mine again becomes subject to this section.</p>                                                                                                                        | N/A                                                                                                                                                           |

## Appendix N

### **Storage Tank System Regulations (STSR) Emergency Plan Cross Reference Table**

**Table 1. 1. Cross-reference of STS Regs, s. 30 to 32, to this emergency plan for Diesel Storage Tank System EC-0004848**

| STS Regs reference    | Information required                                                                                                                                                                     | Location of information in this emergency plan                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| s. 30(1)              | The owner or operator of a storage tank system must prepare an emergency plan taking into consideration the following factors:                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| s. 30(1)(a)           | - the properties and characteristics of each petroleum product (i.e. Jet A1) or allied petroleum product stored in each tank of the system and                                           | - Spill Contingency Plan (Section 6)<br>- Appendix O - SDS for Diesel and Jet-A                                                                                                                                                                     |
| s. 30(1)(a) continued | - the maximum expected quantity of the petroleum product or allied petroleum product to be stored in the system at any time during any calendar year; and                                | - Spill Contingency Plan Section 2 and Table 7                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| s. 30(1)(b)           | - the characteristics of the place where the system is located and of the surrounding area that may increase the risk of harm to the environment or of danger to human life or health.   | - Spill Contingency Plan Section 2 and 2.1                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| s. 30(2)              | The emergency plan must include:                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| s. 30(2)(a)           | - a description of the factors considered under s. 30(1)                                                                                                                                 | - See the rows above and Spill Contingency Plan Section 1.1.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| s. 30(2)(b)           | - a description of the measures to be used to prevent, prepare for, respond to, and recover from any emergency that may cause harm to the environment or danger to human life or health; | - Spill Contingency Plan – Section 2.1 Prevention and Inspection<br>- Spill Contingency Plan – Section 4 Response Organization<br>- Spill Contingency Plan – Section 5 Action Plan<br>- Spill Contingency Plan – Section 7 Potential Spill Analysis |
| s. 30(2)(c)           | - a list of the individuals who are required to carry out the plan and a description of their roles and responsibilities;                                                                | - Spill Contingency Plan – Section 4 Response Organization                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| s. 30(2)(d)           | - identification of the training required for each of the individuals listed under s. 30(2)(c);                                                                                          | - Spill Contingency Plan Appendix K Mock Spill scenario<br>- Spill Contingency Plan Section 9 Training and Emergency Spill/Exercise                                                                                                                 |
| s. 30(2)(e)           | - a list of the emergency response equipment included as part of the plan, and the equipment's location; and                                                                             | - Spill Contingency Plan Section 8                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| s. 30(2)(f)           | - the measures to be taken to notify members of the public who may be adversely affected by the harm or danger referred to in s. 30(2)(b)                                                | - Spill Contingency Plan Section 4, 4.6 and 4.7                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| s. 30(3)              | The owner or operator of a storage tank system must ensure that the emergency plan is ready to be implemented:                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                              |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| s. 30(3)(a) | - in the case of a storage tank system that is installed before the coming into force of these Regs, no later than two years after the day on which these Regs come into force (i.e. by 12 Jun 2010); and                                                                                                                | Spill Contingency Plan already implemented<br>– See Document Control Section |
| s. 30(3)(b) | - in any other case, before the day on which the first transfer of petroleum products or allied petroleum products into any tank of the storage tank system occurs.                                                                                                                                                      | Spill Contingency Plan already implemented<br>– See Document Control Section |
| s. 31(1)    | The owner or operator of a storage tank system must keep:<br>- the emergency plan up-to-date and<br>- keep a copy of it readily available for the individuals who are required to carry it out,<br>- as well as a copy at the place where the storage tank system is located if that place is a place of work.           | - Spill Contingency Plan - hard copy is available at the tank                |
| s. 31(2)    | The owner or operator must notify the Minister of the civic address of each location where the emergency plan is kept.                                                                                                                                                                                                   | - No civil address. See Spill Contingency Plan Section 2 Project Description |
| s. 32(1)    | If the owner or operator of a storage tank system has prepared an emergency plan with respect to the system on a voluntary basis or for another government or under an Act of Parliament and the plan meets the requirements of s. 30(1) and (2), they may use that plan for the purposes of meeting those requirements. | - Spill Contingency Plan                                                     |
| s. 32(2)    | If the plan does not meet all of the requirements of s. 30(1) and (2), the owner or operator may use the plan if they amend it so that it meets all of those requirements.                                                                                                                                               | - Spill Contingency Plan                                                     |

**Table 1. 1. Cross-reference of STS Regs, s. 30 to 32, to this emergency plan for P-50 Diesel Storage Tank System EC-00025772 and Jet-A Storage Tank System EC-00026142**

PTA Assessment can be found in Appendix L of the Spill Contingency Plan

| STS Regs reference    | Information required                                                                                                                                                                     | Location of information in this emergency plan                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| s. 30(1)              | The owner or operator of a storage tank system must prepare an emergency plan taking into consideration the following factors:                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| s. 30(1)(a)           | - the properties and characteristics of each petroleum product (i.e. Jet A1) or allied petroleum product stored in each tank of the system and                                           | - Spill Contingency Plan (Section 6)<br>- OPEP/OPPP Appendix C - SDS for Diesel and Jet-A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| s. 30(1)(a) continued | - the maximum expected quantity of the petroleum product or allied petroleum product to be stored in the system at any time during any calendar year; and                                | - Spill Contingency Plan Section 2 and Table 7<br>- Spill Contingency Plan, Appendix L – PTA Assessment Section 2.1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| s. 30(1)(b)           | - the characteristics of the place where the system is located and of the surrounding area that may increase the risk of harm to the environment or of danger to human life or health.   | - Spill Contingency Plan Section 2.1<br>- Spill Contingency Plan, Appendix L – PTA Assessment Section 2<br>- OPEP/OPPP Section 4.3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| s. 30(2)              | The emergency plan must include:                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| s. 30(2)(a)           | - a description of the factors considered under s. 30(1)                                                                                                                                 | - See the rows above and Spill Contingency Plan Section 1.1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| s. 30(2)(b)           | - a description of the measures to be used to prevent, prepare for, respond to, and recover from any emergency that may cause harm to the environment or danger to human life or health; | - Spill Contingency Plan Appendix L – PTA Assessment<br>- Spill Contingency Plan – Section 4 Response Organization<br>- Spill Contingency Plan – Section 5 Action Plan<br>- Spill Contingency Plan – Section 7 Potential Spill Analysis<br>- OPEP/OPPP<br>s. 10 Spill Procedures<br>s. 10.2 Spill Reporting<br>s. 11 Spill Scenarios and Responses;<br>s. 12 Preventive Measures |
| s. 30(2)(c)           | - a list of the individuals who are required to carry out the plan and a description of their roles and responsibilities;                                                                | - Spill Contingency Plan – Section 4 Response Organization<br>- OPEP/OPPP:<br>Section 9 Roles and Responsibilities<br>Figure 5. Response Management System.                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

**Table 1. Cross-reference of STS Regs, s. 30 to 32, to this emergency plan (continued)**

| <b>STS Regs reference</b> | <b>Information required</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | <b>Location of information in this emergency plan</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| s. 30(2)(d)               | - identification of the training required for each of the individuals listed under s. 30(2)(c);                                                                                                                                                                                                                | - Spill Contingency Plan Appendix K<br>- OPEP/OPPP<br>- Spill Contingency Plan Section 9 Training and Emergency Spill/Exercise<br>- OPEP/OPPP Section 12.1 Training                                                                                                                      |
| s. 30(2)(e)               | - a list of the emergency response equipment included as part of the plan, and the equipment's location; and                                                                                                                                                                                                   | - Spill Contingency Plan Section 8<br>- OPEP Section 7 Equipment and PPE                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| s. 30(2)(f)               | - the measures to be taken to notify members of the public who may be adversely affected by the harm or danger referred to in s. 30(2)(b)                                                                                                                                                                      | - Spill Contingency Plan Section 4.6 and 4.7<br>- OPEP/OPPP Section 8.1.1 Communication with the Public                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| s. 30(3)                  | The owner or operator of a storage tank system must ensure that the emergency plan is ready to be implemented:                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| s. 30(3)(a)               | - in the case of a storage tank system that is installed before the coming into force of these Regs, no later than two years after the day on which these Regs come into force (i.e. by 12 Jun 2010); and                                                                                                      | Spill Contingency Plan and OPEP already implemented – See Document Control Section                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| s. 30(3)(b)               | - in any other case, before the day on which the first transfer of petroleum products or allied petroleum products into any tank of the storage tank system occurs.                                                                                                                                            | Spill Contingency Plan and OPEP already implemented – See Document Control Section                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| s. 31(1)                  | The owner or operator of a storage tank system must keep:<br>- the emergency plan up-to-date and<br>- keep a copy of it readily available for the individuals who are required to carry it out,<br>- as well as a copy at the place where the storage tank system is located if that place is a place of work. | - OPEP is reviewed annually prior every shipping season and a hard copy is available at the Baker Lake Marshalling facility during transfer operations<br><br>- Spill Contingency Plan - hard copy is available at the at the Baker Lake Marshalling facility during transfer operations |
| s. 31(2)                  | The owner or operator must notify the Minister of the civic address of each location where the emergency plan is kept.                                                                                                                                                                                         | - No civil address. See Spill Contingency Plan Section 2 Project Description                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

**Table 1. Cross-reference of STS Regs, s. 30 to 32, to this emergency plan (continued)**

| STS Regs reference | Information required                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Location of information in this emergency plan |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| s. 32(1)           | If the owner or operator of a storage tank system has prepared an emergency plan with respect to the system on a voluntary basis or for another government or under an Act of Parliament and the plan meets the requirements of s. 30(1) and (2), they may use that plan for the purposes of meeting those requirements. | - OPEP/OPPP and Spill Contingency Plan         |
| s. 32(2)           | If the plan does not meet all of the requirements of s. 30(1) and (2), the owner or operator may use the plan if they amend it so that it meets all of those requirements.                                                                                                                                               | - OPEP/OPPP and Spill Contingency Plan         |

## **Appendix O**

### **SDS Diesel and Jet -A**

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## DIESEL

### Section 1. Identification

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**Common name:** DIESEL

**Product Code:** 0210

**Synonym:** Ultra low sulfur Diesel (ULSD) A, Ultra low sulfur Diesel (ULSD) B, Colonial 62/67

**Material uses:** Fuel, Heating Oil

**Supplier / Manufacturer:**

**Énergie Valero Inc.**

1801 McGill College, 13e étage

Montréal

Québec, Canada, H3A 2N4

Phone: 800-295-0391

**In case of emergency:**

**CANUTEC: (613) 996-6666**

**Quebec Poison Control Center: 800-463-5060**

**Ontario Regional Poison Information Center (Toronto): 416-813-5900**

**Ontario Regional Poison Information Center (toll-free): 800-268-9017**

**Newfoundland Poison Information Center: 709-722-1110**

**Nova Scotia / PEI Poison Control Center: 800-565-8161**

**Or call your local Emergency Health Services Center.**

### Section 2. Hazards identifications

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**Classification:**



Flammable liquid, Category 3

Skin irritation, Category 2

Eye irritation, Category 2A

Carcinogenicity, Category 2

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure, Category 2

Aspiration hazard, Category 1

**Signal word:** Danger

**Hazard statements:**

H226: Flammable liquid and vapor.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H370: Causes damage to organs.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Precautionary statements:**

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260: Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264: Wash exposed and/or contaminated area thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.

P308+P313: If exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P314: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321: Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378: In case of fire: See section 5 for extinguishing media.

P403+P235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents / container by a local waste disposal company according to regional regulations.

**Section 3. Composition and information on ingredients**

| Name                                            | CAS          | Concentration % |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Fuels, diesel                                   | 68334-30-5   | 0 - 100         |
| Fuels, diesel, C9-18-alkane branched and linear | 1159170-26-9 | 0 - 30          |
| Nonane                                          | 111-84-2     | 0 - 3           |
| Octane                                          | 111-65-9     | 0 - 2           |
| Toluene                                         | 108-88-3     | 0 - 1           |
| Xylene                                          | 1330-20-7    | 0 - 1           |
| Ethylbenzene                                    | 100-41-4     | 0 - 1           |

**Note:**

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

**Section 4. First aid measures****Description of first aid if required:**

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**Eye contact:**

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Seek medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**Skin contact:**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Seek medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Inhalation:**

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

**Ingestion:**

Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:**

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**Most important acute symptoms and effects:**

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness, pain and jaundice. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

**Most important delayed symptoms and effects:**

Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

---

**Flammability of the product:**

Flammable liquid and vapor.

**Flash point:**

40°C / 104°F

**Auto-ignition temperature:**

> 220 °C / > 428 °F

**Products of combustion:**

Data not available

**Special protective actions for firefighters:**

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask. Move away immediately if the whistling sound from the safety devices increases or the discoloration of the tanks caused by a fire. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Vapors may form explosive air mixtures even at room temperature. Prevent buildup of vapors or gasses to explosive concentrations. Some of these materials, if spilled, may evaporate leaving a flammable residue. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Use compatible foam to minimize vapor generation as needed. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

**Suitable extinguishing media:**

Water spray. Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

**Specific hazard arising from the chemical:**

Vapor may cause flash fire. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition source and cause flashback. Sensitive to static discharge.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

---

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:**

**For non emergency personnel:** Evacuate the area.

**For emergency personnel:** Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. See Section 8 for personal protective equipment. Local authorities should be advised according to applicable regulatory requirements.

**Environmental precautions:**

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

**Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:**

Eliminate all sources of ignition (no cigarettes, torches, sparks or flames in the immediate area). Keep combustible materials (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from the spilled product. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge. Use tools that do not produce sparks. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

For large spills: Stop flow of substance if it can be done without risk. Dike spilled material, where possible. Use a non-combustible material such as vermiculite, sand or earth to absorb the product and place it in a container for later disposal. After collecting the product, rinse the area with water.

For small spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (eg, cloth, woolen). Clean the surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never put the spilled product back into its original container for reuse. Place the material in suitable, covered and labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the safety data sheet.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions in Handling:**

Obtain instructions before use. Do not handle until you have read and understood all the safety precautions. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, source of heat or other sources of ignition. Protect the product from direct sunlight. Do not smoke during use. Use local and general explosion-proof exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge. All equipment used in handling this product must be earthed. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mists or vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release into the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

**Precautions in Storage:**

Storage of flammable liquids. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat source or other sources of ignition. This product can accumulate static charges which can cause sparks and become a source of ignition. Pressure in sealed containers may increase under the influence of heat. Keep the container in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from food, drink and animal feed. Keep out of the reach of children.

## Section 8. Exposure Controls, Personal Protections

**Control parameters:**

| Component | CAS      | Value | Control parameters    | Basis                     |
|-----------|----------|-------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Toluene   | 108-88-3 | TWA   | 20 ppm                | USA - ACGIH               |
|           |          | TWA   | 50 ppm                | Canada - Alberta          |
|           |          | TWA   | 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Canada - Alberta          |
|           |          | TWA   | 20 ppm                | Canada - British Columbia |
|           |          | TWA   | 20 ppm                | Canada - Manitoba         |
|           |          | TWA   | 20 ppm                | Canada - Ontario          |
|           |          | TWA   | 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Canada - Québec           |
|           |          | TWA   | 50 ppm                | Canada - Québec           |
|           |          | TWA   | 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | USA - NIOSH               |
|           |          | TWA   | 100 ppm               | USA - NIOSH               |

**Control parameters (continued) :**

| Component    | CAS       | Value | Control parameters     | Basis                     |
|--------------|-----------|-------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Xylene       | 1330-20-7 | STEL  | 150 ppm                | USA - ACGIH               |
|              |           | TWA   | 100 ppm                | USA - ACGIH               |
|              |           | STEL  | 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Canada - Alberta          |
|              |           | STEL  | 150 ppm                | Canada - Alberta          |
|              |           | TWA   | 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Canada - Alberta          |
|              |           | TWA   | 100 ppm                | Canada - Alberta          |
|              |           | STEL  | 150 ppm                | Canada - British Columbia |
|              |           | TWA   | 100 ppm                | Canada - British Columbia |
|              |           | STEL  | 150 ppm                | Canada - Manitoba         |
|              |           | TWA   | 100 ppm                | Canada - Manitoba         |
|              |           | STEL  | 150 ppm                | Canada - Ontario          |
|              |           | TWA   | 100 ppm                | Canada - Ontario          |
|              |           | STEL  | 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Canada - Québec           |
|              |           | STEL  | 150 ppm                | Canada - Québec           |
|              |           | TWA   | 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Canada - Québec           |
|              |           | TWA   | 100 ppm                | Canada - Québec           |
| Octane       | 111-65-9  | TWA   | 300 ppm                | USA - ACGIH               |
|              |           | TWA   | 1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Canada - Alberta          |
|              |           | TWA   | 300 ppm                | Canada - Alberta          |
|              |           | TWA   | 300 ppm                | Canada - British Columbia |
|              |           | TWA   | 300 ppm                | Canada - Manitoba         |
|              |           | TWA   | 300 ppm                | Canada - Ontario          |
|              |           | STEL  | 1750 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Canada - Québec           |
|              |           | STEL  | 375 ppm                | Canada - Québec           |
|              |           | TWA   | 1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Canada - Québec           |
|              |           | TWA   | 300 ppm                | Canada - Québec           |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4  | STEL  | 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Canada - Alberta          |
|              |           | STEL  | 125 ppm                | Canada - Alberta          |
|              |           | TWA   | 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Canada - Alberta          |
|              |           | TWA   | 100 ppm                | Canada - Alberta          |
|              |           | TWA   | 20 ppm                 | Canada - British Columbia |
|              |           | TWA   | 20 ppm                 | Canada - Manitoba         |
|              |           | TWA   | 20 ppm                 | Canada - Ontario          |
|              |           | STEL  | 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Canada - Québec           |
|              |           | STEL  | 125 ppm                | Canada - Québec           |
|              |           | TWA   | 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Canada - Québec           |
|              |           | TWA   | 100 ppm                | Canada - Québec           |
|              |           | TWA   | 20 ppm                 | USA - ACGIH               |

**Control parameters (continued) :**

| Component     | CAS        | Value | Control parameters                            | Basis                     |
|---------------|------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Nonane        | 111-84-2   | TWA   | 200 ppm                                       | Canada - Québec           |
|               |            | TWA   | 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                        | Canada - Québec           |
|               |            | TWA   | 200 ppm                                       | Canada - Alberta          |
|               |            | TWA   | 1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                        | Canada - Alberta          |
|               |            | TWA   | 200 ppm                                       | Canada - British Columbia |
|               |            | TWA   | 200 ppm                                       | Canada - Manitoba         |
|               |            | TWA   | 200 ppm                                       | Canada - Ontario          |
|               |            | TWA   | 200 ppm                                       | USA - ACGIH               |
| Fuels, diesel | 68334-30-5 | TWA   | 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup><br>(inhalable fraction) | USA - ACGIH               |
|               |            | TWA   | 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                         | Canada - Alberta          |
|               |            | TWA   | 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                         | Canada - British Columbia |
|               |            | TWA   | 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                         | Canada - Manitoba         |
|               |            | TWA   | 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>                         | Canada - Ontario          |

**Engineering controls:**

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment.

**Personal protective equipment:**

**Eyes:** Wear safety glasses. If splash potential exists, wear full face shield or chemical goggles.

**Skin/body:** Wear chemical-resistant, impervious gloves. Full body suit and boots are recommended when handling large volumes or in emergency situations. Flame retardant protective clothing is recommended. Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**Respiratory:** Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workplace exposure limits for product or components are exceeded, NIOSH approved equipment should be worn. Proper respirator selection should be determined by adequately trained personnel, based on the contaminants, the degree of potential exposure and published respiratory protection factors. This equipment should be available for nonroutine and emergency use.

**Hands:** Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves.

**Other:** Consult supervisor for special handling instructions. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin. Keep away from food and drink. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

**Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

**Physical state:** Liquid

**Color:** Clear, yellow

**Odour:** Not available

**Melting point/Freezing point:** Data not available

**Boiling point:** From 145°C / 293°F to 375°C / 707°F

**Appearance:** Liquid

**Lower explosion limit:** 0.7 %

**Upper explosion limit:** 5 %

**Flash point:** 40°C / 104°F

**Auto-ignition temperature:** 220°C / 428°F

**pH:** Data not available

**Kinematic viscosity:** 1.3 - 4.1 cSt (40 °C)

**Solubility:** Data not available

**Vapor pressure:** 0.27 kPa (15 °C)

**Density:** Data not available

**Relative vapor density:** 0.78 - 0.88 g/ml

**Evaporation rate:** 0.2 BuAc

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Chemical reactivity:** The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability:** Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

**Conditions to avoid:** Heat, flames and sparks. Ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose empty containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition; they may explode and cause injury or death.

**Incompatible materials:** Strong oxidising agents.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity:

| Component    | CAS       | Value                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nonane       | 111-84-2  | CL <sub>50</sub> Inhalation: Rat = 3200 ppm - 4h                                                                                                 |
| Toluene      | 108-88-3  | DL <sub>50</sub> Oral: Rat = 636 mg/kg<br>DL <sub>50</sub> Cutaneous: Rat = 12200 mg/kg<br>CL <sub>50</sub> Inhalation: Rat = 28.1 mg/L - 4h     |
| Xylene       | 1330-20-7 | DL <sub>50</sub> Oral: Rat = 3523 mg/kg<br>DL <sub>50</sub> Cutaneous: Rabbit = 5000 mg/kg<br>CL <sub>50</sub> Inhalation: Rat = 27.6 mg/L - 4h  |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4  | DL <sub>50</sub> Oral: Rat = 3500 mg/kg<br>DL <sub>50</sub> Cutaneous: Rabbit > 15400 mg/kg<br>CL <sub>50</sub> Inhalation: Rat = 17.4 mg/L - 4h |

### Skin corrosion/irritation:

Fuels, diesel, C9-18-alkane branched and linear: Causes skin irritation.

Nonane: Causes skin irritation.

Octane: Causes skin irritation.

Toluene: Causes skin irritation.

Xylene: Causes skin irritation.

Ethylbenzene: Causes skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/irritation:**

Fuels, diesel, C9-18-alkane branched and linear: Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation:**

Not applicable

**Germ cell mutagenicity:**

Not applicable

**Carcinogenicity:**

Fuels, diesel, C9-18-alkane branched and linear: Suspected of causing cancer.

Ethylbenzene: Suspected of causing cancer.

**Reproductive toxicity:**

Toluene: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Xylene: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**STOT- Single exposure:**

Fuels, diesel, C9-18-alkane branched and linear: Causes damage to organs.

Octane: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Toluene: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Xylene: May cause irritation to respiratory tract and may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**STOT- repeated exposure:**

Toluene: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure cause the hazard.

Xylene: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure cause the hazard.

**Aspiration hazard:**

Fuels, diesel, C9-18-alkane branched and linear: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Nonane: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Octane: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Toluene: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Xylene: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Ethylbenzene: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Information on likely route of exposure:**

Not applicable

## Section 12. Ecological information

**Ecological data for aquatic environments:**

| Component    | CAS      | Value                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Octane       | 111-65-9 | CL <sub>50</sub> - Fish 0.42 mg/L - 96h<br>CE <sub>50</sub> - Daphnia magna 0.38 mg/L - 48h                                                                                          |
| Toluene      | 108-88-3 | CL <sub>50</sub> - Oncorhynchus kisutch 5.5 mg/L - 96h<br>CE <sub>50</sub> - Daphnia magna 11.5 mg/L - 48h                                                                           |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | CE <sub>50</sub> - Menidia menidia (atlantic silverside) 5.1 mg/L - 96h<br>CL <sub>50</sub> - Daphnia magna 1.8 mg/L - 48h<br>CE <sub>50</sub> - Skeletonema costatum 4.9 mg/L - 72h |

**Persistence and degradability:**

Ethylbenzene: Easily biodegradable.

**Bioaccumulative potential:**

Data not available

**Mobility in soil:**

Data not available

**Other adverse effects:**

Data not available

**Section 13. Disposal considerations****Waste disposal:**

Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Offer rinsed packaging material to local recycling facilities.

**Section 14. Transportation information**

| TDG          |                                   |                                                                                     |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| UN #: UN1202 | Proper shipping name: DIESEL FUEL |  |
| Class: 3     | Packing group: III                |                                                                                     |

| DOT          |                                   |                                                                                       |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| UN #: UN1202 | Proper shipping name: DIESEL FUEL |  |
| Class: 3     | Packing group: III                |                                                                                       |

| IMDG         |                                   |                                                                                       |         |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| UN #: UN1202 | Proper shipping name: DIESEL FUEL |  | EMS-No: |
| Class: 3     | Packing group: III                |                                                                                       |         |

| IATA         |                                   |                                                                                       |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| UN #: UN1202 | Proper shipping name: DIESEL FUEL |  |
| Class: 3     | Packing group: III                |                                                                                       |

## Section 15. Regulatory information

---

### NFPA Classification:



Health ◆: 1  
Flammable ◆: 2  
Stability ◆: 0  
Special hazards ◇: 0

**Legend: 4: Severe, 3: High, 2: Moderate, 1: Slightly, 0: Not hazardous**

### General product information:

Canada: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the hazard product regulations and the safety data sheet contains all the information required by the hazard product regulations.

## Section 16. Additional information

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### Date of issue:

2021-09-15

### Version:

1.00

### Elaborated by:

Toxyscan Inc.

### Notice to reader:

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained in this document is accurate. However, neither Toxyscan Inc., nor the supplier, nor any of their affiliates can assume any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although some hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that there are no other hazards. Valero Energy Inc. can not anticipate all conditions of use of this information and its product, or products of other manufacturers associated with its product. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure safe handling, storage and disposal of the product. The user is liable for any loss, injury, damage or expense caused by improper use.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

|                                                               |                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Product identifier</b>                                     | <b>Jet Fuels</b>                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Other means of identification</b>                          |                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>SDS number</b>                                             | 104-GHS                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Synonyms</b>                                               | Jet Fuel, Jet Fuel Stock, Jet A, Aviation Jet Fuel A, JP-5, JP-8, DERD<br>See section 16 for complete information.                     |
| <b>Recommended use</b>                                        | Refinery feedstock.                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Recommended restrictions</b>                               | None known.                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b> |                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Manufacturer/Supplier</b>                                  | Valero Marketing & Supply Company and Affiliates<br>One Valero Way<br>San Antonio, TX 78269-6000<br>210-345-4593<br>CorpHSE@valero.com |
| <b>General Assistance</b>                                     | 210-345-4593                                                                                                                           |
| <b>E-Mail</b>                                                 | CorpHSE@valero.com                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Contact Person</b>                                         | Industrial Hygienist                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Emergency Telephone</b>                                    | 24 Hour Emergency 866-565-5220<br>1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC USA)                                                                        |

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

|                              |                                                                                     |                             |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>Physical hazards</b>      | Flammable Liquids                                                                   | Category 3                  |
| <b>Health Hazards</b>        | Skin corrosion/irritation                                                           | Category 2                  |
|                              | Germ cell mutagenicity                                                              | Category 1B                 |
|                              | Carcinogenicity                                                                     | Category 1B                 |
|                              | Reproductive toxicity                                                               | Category 2                  |
|                              | Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure                                     | Category 3 narcotic effects |
|                              | Aspiration hazard                                                                   | Category 1                  |
| <b>Environmental hazards</b> | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard                              | Category 2                  |
| <b>OSHA defined hazards</b>  | Not classified.                                                                     |                             |
| <b>Label elements</b>        |  |                             |

**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Precautionary statement

#### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

|                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Response</b>                                  | If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of fire: Use for extinction. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell. If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. |
| <b>Storage</b>                                   | Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Disposal</b>                                  | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)</b> | None known.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

| Chemical name          | CAS number | %       |
|------------------------|------------|---------|
| Kerosene               | 8008-20-6  | 0 - 100 |
| Naphthalene            | 91-20-3    | 0 - 3   |
| Xylene (o,m,p isomers) | 1330-20-7  | 0 - 2   |
| Benzene                | 71-43-2    | 0 - 1   |
| Ethylbenzene           | 100-41-4   | 0 - 1   |
| Toluene                | 108-88-3   | 0 - 1   |

### 4. First-aid measures

|                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Inhalation</b>                                                             | Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Skin contact</b>                                                           | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash clothing separately before reuse. Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes. If high pressure injection under the skin occurs, always seek medical attention.                       |
| <b>Eye contact</b>                                                            | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Ingestion</b>                                                              | Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. Do not give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content does not get into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Get medical attention immediately. |
| <b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>                     | Irritation of nose and throat. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Skin irritation. Unconsciousness. Corneal damage. Narcosis. Cyanosis (blue tissue condition, nails, lips, and/or skin). Decrease in motor functions. Behavioral changes. Edema. Liver enlargement. Jaundice. Conjunctivitis. Proteinuria. Defatting of the skin. Rash.      |
| <b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b> | In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>General information</b>                                                    | If exposed or concerned: get medical attention/advice. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.                                                                          |

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

|                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>                                  | Water. Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).                                                                                           |
| <b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>                                | Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.                                                                                           |
| <b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>                    | Vapor may cause flash fire. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition source and flash back. Sensitive to static discharge.                         |
| <b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b> | Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask. |

## **Fire fighting equipment/instructions**

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Vapors may form explosive air mixtures even at room temperature. Prevent buildup of vapors or gases to explosive concentrations. Some of these materials, if spilled, may evaporate leaving a flammable residue. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Use compatible foam to minimize vapor generation as needed.

## **Specific methods**

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

## **6. Accidental release measures**

### **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained. Keep upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

### **Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. This material is a water pollutant and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Small Spills: Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Large Spills: Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Should not be released into the environment.

Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

## **Environmental precautions**

If facility or operation has an "oil or hazardous substance contingency plan", activate its procedures. Stay upwind and away from spill. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant. Do not enter or stay in area unless monitoring indicates that it is safe to do so. Isolate hazard area and restrict entry to emergency crew. Flammable. Review Firefighting Measures, Section 5, before proceeding with clean up. Keep all sources of ignition (flames, smoking, flares, etc.) and hot surfaces away from release. Contain spill in smallest possible area. Recover as much product as possible (e.g. by vacuuming). Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Use water spray to disperse vapors. Use compatible foam to minimize vapor generation as needed. Spilled material may be absorbed by an appropriate absorbent, and then handled in accordance with environmental regulations. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized treatment or drainage systems and natural waterways. Contact fire authorities and appropriate federal, state and local agencies. If spill of any amount is made into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines, contact the National Response Center at 1-800-424-8802. For highway or railways spills, contact Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300.

## **7. Handling and storage**

### **Precautions for safe handling**

Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity.

Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. The product is flammable, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air mixtures. DO NOT handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid release to the environment.

### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Flammable liquid storage. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedings. Keep out of the reach of children.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

| Components            | Type | Value |
|-----------------------|------|-------|
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) | STEL | 5 ppm |
|                       | TWA  | 1 ppm |

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components                             | Type | Value                |
|----------------------------------------|------|----------------------|
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)            | PEL  | 435 mg/m3<br>100 ppm |
| Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)              | PEL  | 50 mg/m3<br>10 ppm   |
| Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) | PEL  | 435 mg/m3<br>100 ppm |

#### US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components             | Type    | Value   |
|------------------------|---------|---------|
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)  | Ceiling | 25 ppm  |
|                        | TWA     | 10 ppm  |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | Ceiling | 300 ppm |
|                        | TWA     | 200 ppm |

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components                             | Type | Value     | Form         |
|----------------------------------------|------|-----------|--------------|
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)                  | STEL | 2.5 ppm   | Non-aerosol. |
|                                        | TWA  | 0.5 ppm   |              |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)            | TWA  | 20 ppm    |              |
| Kerosene (CAS 8008-20-6)               | TWA  | 200 mg/m3 |              |
| Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)              | TWA  | 10 ppm    |              |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)                 | TWA  | 20 ppm    |              |
| Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) | STEL | 150 ppm   |              |
|                                        | TWA  | 100 ppm   |              |

#### US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components                             | Type | Value     |
|----------------------------------------|------|-----------|
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)                  | STEL | 1 ppm     |
|                                        | TWA  | 0.1 ppm   |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)            | STEL | 545 mg/m3 |
|                                        |      | 125 ppm   |
|                                        | TWA  | 435 mg/m3 |
|                                        |      | 100 ppm   |
| Kerosene (CAS 8008-20-6)               | TWA  | 100 mg/m3 |
| Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)              | STEL | 75 mg/m3  |
|                                        |      | 15 ppm    |
|                                        | TWA  | 50 mg/m3  |
|                                        |      | 10 ppm    |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)                 | STEL | 560 mg/m3 |
|                                        |      | 150 ppm   |
|                                        | TWA  | 375 mg/m3 |
|                                        |      | 100 ppm   |
| Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) | STEL | 655 mg/m3 |
|                                        |      | 150 ppm   |

## US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value                |
|------------|------|----------------------|
|            | TWA  | 435 mg/m3<br>100 ppm |

### Biological limit values

#### ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

| Components                             | Value     | Determinant                                   | Specimen            | Sampling Time |
|----------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)                  | 25 µg/g   | S-Phenylmercapturic acid                      | Creatinine in urine | *             |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)            | 0.15 g/g  | Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid | Creatinine in urine | *             |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)                 | 0.3 mg/g  | o-Cresol, with hydrolysis                     | Creatinine in urine | *             |
|                                        | 0.03 mg/l | Toluene                                       | Urine               | *             |
|                                        | 0.02 mg/l | Toluene                                       | Blood               | *             |
| Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) | 1.5 g/g   | Methylhippuric acids                          | Creatinine in urine | *             |

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

### Exposure guidelines

#### US - California OELs: Skin designation

|                        |                                   |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)  | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |

#### US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

|                        |                           |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | Skin designation applies. |
|------------------------|---------------------------|

#### US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

|                           |                                   |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)     | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| Kerosene (CAS 8008-20-6)  | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |

|                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Appropriate engineering controls</b> | Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment. |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

|                            |                                                                                             |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Eye/face protection</b> | Wear safety glasses. If splash potential exists, wear full face shield or chemical goggles. |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

#### Skin protection

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Hand protection</b> | Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves. Protective gloves.                                                                                              |
| <b>Other</b>           | Wear chemical-resistant, impervious gloves. Full body suit and boots are recommended when handling large volumes or in emergency situations. Flame retardant protective clothing is recommended. |

|                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Respiratory protection</b> | Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workplace exposure limits for product or components are exceeded, NIOSH approved equipment should be worn. Proper respirator selection should be determined by adequately trained personnel, based on the contaminants, the degree of potential exposure and published respiratory protection factors. This equipment should be available for nonroutine and emergency use. |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|                        |                                                               |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Thermal hazards</b> | Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|

|                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>General hygiene considerations</b> | Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin. Keep away from food and drink. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

|                       |                           |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Appearance</b>     | Liquid (may be dyed red). |
| <b>Physical state</b> | Liquid.                   |
| <b>Form</b>           | Liquid.                   |
| <b>Color</b>          | Clear. Straw.             |

Jet Fuels

913787 Version #: 03 Revision date: 03-September-2014 Print date: 03-September-2014

Prepared by 3E Company

|                                                     |                                   |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Odor</b>                                         | Kerosene (strong).                |
| <b>Odor threshold</b>                               | Not available.                    |
| <b>pH</b>                                           | Not available.                    |
| <b>Melting point/freezing point</b>                 | Not available.                    |
| <b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>      | 320 - 579.9 °F (160 - 304.39 °C)  |
| <b>Flash point</b>                                  | > 100.0 °F (> 37.8 °C) Closed Cup |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                             | < 0.1 (butyl acetate = 1)         |
| <b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>                    | Not available.                    |
| <b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b> |                                   |
| <b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>               | >= 0.7                            |
| <b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>               | <= 7                              |
| <b>Explosive limit - lower (%)</b>                  | Not available.                    |
| <b>Explosive limit - upper (%)</b>                  | Not available.                    |
| <b>Vapor pressure</b>                               | < 2.7 kPa (<20mmHg) (at 20 °C)    |
| <b>Vapor density</b>                                | 3 (Air=1)                         |
| <b>Relative density</b>                             | 79 - 0.84 (Water=1)               |
| <b>Solubility(ies)</b>                              |                                   |
| <b>Solubility (water)</b>                           | Not available.                    |
| <b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>      | Not available.                    |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                    | 399.9 °F (204.39 °C)              |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>                    | Not available.                    |
| <b>Viscosity</b>                                    | Not available.                    |
| <b>Other information</b>                            |                                   |
| <b>Percent volatile</b>                             | Negligible.                       |

## 10. Stability and reactivity

|                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Reactivity</b>                         | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Chemical stability</b>                 | Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b> | Hazardous polymerization does not occur.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Conditions to avoid</b>                | Heat, flames and sparks. Ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose empty containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition; they may explode and cause injury or death. |
| <b>Incompatible materials</b>             | Strong oxidizing agents.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>   | No hazardous decomposition products are known.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

|                     |                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Inhalation</b>   | In high concentrations, mists/vapors may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| <b>Skin contact</b> | Causes skin irritation. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.                                                               |
| <b>Eye contact</b>  | May cause eye irritation.                                                                                                              |
| <b>Ingestion</b>    | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                                                                                          |

|                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</b> | Irritation of nose and throat. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Skin irritation. Unconsciousness. Corneal damage. Narcosis. Cyanosis (blue tissue condition, nails, lips, and/or skin). Decrease in motor functions. Behavioral changes. Edema. Liver enlargement. Jaundice. Conjunctivitis. Proteinuria. Defatting of the skin. Rash. |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

### Information on toxicological effects

|                       |                                               |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| <b>Acute toxicity</b> | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------|

| Components                             | Species            | Test Results                      |
|----------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)                  |                    |                                   |
| <b>Acute</b>                           |                    |                                   |
| <i>Dermal</i>                          |                    |                                   |
| LD50                                   | Guinea pig; Rabbit | > 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours             |
| <i>Inhalation</i>                      |                    |                                   |
| LC50                                   | Mouse              | 9980 ppm                          |
|                                        |                    | 9980 ppm, 7 Hours                 |
|                                        | Rat                | 43767 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 Hours |
|                                        |                    | 13700 ppm, 4 Hours                |
|                                        |                    | 10000 ppm, 7 Hours                |
| <i>Oral</i>                            |                    |                                   |
| LD50                                   | Rat                | 5970 mg/kg                        |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)            |                    |                                   |
| <b>Acute</b>                           |                    |                                   |
| <i>Dermal</i>                          |                    |                                   |
| LD50                                   | Rabbit             | > 5000 mg/kg                      |
|                                        |                    | 17.8 ml/kg, 24 Hours              |
| <i>Inhalation</i>                      |                    |                                   |
| LC50                                   | Mouse              | > 8000 ppm, 20 Minutes            |
|                                        | Rat                | 4000 ppm                          |
| <i>Oral</i>                            |                    |                                   |
| LD50                                   | Rat                | 5.46 g/kg                         |
| <i>Other</i>                           |                    |                                   |
| LD50                                   | Mouse              | 17.81 mm/kg                       |
| Kerosene (CAS 8008-20-6)               |                    |                                   |
| <b>Acute</b>                           |                    |                                   |
| <i>Dermal</i>                          |                    |                                   |
| LD50                                   | Rabbit             | > 2000 mg/kg                      |
| <i>Inhalation</i>                      |                    |                                   |
| LC50                                   | Rat                | > 4.3 mg/l, 4 Hours               |
| <i>Oral</i>                            |                    |                                   |
| LD50                                   | Rat                | > 5000 mg/kg                      |
| Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)              |                    |                                   |
| <b>Acute</b>                           |                    |                                   |
| <i>Dermal</i>                          |                    |                                   |
| LD50                                   | Rabbit             | > 2 g/kg                          |
| <i>Oral</i>                            |                    |                                   |
| LD50                                   | Rat                | 490 mg/kg                         |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)                 |                    |                                   |
| <b>Acute</b>                           |                    |                                   |
| <i>Dermal</i>                          |                    |                                   |
| LD50                                   | Rabbit             | 14.1 ml/kg                        |
| <i>Inhalation</i>                      |                    |                                   |
| LC50                                   | Rat                | 49000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 Hours |
| <i>Oral</i>                            |                    |                                   |
| LD50                                   | Rat                | 636 mg/kg                         |
| Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) |                    |                                   |
| <b>Acute</b>                           |                    |                                   |
| <i>Dermal</i>                          |                    |                                   |
| LD50                                   | Rabbit             | 12126 mg/kg, 24 Hours             |

| Components                                                            | Species                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Test Results          |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
|                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | > 5000 ml/kg, 4 Hours |
| <i>Inhalation</i>                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                       |
| LC50                                                                  | Mouse                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 5300 ppm, 6 Hours     |
|                                                                       | Rat                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 5922 ppm, 4 Hours     |
| <i>Oral</i>                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                       |
| LD50                                                                  | Mouse                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 5251 mg/kg            |
|                                                                       | Rat                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 3523 mg/kg            |
|                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 10 ml/kg              |
| <b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>                                      | Causes skin irritation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                       |
| <b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>                              | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                       |
| <b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                       |
| <b>Respiratory sensitization</b>                                      | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                       |
| <b>Skin sensitization</b>                                             | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.<br>This substance may have a potential for sensitization which may provoke an allergic reaction among sensitive individuals.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                       |
| <b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>                                         | May cause genetic defects.<br>In in-vitro experiments, neither benzene, toluene nor xylene changed the number of sister-chromatid exchanges (SCEs) or the number of chromosomal aberrations in human lymphocytes. However, toluene and xylene caused a significant cell growth inhibition which was not observed with benzene in the same concentrations. In in-vivo experiments, toluene changed the number of sister-chromatid exchanges (SCEs) in human lymphocytes. Toluene may cause heritable genetic damage. |                       |
| <b>Carcinogenicity</b>                                                | May cause cancer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                       |
| <b>IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity</b>         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                       |
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)                                                 | 1 Carcinogenic to humans.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                       |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)                                           | 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                       |
| Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)                                             | 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                       |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)                                                | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                       |
| Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)                                | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                       |
| <b>NTP Report on Carcinogens</b>                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                       |
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)                                                 | Known To Be Human Carcinogen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                       |
| Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)                                             | Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                       |
| <b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                       |
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)                                                 | Cancer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                       |
| <b>Reproductive toxicity</b>                                          | Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.<br>Benzene, xylene and toluene have demonstrated animal effects of reproductive toxicity. Animal studies of benzene have shown testicular effects, alterations in reproductive cycles, chromosomal aberrations and embryo/fetotoxicity. Can cause adverse reproductive effects - such as birth defects, miscarriages, or infertility. Avoid exposure to women during early pregnancy. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.                            |                       |
| <b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>               | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                       |
| <b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>             | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                       |
| <b>Aspiration hazard</b>                                              | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                       |
| <b>Chronic effects</b>                                                | Cancer hazard. Can cause cancer. Contains a substance which may have a mutagenic effect. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                       |
| <b>Further information</b>                                            | Symptoms may be delayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                       |
| <b>12. Ecological information</b>                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                       |
| <b>Ecotoxicity</b>                                                    | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                       |

| Components                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Species                                             | Test Results               |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| Aquatic                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| Crustacea                                         | EC50                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Water flea (Daphnia magna)                          | 8.76 - 15.6 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish                                              | LC50                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 5.3 mg/l, 96 hours         |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| Aquatic                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| Crustacea                                         | EC50                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Water flea (Daphnia magna)                          | 1 - 4 mg/l, 48 hours       |
| Fish                                              | LC50                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 4 mg/l, 96 hours           |
| Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| Aquatic                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| Crustacea                                         | EC50                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Water flea (Daphnia magna)                          | 1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours  |
| Fish                                              | LC50                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha)                | 0.95 - 1.62 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| Aquatic                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| Crustacea                                         | EC50                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Water flea (Daphnia magna)                          | 5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish                                              | LC50                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 5.89 - 7.81 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| Aquatic                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| Fish                                              | LC50                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 8 mg/l, 96 Hours           |
| Persistence and degradability                     | None known.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                     |                            |
| Bioaccumulative potential                         | Not available.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                     |                            |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow) |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)                             | 2.13                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                     |                            |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)                       | 3.15                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                     |                            |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)                            | 2.73                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                     |                            |
| Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)            | 3.2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                     |                            |
| Mobility in soil                                  | Not available.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                     |                            |
| Other adverse effects                             | Not available.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                     |                            |
| 13. Disposal considerations                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| Disposal instructions                             | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. |                                                     |                            |
| Hazardous waste code                              | D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F<br>D018: Waste Benzene                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                     |                            |
| US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)                             | U019                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                     |                            |
| Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)                         | U165                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                     |                            |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)                            | U220                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                     |                            |
| Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)            | U239                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                     |                            |
| Waste from residues / unused products             | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                     |                            |
| Contaminated packaging                            | Offer rinsed packaging material to local recycling facilities.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                     |                            |
| 14. Transport information                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| DOT                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                     |                            |
| UN number                                         | UN1863                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                     |                            |
| UN proper shipping name                           | Fuel, aviation, turbine engine                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                     |                            |

**Transport hazard class(es)**

|                                     |                                                                         |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Class</b>                        | - Combustible Liquid                                                    |
| <b>Subsidiary risk</b>              | -                                                                       |
| <b>Label(s)</b>                     | 3                                                                       |
| <b>Packing group</b>                | III                                                                     |
| <b>Environmental hazards</b>        |                                                                         |
| <b>Marine pollutant</b>             | Yes                                                                     |
| <b>Special precautions for user</b> | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| <b>Special provisions</b>           | 144, B1, IB3, T2, TP1                                                   |
| <b>Packaging exceptions</b>         | 150                                                                     |
| <b>Packaging non bulk</b>           | 203                                                                     |
| <b>Packaging bulk</b>               | 242                                                                     |

**IATA**

|                                     |                                                                         |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>UN number</b>                    | UN1863                                                                  |
| <b>UN proper shipping name</b>      | Fuel, aviation, turbine engine                                          |
| <b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>   |                                                                         |
| <b>Class</b>                        | 3                                                                       |
| <b>Subsidiary risk</b>              | -                                                                       |
| <b>Packing group</b>                | III                                                                     |
| <b>Environmental hazards</b>        | Yes                                                                     |
| <b>ERG Code</b>                     | 3L                                                                      |
| <b>Special precautions for user</b> | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |

**IMDG**

|                                     |                                                                         |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>UN number</b>                    | UN1863                                                                  |
| <b>UN proper shipping name</b>      | FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE                                          |
| <b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>   |                                                                         |
| <b>Class</b>                        | 3                                                                       |
| <b>Subsidiary risk</b>              | -                                                                       |
| <b>Packing group</b>                | III                                                                     |
| <b>Environmental hazards</b>        |                                                                         |
| <b>Marine pollutant</b>             | Yes                                                                     |
| <b>EmS</b>                          | F-E, S-E                                                                |
| <b>Special precautions for user</b> | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not applicable. However, this product is a liquid and if transported in bulk covered under MARPOL 73/78, Annex I.

**15. Regulatory information**

**US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.  
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

**TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**

Not regulated.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)**

|                       |                              |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) | Cancer                       |
|                       | Central nervous system       |
|                       | Blood                        |
|                       | Aspiration                   |
|                       | Skin                         |
|                       | Eye                          |
|                       | respiratory tract irritation |
|                       | Flammability                 |

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

|                                        |        |
|----------------------------------------|--------|
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)                  | LISTED |
| Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)            | LISTED |
| Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)              | LISTED |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)                 | LISTED |
| Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7) | LISTED |

## Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

|                          |                        |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Hazard categories</b> | Immediate Hazard - Yes |
|                          | Delayed Hazard - Yes   |
|                          | Fire Hazard - Yes      |
|                          | Pressure Hazard - No   |
|                          | Reactivity Hazard - No |

**SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance**

Not listed.

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical** Yes

### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name          | CAS number | % by wt. |
|------------------------|------------|----------|
| Naphthalene            | 91-20-3    | 0 - 3    |
| Xylene (o,m,p isomers) | 1330-20-7  | 0 - 2    |
| Benzene                | 71-43-2    | 0 - 1    |
| Ethylbenzene           | 100-41-4   | 0 - 1    |

## Other federal regulations

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)  
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)  
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)  
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  
Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)**

Not regulated.

|                                       |                |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)</b> | Not regulated. |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|

**Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number**

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

**Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))**

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

## DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

**US state regulations** WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

## US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)  
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)  
Kerosene (CAS 8008-20-6)  
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)  
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  
Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)

## US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)  
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)  
Kerosene (CAS 8008-20-6)  
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)  
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  
Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)

## US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)  
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)  
Kerosene (CAS 8008-20-6)  
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)  
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  
Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)

### US. Rhode Island RTK

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)  
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)  
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)  
Xylene (o,m,p isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. California Proposition 65

##### US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)  
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)  
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)  
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

#### International Inventories

| Country(s) or region        | Inventory name                                                         | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Australia                   | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)                     | Yes                    |
| Canada                      | Domestic Substances List (DSL)                                         | Yes                    |
| Canada                      | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)                                    | No                     |
| China                       | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)             | Yes                    |
| Europe                      | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes                    |
| Europe                      | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)                 | No                     |
| Japan                       | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)               | No                     |
| Korea                       | Existing Chemicals List (ECL)                                          | Yes                    |
| New Zealand                 | New Zealand Inventory                                                  | Yes                    |
| Philippines                 | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)      | Yes                    |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory                          | Yes                    |

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue date** 27-June-2013  
**Revision date** 03-September-2014  
**Version #** 03  
**NFPA ratings**



#### References

ACGIH  
EPA: AQUIRE database  
NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base  
US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents  
HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank  
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity  
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens  
ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

#### Disclaimer

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## Appendix P

### **Environmental Emergency Regulation Plan Cross Reference Table**

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**Cross-reference related to Environmental Emergency Regulations, 2019: SOR/2019-51**

| <b>EER reference</b> | <b>Information required</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>Location of information in different management plan</b>                                                                                         |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4 (2) (a)            | a description of the properties and characteristics of the substance and the maximum expected quantity of the substance at the facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Maximum excepted quantity - Spill Contingency Plan Section 2<br>Substance property – Spill Contingency Plan Section 6 and Appendix O for Diesel SDS |
| 4 (2) (b)            | a description of the commercial, manufacturing, processing or other activity involving the substance that takes place at the facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Spill Contingency Plan Section 2                                                                                                                    |
| 4 (2) (c)            | -a description of the facility and of the area surrounding the facility that may be affected by an environmental emergency referred to in paragraph (d), including any hospitals, schools, residential, commercial or industrial buildings and any highways, public transit infrastructure, parks, forests, wildlife habitats, water sources or water bodies;                                                                                                                                                       | Spill Contingency Plan Section 6.1 and 6.2<br>Appendix L - Product Transfer Area Assessment – Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility                      |
| 4 (2) (d)            | -an identification of any environmental emergency that could reasonably be expected to occur at the facility and that would likely cause harm to the environment or constitute a danger to human life or health, including the environmental emergency referred to in paragraph (e) and, if applicable, the environmental emergency that is more likely to occur than the environmental emergency referred to in paragraph (e) and that would have the longest impact distance outside the boundary of the facility | Spill Contingency Plan Section 5 and Appendix L - Product Transfer Area Assessment – Baker Lake Oil Handling Facility                               |
| 4 (2) (e) (i)        | an identification of the harm to the environment or danger to human life or health that would likely result from an environmental emergency involving the release of the                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Spill Contingency Plan Appendix O – SDS for P-50 Diesel<br><br>Spill Contingency Plan Section 5, Section 6.1.9 and 6.2.7                            |

|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                               |
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|                | maximum quantity of the substance that could be contained in the container system that has the largest maximum capacity, if a quantity of the substance is in a container system, and                                                                                                                                                                            |                                               |
| 4 (2) (e) (ii) | an identification of the harm to the environment or danger to human life or health that would likely result from an environmental emergency involving the release of the maximum expected quantity of the substance that will not be in a container system, if a quantity of the substance is not in a container system                                          | Spill Contingency Plan Section 6.3            |
| 4 (2) (f)      | an identification of the harm to the environment or danger to human life or health that would likely result from the environmental emergency identified under paragraph (d), if any, that is more likely to occur than the environmental emergency referred to in paragraph (e) and would have the longest impact distance outside the boundary of the facility; | Spill Contingency Plan Section 6.3            |
| 4 (2) (g)      | a description of the measures to be taken to prevent and prepare for the environmental emergencies identified under paragraph (d) and the measures that will be taken to respond to and recover from such emergencies if they were to occur                                                                                                                      | Spill Contingency Plan Section 1.1, 2.1, 4, 5 |
| 4 (2) (h)      | a list of the position titles of the persons who will make decisions and take a leadership role in the event of an environmental emergency and a description of their roles and responsibilities                                                                                                                                                                 | Spill Contingency Plan Section 4              |
| 4 (2) (i)      | a list of the environmental emergency training that has been or will be provided to prepare personnel at the facility who will respond in the event that an environmental emergency identified                                                                                                                                                                   | Spill Contingency Plan Section 9              |

|                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                    |
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|                 | under paragraph (d) occurs                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                    |
| 4 (2) (j)       | a list of the emergency response equipment that is necessary for the measures described in paragraph (g) and the equipment's location                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Spill Contingency Plan Section 8   |
| 4 (2) (k) (i)   | a description of the measures that will be taken by a responsible person or by a responsible person and local authorities, acting jointly, to communicate with the members of the public who may be adversely affected by the environmental emergency referred to in paragraph (f) to inform them, before the environmental emergency occurs, of the possibility that the environmental emergency could occur                                                                                                                   | Spill Contingency Plan Section 6.3 |
| 4 (2) (k) (ii)  | a description of the measures that will be taken by a responsible person or by a responsible person and local authorities, acting jointly, to communicate with the members of the public who may be adversely affected by the environmental emergency referred to in paragraph (f) to inform them, before the environmental emergency occurs, of the potential effects of the environmental emergency on the environment and on human life or health, taking into account the factors referred to in paragraphs (a) to (c), and | Spill Contingency Plan Section 6.3 |
| 4 (2) (k) (iii) | a description of the measures that will be taken by a responsible person or by a responsible person and local authorities, acting jointly, to communicate with the members of the public who may be adversely affected by the environmental emergency referred to in paragraph (f) to inform them, before the environmental emergency occurs, of the measures that will be taken by the responsible person to protect the                                                                                                       | Spill Contingency Plan Section 6.3 |

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                       |
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|           | environment and human life or health, and the means by which the responsible person will communicate with them, in the event that the environmental emergency occurs;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                       |
| 4 (2) (l) | a description of the measures that will be taken by a responsible person or by a responsible person and local authorities, acting jointly, to, in the event that an environmental emergency involving the release of a substance occurs, communicate with the members of the public who may be adversely affected to provide them, during and after its occurrence, with information and guidance concerning the actions that could be taken by them to reduce the potential harm to the environment and danger to human life or health, including an explanation of how those actions may help to reduce the harm or danger; | Spill Contingency Plan Section 4.7    |
| 4 (2) (m) | the position title of the person who will communicate with the members of the public referred to in paragraphs (k) and (l);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Spill Contingency Plan Section 4.7    |
| 4 (2) (n) | a description of the consultations that a responsible person had with local authorities, if any, with respect to the measures referred to in paragraph (k) and (l); and                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Spill Contingency Plan Section 6.3    |
| 4 (2) (o) | a plan of the facility showing the location of any substances in relation to the physical features of the facility                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Spill Contingency Plan Figures 1 to 5 |

## **Appendix Q**

### **Risk Assessments – Environmental Emergency Regulations Designated Substance - Diesel**

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## Risk Assessment Matrix

| PMO Rating    |    | Probability             |                         |                             |                         |                                |
|---------------|----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Consequence   |    | Rare or Improbable<br>1 | Unlikely or Remote<br>2 | Possible or Occasional<br>3 | Likely or Probable<br>4 | Almost Certain / Expected<br>5 |
| Critical      | 5  | Medium                  | Medium                  | High                        | Very High               | Very High                      |
| Major         | 4  | Low                     | Medium                  | High                        | High                    | Very High                      |
| Moderate      | 3  | Low                     | Medium                  | Medium                      | High                    | High                           |
| Minor         | 2  | Low                     | Low                     | Medium                      | Medium                  | Medium                         |
| Insignificant | 1  | Low                     | Low                     | Low                         | Low                     | Medium                         |
| Opportunity   | -1 | Low                     | Low                     | Medium                      | High                    | High                           |

| Before Mitigation |    | Probability             |                         |                             |                         |                                |
|-------------------|----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Consequence       |    | Rare or Improbable<br>1 | Unlikely or Remote<br>2 | Possible or Occasional<br>3 | Likely or Probable<br>4 | Almost Certain / Expected<br>5 |
| Critical          | 5  | 0                       | 1                       | 1                           | 0                       | 1                              |
| Major             | 4  | 1                       | 2                       | 0                           | 1                       | 0                              |
| Moderate          | 3  | 0                       | 3                       | 0                           | 1                       | 1                              |
| Minor             | 2  | 0                       | 2                       | 0                           | 1                       | 0                              |
| Insignificant     | 1  | 0                       | 0                       | 0                           | 0                       | 0                              |
| Opportunity       | -1 | 0                       | 0                       | 0                           | 0                       | 0                              |

| After Mitigation |    | Probability             |                         |                             |                         |                                |
|------------------|----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Consequence      |    | Rare or Improbable<br>1 | Unlikely or Remote<br>2 | Possible or Occasional<br>3 | Likely or Probable<br>4 | Almost Certain / Expected<br>5 |
| Critical         | 5  | 0                       | 2                       | 0                           | 0                       | 0                              |
| Major            | 4  | 1                       | 3                       | 0                           | 0                       | 0                              |
| Moderate         | 3  | 0                       | 4                       | 0                           | 0                       | 0                              |
| Minor            | 2  | 0                       | 3                       | 0                           | 2                       | 0                              |
| Insignificant    | 1  | 0                       | 0                       | 0                           | 0                       | 0                              |
| Opportunity      | -1 | 0                       | 0                       | 0                           | 0                       | 0                              |

| <b>RISK ASSESSMENT BAKER LAKE OHF</b><br><b>Date:</b> November 19, 2022<br><b>Facilitator:</b> Alexandra Ozaruk<br><b>Participants:</b> Tom Thomson, Louis Dubois, Kathleen Newberry, Eric Leonard, Alexandre Arcand, Shawn Valliquette<br><b>Reviewed by:</b> Marie-Pier Marcil, Eric Haley |                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Environmental Impacts before Mitigation |            |      | Environmental Impacts after Mitigation |            |      | Harm                                                                                                            |                                                                                                   | Mitigation During Incident                                                                                   |                                                                                  | Prevention / Control Measures                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------|------|----------------------------------------|------------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Scenario                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Hazard / Release Identification                                                                                                                                      | Probable Consequences                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Consequence                             | Likelihood | Risk | Consequence                            | Likelihood | Risk | Environmental                                                                                                   | Human Health                                                                                      | Active                                                                                                       | Passive                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Complete release of 10 ML Diesel Fuel Tank into secondary containment (designed to hold 110% of the entire contents of the tank)                                     | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby.                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 1                                       | 1          | 1    | 1                                      | 1          | 1    | could affect health of birds and other animals if they interact with secondary containment prior to remediation | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   |                                                                                                              | secondary containment                                                            | Regular tank inspections<br>Liner maintenance<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                   |
| WCS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Complete release of 10 ML Diesel Fuel Tank into secondary containment. Release to the environment due to overflow or breach of secondary containment (liner damage). | Diesel fuel may reach Baker Lake and it is expected that the longest impact outside the boundaries of the facility will be around 85 Km                                                                                                              | 5                                       | 1          | 5    | 4                                      | 1          | 4    | potential for fire, contamination of water, potential to kill fish and fish habitat                             | contamination of the communities' drinking water; fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.) |                                                                                                              | secondary containment and liner will slow the release of fuel to the environment | Regular tank inspections<br>Liner maintenance<br>Emptying standing water from secondary containment<br>Annual geotechnical inspection of containment facilities<br>Emergency Response Plan |
| AWCS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Major failure between the ship and the flange of the OHF, resulting in a spill greater than 1,000 L but smaller than 10,000L of diesel or Jet-A fuel                 | Release into Baker Lake. The furthest impact distance outside the boundary of the facility can be up to 3.4 Km                                                                                                                                       | 5                                       | 3          | 15   | 3                                      | 2          | 6    | potential for fire, contamination of water, potential to kill fish and fish habitat                             | contamination of the communities' drinking water; fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.) | automatic valves<br>absorbent booms (spill response equipment), ship to shore booms deployed during transfer |                                                                                  | Pre-discharge inspection<br>Intertek/Woodward personnel overseeing discharge<br>OPEP/OPPP<br>Bathymetry in Baker Lake<br>Training<br>Mock Spill Exercise<br>Emergency Response Plan        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Partial failure of tank - puncture, leak due to corrosion. Release contained to secondary containment                                                                | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby.                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 1                                       | 3          | 3    | 1                                      | 2          | 2    | could affect health of birds and other animals if they interact with secondary containment prior to remediation | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   | absorbent pads<br>oil water separator                                                                        | secondary containment                                                            | Regular tank inspections<br>Liner maintenance<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Partial failure of tank - puncture, leak due to corrosion. Release to environment due to breach of secondary containment.                                            | Release into Baker Lake. The furthest impact distance outside the boundary of the facility can be up to 3.4 Km.<br>Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby.<br>Non-compliance of secondary containment (water in secondary containment). | 4                                       | 3          | 12   | 3                                      | 2          | 6    | potential for fire, contamination of water, potential to kill fish and fish habitat                             | contamination of the communities' drinking water                                                  | absorbent pads<br>oil water separator                                                                        | secondary containment and liner will slow the release of fuel to the environment | Regular tank inspections<br>Liner maintenance<br>Emptying standing water from secondary containment<br>Annual geotechnical inspection of containment facilities<br>Emergency Response Plan |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Overfilling of tanker truck during fueling - contained to the transfer area.                                                                                         | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby.                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 2                                       | 4          | 8    | 1                                      | 4          | 4    | minor to none                                                                                                   | none                                                                                              | absorbent pads, excavation of contaminated material, automated system (reduction in quantity to be released) | liner in place to prevent contamination of groundwater                           | Fueling procedures<br>Inspection checklist<br>Scully system<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Erosion of secondary containments                                                                                                                                    | Leak of fuel contaminated water, impacts on groundwater, water flowing to Baker Lake                                                                                                                                                                 | 3                                       | 3          | 9    | 3                                      | 2          | 6    | potential for fire, aquatic contamination harm to fish and animals.                                             | contamination of the communities' drinking water                                                  | absorbent pads<br>oil water separator                                                                        | secondary containment and liner will slow the release of fuel to the environment | Regular tank inspections<br>Annual geotechnical inspection of containment facilities<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                            |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Melting permafrost causing instability                                                                                                                               | Leak of fuel contaminated water, impacts on groundwater, water flowing to Baker Lake                                                                                                                                                                 | 4                                       | 2          | 8    | 3                                      | 2          | 6    | potential for fire, aquatic contamination harm to fish and animals.                                             | contamination of the communities' drinking water                                                  | absorbent pads<br>oil water separator                                                                        | secondary containment and liner will slow the release of fuel to the environment | Regular tank inspections<br>Annual geotechnical inspection of containment facilities<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                            |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Mechanical failure at fueling station resulting in explosion                                                                                                         | Explosion - potential for domino affects - multiple tanks containing different substances (diesel and Jet-A) could be ruptured                                                                                                                       | 5                                       | 2          | 10   | 5                                      | 1          | 5    | potential for fire, aquatic contamination harm to fish and animals.                                             | fatality, significant injury, burns, inhalation, affects reaching the community (explosion)       | engineering controls of the tanks to reduce impact from tank to tank                                         | secondary containments                                                           | Preventative maintenance<br>Regular inspections<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Major fire at Baker Lake facility from not project-related source                                                                                                    | Fire damage or explosion - potential for domino affects - multiple tanks containing different substances (diesel and Jet-A) could be ruptured                                                                                                        | 5                                       | 2          | 10   | 5                                      | 1          | 5    | potential for fire, aquatic contamination harm to fish and animals.                                             | fatality, significant injury, burns, inhalation, affects reaching the community (explosion)       | engineering controls of the tanks to reduce impact from tank to tank                                         | secondary containments                                                           | Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Failure of electronic valves                                                                                                                                         | None - secondary valves in place                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 1                                       | 3          | 3    | 1                                      | 3          | 3    | none                                                                                                            | none                                                                                              | secondary valves as part of existing system as well as manual valves                                         |                                                                                  | Regular tank and system inspections<br>Preventative maintenance<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Vehicle interaction with tank - snow removal etc.                                                                                                                    | Puncture of tank, release of fuel into secondary containment<br>Could present a fire hazard if ignition source nearby                                                                                                                                | 1                                       | 3          | 3    | 1                                      | 3          | 3    | could affect health of birds and other animals if they interact with secondary containment prior to remediation | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   | absorbent pads<br>oil water separator                                                                        | secondary containment                                                            | Motorized vehicles are not authorized to enter secondary containment area<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Vehicle interaction with piping - snow removal etc.                                                                                                                  | Puncture or damage to piping, release of fuel into secondary containment<br>Could present a fire hazard if ignition source nearby                                                                                                                    | 1                                       | 3          | 3    | 1                                      | 3          | 3    | could affect health of birds and other animals if they interact with secondary containment prior to remediation | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   | absorbent pads<br>oil water separator                                                                        | secondary containment                                                            | Motorized vehicles are not authorized to enter secondary containment area<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Vehicle interaction with piping (ship to shore) - during refueling                                                                                                   | Puncture of piping resulting in release of fuel                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1                                       | 1          | 1    | 1                                      | 1          | 1    | none                                                                                                            | none                                                                                              |                                                                                                              | protective berm                                                                  | Risk well managed - pipe is elevated and protected by a berm<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Stray spark from welding work in tank farm area                                                                                                                      | Potential for fire within secondary containment or on ground (from spill)                                                                                                                                                                            | 1                                       | 1          | 1    | 1                                      | 1          | 1    | none                                                                                                            | fire related harm (inhalation, burns etc.)                                                        | Engineering controls, tanks are built to reduce the risk of fire                                             | secondary containment                                                            | Hot work procedures in place (empty, clean, ventilate tank)<br>Specialized personnel are trained to conduct welding work<br>Emergency Response Plan                                        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Interaction between fuel and seacans of other chemicals at Baker Lake causing adverse reactions                                                                      | Potential for fire or explosion                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 4                                       | 2          | 8    | 4                                      | 1          | 4    |                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                   |                                                                                                              |                                                                                  | Risk is well managed - these chemicals are stored away from fuel tanks<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                          |

| <div><b>RISK ASSESSMENT BAKER LAKE OHF</b><br/><b>Date:</b> November 19, 2022<br/><b>Facilitator:</b> Alexandra Ozaruk<br/><b>Participants:</b> Tom Thomson, Louis Dubois, Kathleen Newberry, Eric Leonard, Alexandre Arcand, Shawn Valliquette<br/><b>Reviewed by:</b> Marie-Pier Marcil, Eric Haley</div> |                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                      | Environmental Impacts before Mitigation |            |      | Environmental Impacts after Mitigation |            |      | Harm                                                                                                            |                                                                                                   | Mitigation During Incident                                                              |                                            | Prevention / Control Measures                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------|------|----------------------------------------|------------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Scenario                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Hazard / Release Identification                                                                         | Probable Consequences                                                                                                                                | Consequence                             | Likelihood | Risk | Consequence                            | Likelihood | Risk | Environmental                                                                                                   | Human Health                                                                                      | Active                                                                                  | Passive                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Vandalizing of tanks/valves resulting in release of diesel or Jet-A                                     | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby.                                                                                                 | 3                                       | 1          | 3    | 2                                      | 1          | 2    | could affect health of birds and other animals if they interact with secondary containment prior to remediation | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   | absorbent pads<br>oil water separator                                                   | secondary containment                      | Operators at powerhouse would be triggered to step in<br>Security system (camera)<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Natural disaster (earthquake)                                                                           | Compromise of secondary containment and tank structures. Possibility for large scale release. Including flow of diesel fuel and Jet-A to Baker Lake. | 5                                       | 1          | 5    | 5                                      | 1          | 5    | potential for fire, contamination of water, potential to kill fish and fish habitat                             | contamination of the communities’ drinking water; fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.) |                                                                                         | secondary containment (if not compromised) | Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Smoking near tanks - not following procedure                                                            | Fire, explosion                                                                                                                                      | 1                                       | 1          | 1    | 1                                      | 1          | 1    |                                                                                                                 | fire related harm (inhalation, burns etc)                                                         | Engineering controls, tanks are built to reduce the risk of fire, signage               |                                            | Signage in place<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Tank puncture by stray bullet (hunter)                                                                  | Release of fuel into secondary containment                                                                                                           | 1                                       | 1          | 1    | 1                                      | 1          | 1    | minor to none                                                                                                   | none                                                                                              |                                                                                         | secondary containment                      | Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Tanker truck overturning on road, puncturing tank - large release to environment (on land) >5,000 L     | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby (tundra fire), soil contamination potentially affecting groundwater (residual contamination)     | 4                                       | 4          | 16   | 4                                      | 3          | 12   | contamination of area with hydrocarbons, fire causing damage, contamination of groundwater                      | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   | spill response seacans available on AWAR, dig a trench to contain spill                 |                                            | Road maintenance to ensure safe driving conditions<br>SOP for driving on the road<br>Speed limit enforcement and signage for higher risk areas<br>Road closure protocol for adverse weather conditions<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Tanker overturning on road, puncturing tank, small release to environment (on land) <5,000 L            | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby (tundra fire), soil contamination potentially affecting groundwater (residual contamination)     | 4                                       | 5          | 20   | 3                                      | 4          | 12   | contamination of area with hydrocarbons, fire causing damage, contamination of groundwater                      | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   | spill response seacans available on AWAR, dig a trench to contain spill                 |                                            | Road maintenance to ensure safe driving conditions<br>SOP for driving on the road<br>Speed limit enforcement and signage for higher risk areas<br>Road closure protocol for adverse weather conditions<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Tanker truck overturning on road, puncturing tank - large release to environment (on water) >5,000 L    | Release of fuel into water source - possibility for harm to aquatic life.<br>Pool fire hazard on water if ignition source is nearby.                 | 4                                       | 3          | 12   | 4                                      | 2          | 8    | aquatic contamination harm to fish and animals                                                                  | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   | spill response seacans available on AWAR, maritime booms, oil water separator, skimmers |                                            | Road maintenance to ensure safe driving conditions<br>SOP for driving on the road<br>Speed limit enforcement and signage for higher risk areas<br>Road closure protocol for adverse weather conditions<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Tanker overturning on road, puncturing tank, small release to environment (on water) <5,000 L           | Release of fuel into water source - possibility for harm to aquatic life.<br>Pool fire hazard on water if ignition source is nearby.                 | 4                                       | 4          | 16   | 3                                      | 3          | 9    | aquatic contamination harm to fish and animals                                                                  | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   | spill response seacans available on AWAR, maritime booms, oil water separator, skimmers |                                            | Road maintenance to ensure safe driving conditions<br>SOP for driving on the road<br>Speed limit enforcement and signage for higher risk areas<br>Road closure protocol for adverse weather conditions<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Vehicle collision between tanker and other vehicle not carrying dangerous goods                         | Fire hazard, soil contamination                                                                                                                      | 4                                       | 3          | 12   | 3                                      | 2          | 6    | contamination of area with hydrocarbons, fire causing damage, contamination of groundwater                      | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   | spill response seacans available on AWAR, dig a trench to contain spill                 |                                            | Road maintenance to ensure safe driving conditions<br>SOP for driving on the road<br>Speed limit enforcement and signage for higher risk areas<br>Road closure protocol for adverse weather conditions<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Vehicle collision between tanker and other vehicle carrying dangerous goods (ammonium nitrate, cyanide) | Fire hazard, explosion, soil contamination                                                                                                           | 4                                       | 2          | 8    | 3                                      | 2          | 6    | contamination of the area, release of dangerous goods (explosion)                                               | human injury, fatality, burns, inhalation                                                         | spill response seacans available on AWAR, dig a trench to contain spill                 |                                            | Road maintenance to ensure safe driving conditions<br>SOP for driving on the road<br>Speed limit enforcement and signage for higher risk areas<br>Road closure protocol for adverse weather conditions<br>Cyanide convoy - lowers risk of vehicle interactions<br>Explosive truck placards and beacon light - right of way<br>Emergency Response Plan |

| <div>RISK ASSESSMENT FOR MEADOWBANK</div> <div>Date: November 19, 2022</div> <div>Facilitator: Alexandra Ozaruk</div> <div>Participants: Tom Thomson, Louis Dubois, Kathleen Newberry, Eric Leonard, Alexandre Arcand, Shawn Valliquette</div> <div>Reviewed by: Marie-Pier Marcil, Eric Haley</div> |                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Environmental Impacts before Mitigation |            |      | Environmental Impacts after Mitigation |            |      | Harm                                                                                                            |                                                                                             | Mitigation During Incident                                                              |                                                                                                               | Prevention / Control Measures                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------|------|----------------------------------------|------------|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Scenario                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Hazard / Release Identification                                                                                                                                    | Probable Consequences                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Consequence                             | Likelihood | Risk | Consequence                            | Likelihood | Risk | Environmental                                                                                                   | Human Health                                                                                | Active                                                                                  | Passive                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Complete release of 5.6 ML Diesel Fuel Tank into secondary containment (designed to hold 110% of the entire contents of the tank)                                  | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 1                                       | 1          | 1    | 1                                      | 1          | 1    | could affect health of birds and other animals if they interact with secondary containment prior to remediation | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                             |                                                                                         | secondary containment                                                                                         | Regular tank inspections<br>Automatic valves installed on tanks<br>Engineered tanks<br>Liner maintenance<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                        |
| WCS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Complete release of 5.6 ML Diesel Fuel Tank into secondary containment. Release to the facility due to overflow or breach of secondary containment (liner damage). | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby. Contaminated soil that would need to be remediated. Discharge would flow to stormwater management pond and not lake if containment area failed.                                                                              | 3                                       | 1          | 3    | 2                                      | 1          | 2    | could affect health of birds and other animals if they interact with secondary containment prior to remediation | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                             |                                                                                         | secondary containment and liner will slow the release of fuel                                                 | Regular tank inspections<br>Liner maintenance<br>Emptying standing water from secondary containment<br>Annual geotechnical inspection of containment facilities<br>Emergency Response Plan |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Complete release of both 3.3 and 5.5 ML Diesel Fuel Tanks into secondary containment (designed to hold 110% of the entire contents of the largest tank)            | Overflow of secondary containment. Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby.                                                                                                                                                                                           | 3                                       | 1          | 3    | 2                                      | 1          | 2    | contaminated soil, affect to groundwater                                                                        | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                             | absorbent pads<br>oil water separator                                                   | secondary containment and liner will slow the release of fuel                                                 | Regular tank inspections<br>Liner maintenance<br>Emptying standing water from secondary containment<br>Annual geotechnical inspection of containment facilities<br>Emergency Response Plan |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Partial failure of >=10,000 L tank puncture, leak due to corrosion. Release contained to secondary containment                                                     | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 1                                       | 5          | 5    | 1                                      | 3          | 3    | could affect health of birds and other animals if they interact with secondary containment prior to remediation | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                             | absorbent pads<br>oil water separator                                                   | secondary containment                                                                                         | Regular tank inspections<br>Liner maintenance<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Partial failure of >=10,000 L tank - puncture, leak due to corrosion. Release to environment due to breach of secondary containment.                               | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby. Contaminated soil that would need to be remediated. Discharge would flow to stormwater management pond and not lake if containment area failed.<br>Non-compliance of secondary containment (water in secondary containment). | 2                                       | 4          | 8    | 2                                      | 2          | 4    | contaminated soil, affect to groundwater                                                                        | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                             | absorbent pads<br>oil water separator                                                   | secondary containment and liner will slow the release of fuel<br>boulders or cement blocks to reduce incident | Regular tank inspections<br>Liner maintenance<br>Emptying standing water from secondary containment<br>Annual geotechnical inspection of containment facilities<br>Emergency Response Plan |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Overfilling of tanker during fueling - contained to the transfer area.                                                                                             | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 1                                       | 5          | 5    | 1                                      | 4          | 4    | contaminated soil                                                                                               | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                             | absorbent pads, excavation of contaminated material                                     | liner in place to prevent contamination of groundwater                                                        | Fueling procedures<br>Inspection checklist<br>Scully system<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Erosion of secondary containments for miscellaneous tanks                                                                                                          | Leak of fuel contaminated water, impacts on groundwater                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 1                                       | 2          | 2    | 1                                      | 2          | 2    | contaminated soil                                                                                               | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                             | absorbent pads, excavation of contaminated material                                     | secondary containment and liner will slow the release of fuel                                                 | Regular tank inspections<br>Annual geotechnical inspection of containment facilities<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                            |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Melting permafrost causing instability                                                                                                                             | Leak of fuel contaminated water, impacts on groundwater                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 2                                       | 2          | 4    | 2                                      | 2          | 4    | contaminated soil                                                                                               | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                             | absorbent pads, excavation of contaminated material                                     | secondary containment and liner will slow the release of fuel                                                 | Regular tank inspections<br>Annual geotechnical inspection of containment facilities<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                            |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Mechanical failure at fueling station resulting in explosion                                                                                                       | Explosion - potential for domino affects - multiple tanks containing different substances (diesel and Jet-A) could be ruptured                                                                                                                                                    | 3                                       | 1          | 3    | 2                                      | 1          | 2    | potential for fire, aquatic contamination harm to fish and animals.                                             | fatality, significant injury, burns, inhalation, affects reaching the community (explosion) | engineering controls of the tanks to reduce impact from tank to tank, sprinkler systems | secondary containments                                                                                        | Preventative maintenance<br>Regular inspections<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Major fire at Meadowbank Complex from not project-related source                                                                                                   | Fire damage or explosion - potential for domino affects - multiple tanks containing different substances (diesel and Jet-A) could be ruptured                                                                                                                                     | 3                                       | 1          | 3    | 2                                      | 1          | 2    | potential for fire, aquatic contamination harm to fish and animals.                                             | fatality, significant injury, burns, inhalation, affects reaching the community (explosion) | engineering controls of the tanks to reduce impact from tank to tank, sprinkler systems | secondary containments                                                                                        | Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Failure of electronic valves                                                                                                                                       | None - secondary valves in place                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 1                                       | 3          | 3    | 1                                      | 2          | 2    | none                                                                                                            | none                                                                                        | secondary valves as part of existing system as well as manual valves                    |                                                                                                               | Regular tank and system inspections<br>Preventative maintenance<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Vehicle interaction with tank - snow removal etc.                                                                                                                  | Puncture of tank, release of fuel into secondary containment<br>Could present a fire hazard if ignition source nearby                                                                                                                                                             | 1                                       | 3          | 3    | 1                                      | 3          | 3    | could affect health of birds and other animals if they interact with secondary containment prior to remediation | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                             | absorbent pads<br>oil water separator                                                   | secondary containment                                                                                         | Motorized vehicles are not authorized to enter secondary containment area<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Vehicle interaction with piping - snow removal etc.                                                                                                                | Puncture or damage to piping, release of fuel into secondary containment<br>Could present a fire hazard if ignition source nearby                                                                                                                                                 | 1                                       | 3          | 3    | 1                                      | 3          | 3    | could affect health of birds and other animals if they interact with secondary containment prior to remediation | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                             | absorbent pads<br>oil water separator                                                   | secondary containment                                                                                         | Motorized vehicles are not authorized to enter secondary containment area<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Stray spark from welding work in tank farm area                                                                                                                    | Potential for fire within secondary containment or on ground (from spill)                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 1                                       | 1          | 1    | 1                                      | 1          | 1    | none                                                                                                            | fire related harm (inhalation, burns etc.)                                                  | Engineering controls, tanks are built to reduce the risk of fire                        | secondary containment                                                                                         | Hot work procedures in place (empty, clean, ventilate tank)<br>Specialized personnel are trained to conduct welding work<br>Emergency Response Plan                                        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Interaction between fuel and seacans of other chemicals at Meadowbank causing adverse reactions                                                                    | Potential for fire or explosion<br>Contamination of soil<br>Fire related harm                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 4                                       | 2          | 8    | 4                                      | 1          | 4    |                                                                                                                 |                                                                                             |                                                                                         |                                                                                                               | Risk is well managed - these chemicals are stored away from fuel tanks<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                          |

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| Scenario                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Hazard / Release Identification                                                                                       | Probable Consequences                                                                                                                                              | Consequence                             | Likelihood | Risk | Consequence                            | Likelihood | Risk | Environmental                                                                                                   | Human Health                                                                                      | Active                                                                                  | Passive                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Natural disaster (earthquake)                                                                                         | Compromise of secondary containment and tank structures. Possibility for large scale release. Should be contained to site boundary.                                | 4                                       | 1          | 4    | 4                                      | 1          | 4    | potential for fire, contamination of water, potential to kill fish and fish habitat                             | contamination of the communities' drinking water; fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.) |                                                                                         | secondary containment (if not compromised) | Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Smoking near tanks - not following procedure                                                                          | Fire, explosion<br>Contamination of soil with hydrocarbons<br>Fire related harm                                                                                    | 1                                       | 1          | 1    | 1                                      | 1          | 1    |                                                                                                                 | fire related harm (inhalation, burns etc.)                                                        | Engineering controls, tanks are built to reduce the risk of fire, signage               |                                            | Signage in place<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Failure of smaller fuel tanks <10,000 L around Meadowbank Complex, discharge to secondary containment                 | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby.                                                                                                               | 1                                       | 5          | 5    | 1                                      | 3          | 3    | could affect health of birds and other animals if they interact with secondary containment prior to remediation | fire related harm (inhalation, burns etc.)                                                        | absorbent pads                                                                          | secondary containment                      | Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Failure of smaller fuel tanks <10,000 L around Meadowbank Complex, discharge from secondary containment due to breach | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby.                                                                                                               | 2                                       | 4          | 8    | 1                                      | 2          | 2    | contaminated soil, affect to groundwater                                                                        | fire related harm (inhalation, burns etc.)                                                        | absorbent pads                                                                          |                                            | Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| AWCS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Tanker truck overturning on road, puncturing tank - large release to environment (on land) >5,000 L up to 40,000 L    | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby (tundra fire), soil contamination potentially affecting groundwater (residual contamination), harm to wildlife | 4                                       | 4          | 16   | 4                                      | 3          | 12   | contamination of area with hydrocarbons, fire causing damage, contamination of groundwater                      | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   | spill response seacans available on WTHR, dig a trench to contain spill                 |                                            | Road maintenance to ensure safe driving conditions<br>SOP for driving on the road<br>Speed limit enforcement and signage for higher risk areas<br>Road closure protocol for adverse weather conditions<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                     |
| AWCS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Tanker overturning on road, puncturing tank, small release to environment (on land) <5,000 L                          | Presents a fire hazard if ignition source is nearby (tundra fire), soil contamination potentially affecting groundwater (residual contamination), harm to wildlife | 4                                       | 5          | 20   | 3                                      | 4          | 12   | contamination of area with hydrocarbons, fire causing damage, contamination of groundwater                      | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   | spill response seacans available on WTHR, dig a trench to contain spill                 |                                            | Road maintenance to ensure safe driving conditions<br>SOP for driving on the road<br>Speed limit enforcement and signage for higher risk areas<br>Road closure protocol for adverse weather conditions<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Tanker truck overturning on road, puncturing tank - large release to environment (on water) >5,000 L                  | Release of fuel into water source - possibility for harm to aquatic life.<br>Pool fire hazard on water if ignition source is nearby.                               | 4                                       | 3          | 12   | 4                                      | 2          | 8    | aquatic contamination harm to fish and animals                                                                  | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   | spill response seacans available on WTHR, maritime booms, oil water separator, skimmers |                                            | Road maintenance to ensure safe driving conditions<br>SOP for driving on the road<br>Speed limit enforcement and signage for higher risk areas<br>Road closure protocol for adverse weather conditions<br>Road is wide enough to allow for adequate flow of traffic<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                        |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Tanker overturning on road, puncturing tank, small release to environment (on water) <5,000 L                         | Release of fuel into water source - possibility for harm to aquatic life.<br>Pool fire hazard on water if ignition source is nearby.                               | 4                                       | 4          | 16   | 3                                      | 3          | 9    | aquatic contamination harm to fish and animals                                                                  | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   | spill response seacans available on WTHR, maritime booms, oil water separator, skimmers |                                            | Road maintenance to ensure safe driving conditions<br>SOP for driving on the road<br>Speed limit enforcement and signage for higher risk areas<br>Road closure protocol for adverse weather conditions<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Vehicle collision between tanker and other vehicle not carrying dangerous goods                                       | Fire hazard, soil contamination                                                                                                                                    | 4                                       | 3          | 12   | 3                                      | 2          | 6    | contamination of area with hydrocarbons, fire causing damage, contamination of groundwater                      | fire-related injuries (burns, inhalation, etc.)                                                   | spill response seacans available on WTHR, dig a trench to contain spill                 |                                            | Road maintenance to ensure safe driving conditions<br>SOP for driving on the road<br>Speed limit enforcement and signage for higher risk areas<br>Road closure protocol for adverse weather conditions<br>Emergency Response Plan                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Vehicle collision between tanker and other vehicle carrying dangerous goods (ammonium nitrate, cyanide)               | Fire hazard, explosion, soil contamination                                                                                                                         | 4                                       | 2          | 8    | 3                                      | 2          | 6    | contamination of the area, release of dangerous goods (explosion)                                               | human injury, fatality, burns, inhalation                                                         | spill response seacans available on WTHR, dig a trench to contain spill                 |                                            | Road maintenance to ensure safe driving conditions<br>SOP for driving on the road<br>Speed limit enforcement and signage for higher risk areas<br>Road closure protocol for adverse weather conditions<br>Cyanide convoy - lowers risk of vehicle interactions<br>Explosive truck placards and beacon light - right of way<br>Emergency Response Plan |